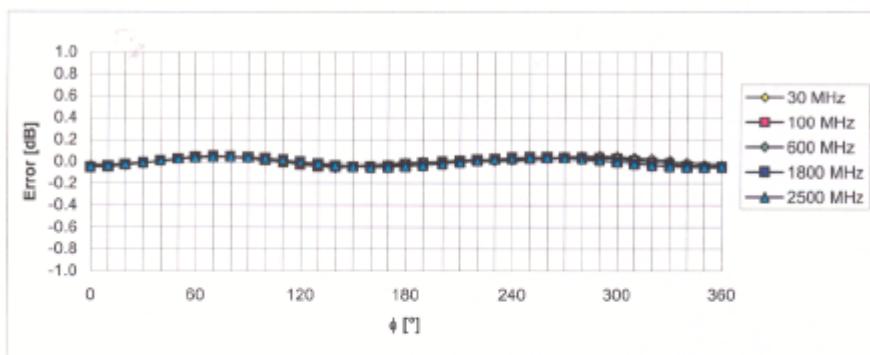
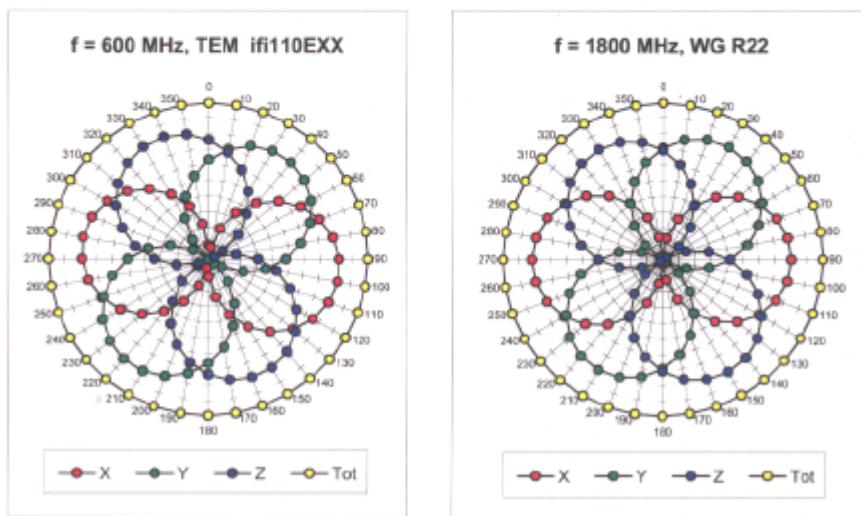


ET3DV6 SN:1604

March 18, 2005

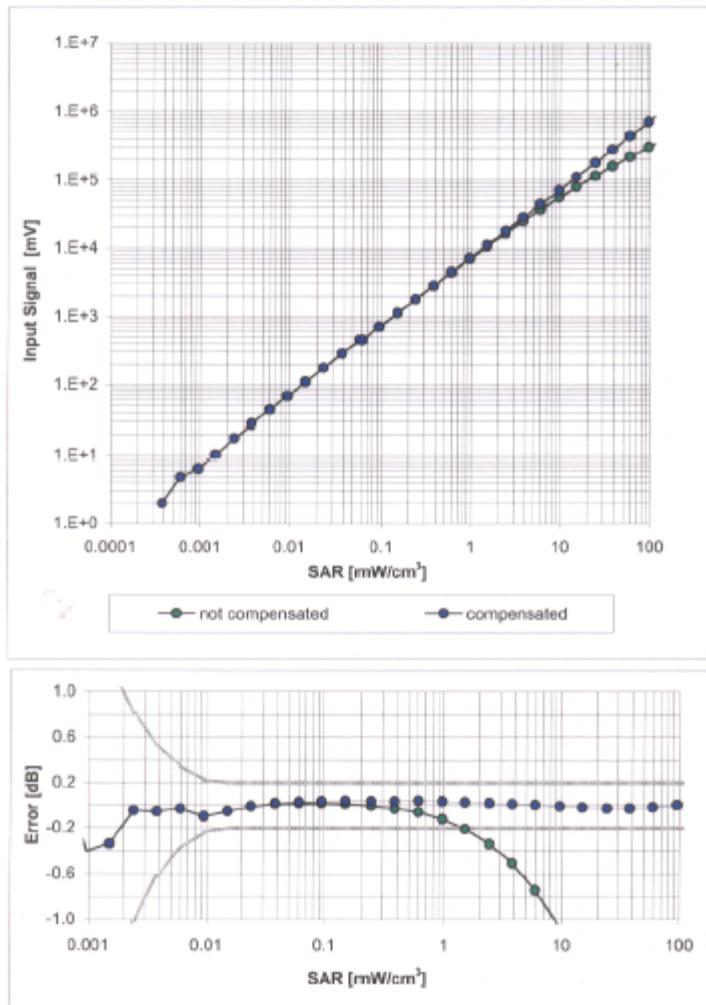
**Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$** Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

