

# FCC DFS Test Report

Equipment	:	802.11n, Dual Band, Wireless LAN PCI Express Half Mini Card
Brand Name	:	Sparklan
Model No.	:	WPEA-121N
FCC ID	:	RYK-WPEA-121N
Standard	:	47 CFR FCC Part 15.407
Applicant Manufacturer	:	<b>SparkLAN Communications, Inc.</b> 8F., No. 257, Sec. 2, Tiding Blvd., Neihu District, Taipei City 11493, Taiwan
Operate Mode	:	Client without radar detection

The product sample received on Apr. 31, 2015 and completely tested on Sep. 13, 2015. We, SPORTON, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in FCC 06-96 Appendix and shown compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

**Reviewed by:** 

Kevin Liang / Assistant Manager





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## **Summary of Test Result**

	Conformance Test Specifications (FCC 06-96 Appendix)						
Report Clause	Ref. Std. Clause	Description	Measured	Limit	Result		
-	7.8.1	DFS: UNII Detection Bandwidth Measurement	N/A (Client w/o test)	80% of the 99% BW	N/A		
-	7.8.2.1	DFS: Initial Channel Availability Check Time	N/A (Client w/o test)	CAC ≥ 60 sec	N/A		
-	7.8.2.2	DFS: Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time	N/A (Client w/o test)	Detection Threshold: -64 dBm	N/A		
-	7.8.2.3	DFS: Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time	N/A (Client w/o test)	Detection Threshold: -64 dBm	N/A		
3.3	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time (CMT)	CMT < 10sec	CMT ≤ 10sec	Complied		
3.3	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Channel Closing Transmission Time (CCTT)	CCTT < 60 ms	CCTT ≤ 60 ms starting at CMT 200ms	Complied		
3.3	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Non-Occupancy Period (NOP)	NOP > 30 min	NOP ≥ 30 min	Complied		
-	7.8.4	DFS: Statistical Performance Check	N/A (Client w/o test)	Table 5 - 7 (KDB 905462)	N/A		
-	5.8.1	DFS: Uniform Spreading	N/A (Client w/o this function)	Uniform Spreading for DFS Band	N/A		
3.1.4	8.1	User Access Restrictions	Manufacturer attestation NOT accessible to user	DFS controls	Complied		



## **Revision History**

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FZ131667-15	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec, 08, 2015



### **1** General Description

### 1.1 Information

#### 1.1.1 RF General Information

IEEE Std. 802.11	Channel Bandwidth (MHz)		
a, n (HT20)	20		
n (HT40)	40		
802.11a/n uses a combination of OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM modulation.			

#### 1.1.2 Antenna Information

	Antenna Category					
	Equipment placed on the market without antennas					
$\square$	Integral antenna (antenna permanently attached)					
	Temporary RF connector provided					
	No temporary RF connector provided Transmit chains bypass antenna and soldered temporary RF connector provided for connected measurement. In case of conducted measurements the transmitter shall be connected to the measuring equipment via a suitable attenuator and correct for all losses in the RF path.					

Antenna General Information				
Ant. Cat.	Ant. Type	Model	Gain <sub>(dBi)</sub>	
Integral	PIFA	1513164-1	4	
For conducted tests, antenna ports are used for the tests and Master lowest antenna gain [2] dBi that was used to set the DFS Detection Threshold level during calibration of the test setup.				



### 1.2 Support Equipment

	Support Equipment					
No.	Equipment	Brand Name	Model Name	FCC ID		
1	AP (Master)	3COM	WL-605	O9C-WL605		
2	NoteBook	Dell	Latitude E5510	-		
3	Adapter	Dell	FA90PS0-00	-		
4	NoteBook	Dell	Latitude E5560	-		
5	Adapter	Dell	LA65NM130	-		
6	NoteBook	Dell	Latitude E5530	-		
7	Adapter	Dell	DA65NM111-00	-		

### **1.3 Testing Applied Standards**

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- FCC 06-96 Appendix
- FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules

### **1.4 Testing Location Information**

	Testing Location					
$\boxtimes$	Sporton Lab	ADD	:	: No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C.		
		TEL	:	: 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-327-0973		
	Test Condition	ondition Test Site No. Test Engineer Test Environment		Test Environment		
DFS Site DF01-HY		Spirit Chang	25.6°C / 63.1%			



### 1.5 Measurement Uncertainty

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level (based on a coverage factor (k=2)

Measurement Uncer	tainty
Test Item	Uncertainty
Radio frequency	± 8.7 X 10 <sup>-7</sup>
RF output power, conducted	±0.6 dB
All emissions, conducted	±0.8 dB
All emissions, radiated	±2.8 dB
Temperature	±0.8 °C
Humidity	±3 %
DC and low frequency voltages	±3 %
Time	±1.4 %



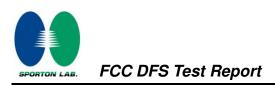
# 2 Test Configuration of EUT

### 2.1 DFS and TPC Information

The DFS Related Operating Mode(s) of the Equipment					
Master					
Cilent with ra	adar detection				
Cilent withou	t radar detection				
Software / Firmv	vare Version	10.0.	0.288		
Communication Mode		IP Based (Load Based)	Frame Based		
IEEE Std. Frequency 802.11 Range (MHz)		TPC (Transmit Power Control)	Passive Scan		
a / n (HT20)	⊠ 5250-5350	Yes	Yes		
n (HT40)	5470-5725	Yes	Yes		
	5600-5650	-	-		

### 2.2 The Worst Case Measurement Configuration

The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests		
Tests Item	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	
Test Condition	Conducted measurement at transmit chains	
Modulation Mode		
HT40		



### **3** Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Result

### 3.1 General DFS Information

#### 3.1.1 DFS Parameters

Table D.1: DFS requirement values				
Parameter	Value			
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes			
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds			
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.			
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second periods. See Notes 1 and 2.			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.			
	Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar			

Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions. Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each

frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

Table D.2: Interference threshold values					
Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)				
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm				
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm				
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm				
transmission waveforms to account for va the test signal is at or above the detection	er assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna. ditional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test ariations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that n threshold level to trigger a DFS response.				

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.



#### 3.1.2 Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

		DFS Operational mode				
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection			
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes			
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes			
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes			

#### 3.1.3 Applicability of DFS Requirements during Normal Operation

	DFS Operational mode				
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

#### 3.1.4 User Access Restrictions

User Access Restrictions

 Image: DFS controls (hardware or software) related to radar detection are NOT accessible to the user.

 Manufacturer statement confirming that information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms is not available to the end user.

### 3.1.5 Channel Loading/Data Streaming

$\square$	IP Based (Load Based) - stream the test file from the Master to the Client.					
	Performed NTIA approved WAV file. (EUT w/o video function application)					
	Performed NTIA approved MPEG2 file. (EUT with video function application)					
	Alternative streaming e.g., FTP with about 17 to 20% loading and submit proposal to FCC.					
	Frame Based - stream the test file from the Master to the Client.					
	fixed talk/listen ratio, set the ratio to 45%/55%					
NTI	NTIA test file refer as: http://ntiacsd.ntia.doc.gov/dfs/					



### 3.2 Radar Test Waveform Calibration

### 3.2.1 Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

	(µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a	$\operatorname{Roundup} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{360} \end{pmatrix}. \\ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{ \operatorname{PRI}_{\mu \operatorname{sec}}} \end{pmatrix} \right\}$		
		Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A		60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate	e (Radar Types 1-4	-)		80%	120

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous A or B.



Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per <i>Burst</i>	Number of <i>Bursts</i>	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

#### 3.2.2 Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Each waveform is defined as follows:

- The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.
- There are a total of 8 to 20 Bursts in the 12 second period, with the number of Bursts being randomly chosen. This number is Burst\_Count.
- Each Burst consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each Burst within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.
- The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different pulse widths.
- Each pulse has a linear frequency modulated chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same chirp width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different chirp widths. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.
- If more than one pulse is present in a Burst, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a Burst, the time between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the time between the second and third pulses.
- The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to Burst\_Count. Each interval is of length (12,000,000 / Burst\_Count) microseconds. Each interval contains one Burst. The start time for the Burst, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and [(12,000,000 / Burst\_Count) – (Total Burst Length) + (One Random PRI Interval)] microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each Burst is chosen independently.