ET3DV6 SN:1604

March 18, 2005

**Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)**

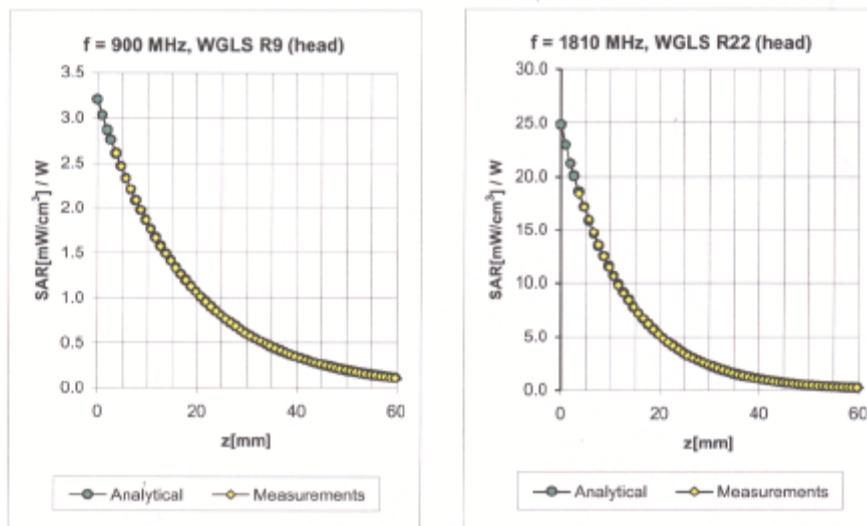
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