3.2.3	Frequency	Hopping Radar Test Waveform	
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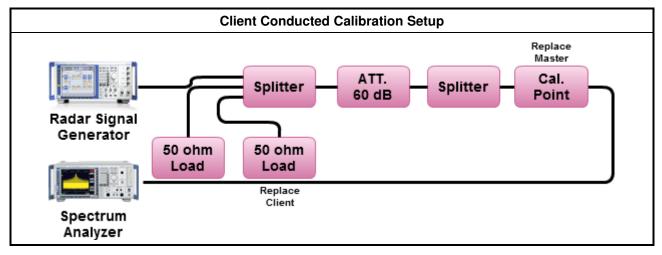
Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (ms)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

The FCC Type 6 waveform uses a static waveform with 100 bursts in the instruments ARB. In addition, the RF list mode is operated with a list containing 100 frequencies from a randomly generated list and it had be ensured that at least one of the random frequencies falls into the UNII Detection Bandwidth of the DUT. Each burst from the waveform file initiates a trigger pulse at the beginning that switches the RF list from one item to the next one.

#### 3.2.4 Master DFS Threshold Level

Master DFS Threshold Level					
DFS Threshold level: -62 dBm 🛛 at the antenna connector (-64 dBm conducted)					
			in fror	t of the antenna	
The Interference <b>Radar Detection Threshold Level</b> is -64 dBm. That had been taken into account the master output power range and antenna gain.					

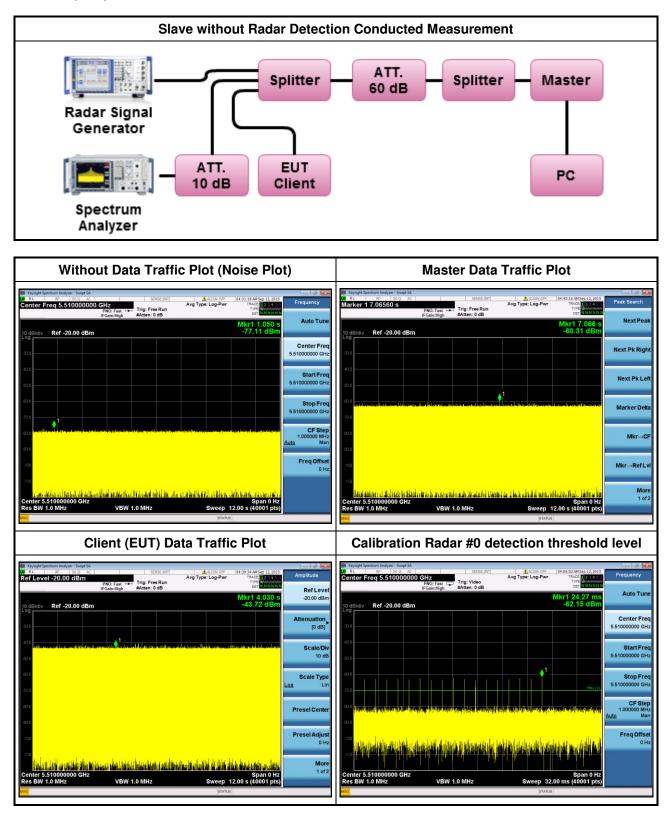
#### 3.2.5 Calibration Setup





#### 3.2.6 Test Setup

A spectrum analyzer is used as a monitor to verify that the EUT has vacated the Channel within the (Channel Closing Transmission Time and Channel Move Time, and does not transmit on a Channel during the Non-Occupancy Period after the detection and Channel move.





#### 3.3 **In-service Monitoring**

#### **In-service Monitoring Limit** 3.3.1

In-service Monitoring Limit				
Channel Move Time	10 sec			
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 ms + an aggregate of 60 ms over remaining 10 sec periods.			
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes			

#### 3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

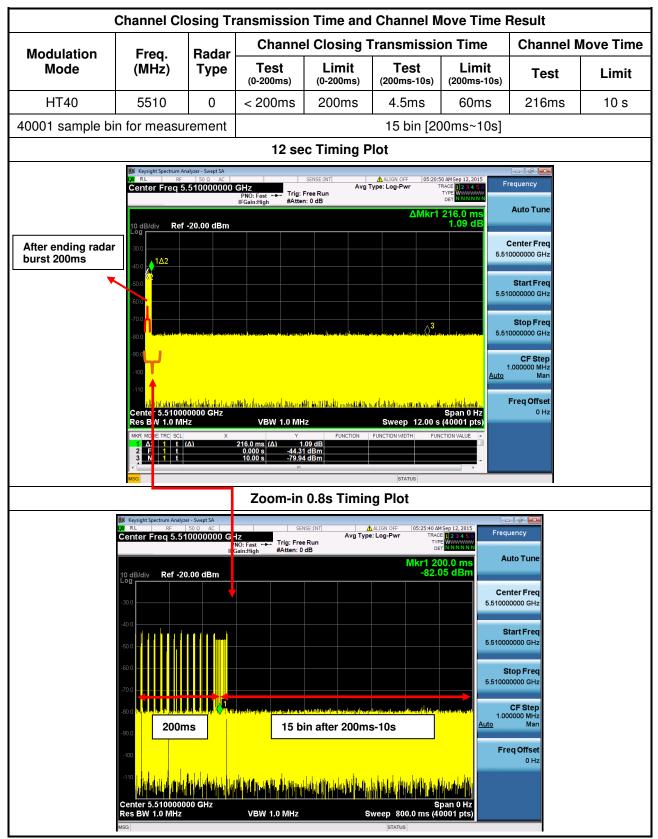
#### 3.3.3 Test Procedures

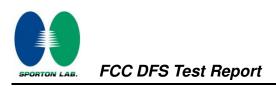
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Test Method
Refer as FCC 06-96 Appendix, clause 7.8.3 verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time. Client Device will associate with the EUT. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time limits.
Refer as FCC 06-96 Appendix, clause 8.3 verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time. One 10 sec plot needs to be reported for the Short Pulse Radar Types 1-4 and one for the Long Pulse Radar Type in a 22 sec plot. And zoom-in a 600 ms plot verified channel closing time for the aggregate transmission time starting from 200ms after the end of the radar signal to the completion of the channel move.
Refer as FCC 06-96 Appendix, clause 7.8.3 verified during In-Service Monitoring; Non-Occupancy Period. Client Device will associate with the EUT. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the observation time (Non-Occupancy Period). Compare the Non-Occupancy Period limits.



#### 3.3.4 Test Result of In-service Monitoring





	Non-Occupancy	y Period Result				
Modulation		Non-Occupancy Period				
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Measured	Limit	Result		
HT40	5510	>30min	30min	Complied		
	2000 sec T	iming Plot				
	Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA         SENSE:INT           Center Freq 5.510000000 GHz PNO: Fast	ALIGN OFF 06:38:37 A Avg Type: Log-Pwr TRA Tr	MSep 12, 2015 CC 12 3 4 5 6 Frequency FT MINININ			
	10 dE/div Ref -20.00 dBm -00 22 -00 22 -00 22 -00 24 -00 22 -00 -00 -00 -00 -00 -00 -00 -00 -00 -00	-78.	1.827 ks 05 dBm       Auto Tune         0.5 dBm       Center Freq 5.510000000 GHz         1.827 ks 5.510000000 GHz       Start Freq 5.51000000 GHz         1.00000 GHz       CF Step 1.000000 MHz Auto Man         1.00000 Hz       Freq Offset 0 Hz         1.00001 pts       Hz			



## 4 Test Equipment and Calibration Data

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY55150165	9kHz ~ 7GHz	Jun. 22, 2015	DFS
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072778	250kHz ~ 6GHz	Oct. 03, 2014	DFS
RF Power Divider	Woken	0120A02056002D 0120A02201801O	N/A	2 Way	Dec. 01, 2014	DFS
RF Power Divider	MCLI	PS3-7	812	3 Way	Dec. 01, 2014	DFS
RF Power Divider	Woken	0120A04056002D	N/A	4 Way	Dec. 01, 2014	DFS
RF Cable-0.5m	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX_103	52131/3 52134/3	1GHz ~ 33GHz	Dec. 01, 2014	DFS

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.