ET3DV6 SN:1604

March 18, 2005

## Conversion Factor Assessment

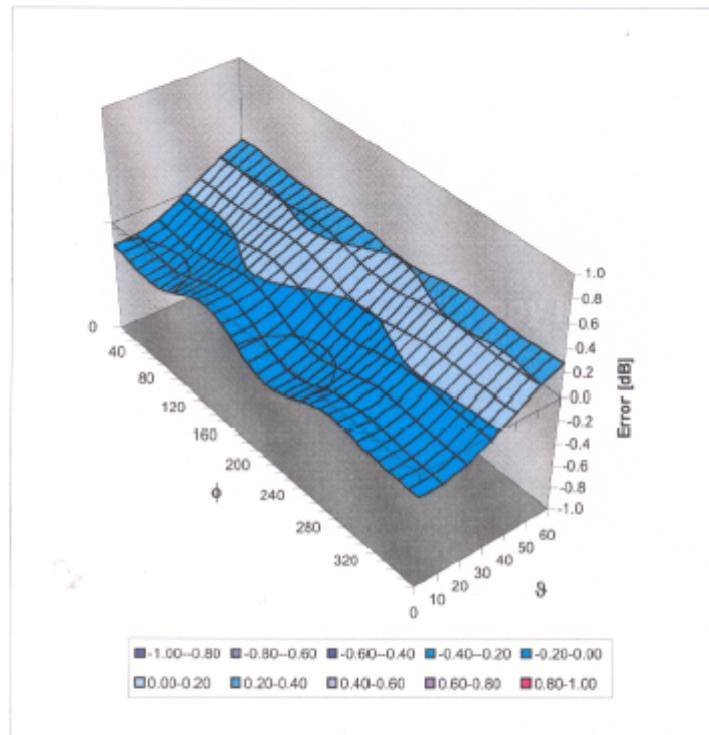


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
300	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Head	45.3 $\pm$ 5%	0.87 $\pm$ 5%	0.10	1.14	8.44 $\pm$ 13.3% (k=2)
450	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Head	43.5 $\pm$ 5%	0.87 $\pm$ 5%	0.10	1.10	8.10 $\pm$ 13.3% (k=2)
900	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Head	41.5 $\pm$ 5%	0.97 $\pm$ 5%	0.63	1.78	6.62 $\pm$ 11.0% (k=2)
1810	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Head	40.0 $\pm$ 5%	1.40 $\pm$ 5%	0.58	2.40	5.19 $\pm$ 11.0% (k=2)
2450	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Head	39.2 $\pm$ 5%	1.80 $\pm$ 5%	0.66	2.25	4.58 $\pm$ 11.8% (k=2)
450	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Body	56.7 $\pm$ 5%	0.94 $\pm$ 5%	0.06	1.40	7.54 $\pm$ 13.3% (k=2)
900	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Body	55.0 $\pm$ 5%	1.05 $\pm$ 5%	0.53	2.02	6.27 $\pm$ 11.0% (k=2)
1810	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Body	53.3 $\pm$ 5%	1.52 $\pm$ 5%	0.55	2.75	4.79 $\pm$ 11.0% (k=2)
2450	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Body	52.7 $\pm$ 5%	1.95 $\pm$ 5%	0.70	2.13	4.24 $\pm$ 11.8% (k=2)

<sup>c</sup> The validity of  $\pm 100$  MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

ET3DV6 SN:1604

March 18, 2005

**Deviation from Isotropy in HSL**Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHzUncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

Schmid &amp; Partner Engineering AG

**s p e a g**

Zaughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland  
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779  
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

## Additional Conversion Factors for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

**ET3DV6**

Serial Number:

**1604**

Place of Assessment:

**Zurich**

Date of Assessment:

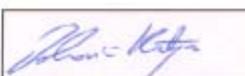
**March 21, 2005**

Probe Calibration Date:

**March 18, 2005**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:



---

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland  
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779  
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

## Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1604

Conversion factor ( $\pm$  standard deviation)

f = 150 MHz ConvF  $9.0 \pm 10\%$

$\epsilon_r = 52.3 \pm 5\%$   
 $\sigma = 0.76 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$   
(head tissue)

f = 150 MHz ConvF  $8.6 \pm 10\%$

$\epsilon_r = 61.9 \pm 5\%$   
 $\sigma = 0.80 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$   
(body tissue)

f = 300 MHz ConvF  $7.9 \pm 9\%$

$\epsilon_r = 58.2 \pm 5\%$   
 $\sigma = 0.92 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$   
(body tissue)

**Important Note:**

For numerically assessed probe conversion factors, parameters Alpha and Delta in the DASY software must have the following entries: Alpha = 0 and Delta = 1.

Please see also Section 4.7 of the DASY4 Manual.

## APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**

Client

Bay Area

Certificate No: CD835V3-1012\_Feb05

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD835V3 - SN: 1012

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v2  
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: February, 24, 2005

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

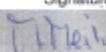
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity < 70%.

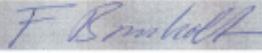
Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN 2328	06-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2328_Oct04)	Oct-05
DAE4	SN 601	07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05)	Jan-06

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092312	10-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Jan-04)	In house check: Oct-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41093315	10-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Jan-04)	In house check: Oct-05
RF generator Agilent E8251A	US41140111	4-Aug-03 (Agilent)	In house check: Aug-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov-05
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	10-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065-Oct04)	Calibration, Oct-05

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Fin Bomholt	Technical Director	

Issued: February 27, 2005

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the specific calibration procedure is submitted and accepted in the frame of the accreditation of the Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard)

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

**References**

- [1] ANSI-PC63.19-2003 (Draft)  
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DAGY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

**1 Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY4	V4.5 B13
<b>DASY PP Version</b>	SEMCAD	V1.8 B144
<b>Phantom</b>	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1002
<b>Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center</b>	10 mm	
<b>Scan resolution</b>	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
<b>Frequency</b>	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
<b>Forward power at dipole connector</b>	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
<b>Input power drift</b>	< 0.05 dB	

**2 Maximum Field values**

<b>H-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	<b>0.446 A/m</b>

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

<b>E-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	<b>166.9 V/m</b>
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	<b>160.1 V/m</b>
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	<b>163.5 V/m</b>

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

**3 Appendix****3.1 Antenna Parameters**

<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Return Loss</b>	<b>Impedance</b>
800 MHz	15.9 dB	( 39.5-j9.9 ) Ohm
<b>835 MHz</b>	<b>28.7 dB</b>	<b>( 51.0 + j3.6 ) Ohm</b>
900 MHz	19.8 dB	( 50.2 - j10.3 ) Ohm
950 MHz	18.5 dB	( 49.1 + j11.9 ) Ohm
960 MHz	15.2 dB	( 59.9 + j16.4 ) Ohm

**3.2 Antenna Design and Handling**

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

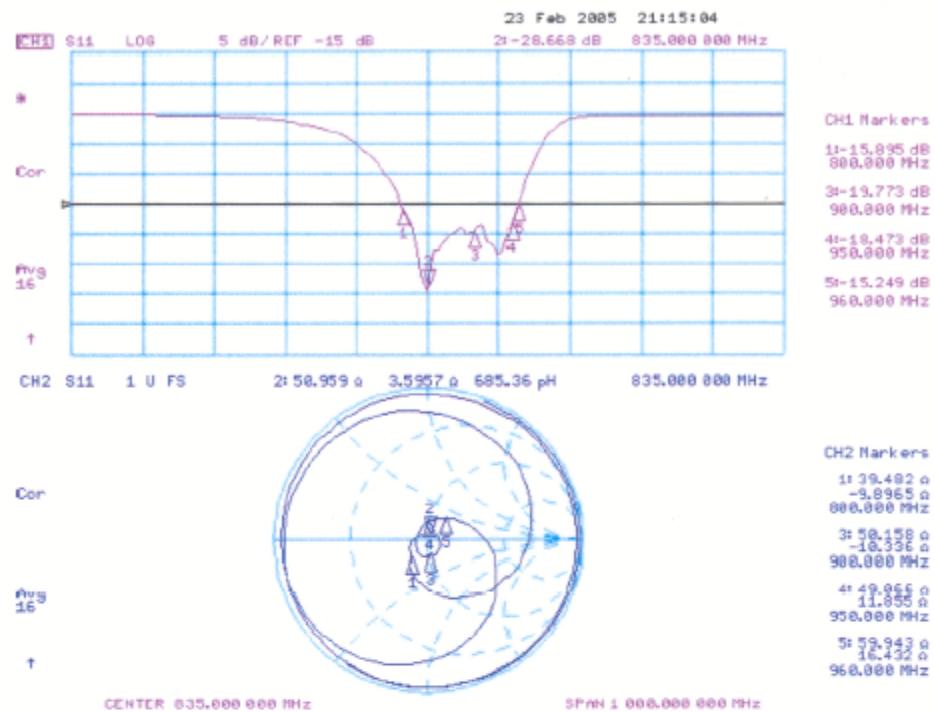
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

### 3.3 Measurement Sheets

#### 3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



#### 3.3.2 DASY4 H-field result

See page 5

#### 3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field result

See page 6

**APPENDIX D - TEST SYSTEM VERIFICATIONS SCANS****Liquid Measurement Result**

2005-06-09

Simulant	Freq [MHz]	Parameters	Liquid Temp [°C]	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation	Limits [%]
Body	835	$\epsilon_r$	22.0	55.2	55.9	1.27	$\pm 5$
		$\sigma$	22.0	0.97	0.96	-1.03	$\pm 5$
		1g SAR	22.0	8.872	8.10	-8.70	$\pm 10$
Head	835	$\epsilon_r$	22.0	41.5	41.5	0.00	$\pm 5$
		$\sigma$	22.0	0.90	0.89	-1.11	$\pm 5$
		1g SAR	22.0	9.5	9.65	1.58	$\pm 10$

 $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho=1000\text{kg/m}^3$

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp.

File Name: [050608 ET 1604 SystemValidationCheck D835 Body.da4](#)

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN:1012**

**Program Name: System Performance Check at 835 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 3/18/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 6/1/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**d=15mm, Pin=1W/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.16 mW/g

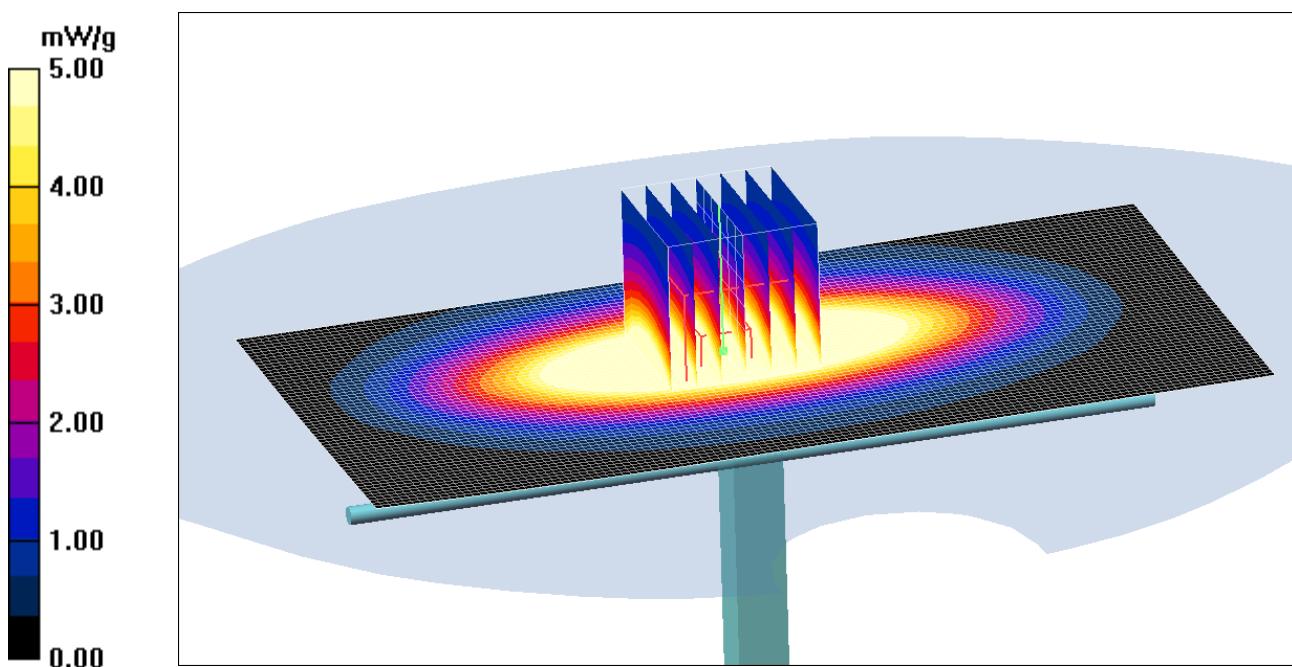
**d=15mm, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 97.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.91 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.34 mW/g



Date/Time: 6/9/2005 5:52:04 PM

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp.  
File Name: [050608 ET 1604 SystemValidationCheck D835 Head.da4](#)

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN:1012**  
**Program Name: System Performance Check at 835 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.62, 6.62, 6.62); Calibrated: 3/18/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 6/1/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**d=15mm, Pin=1W 4/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.3 mW/g

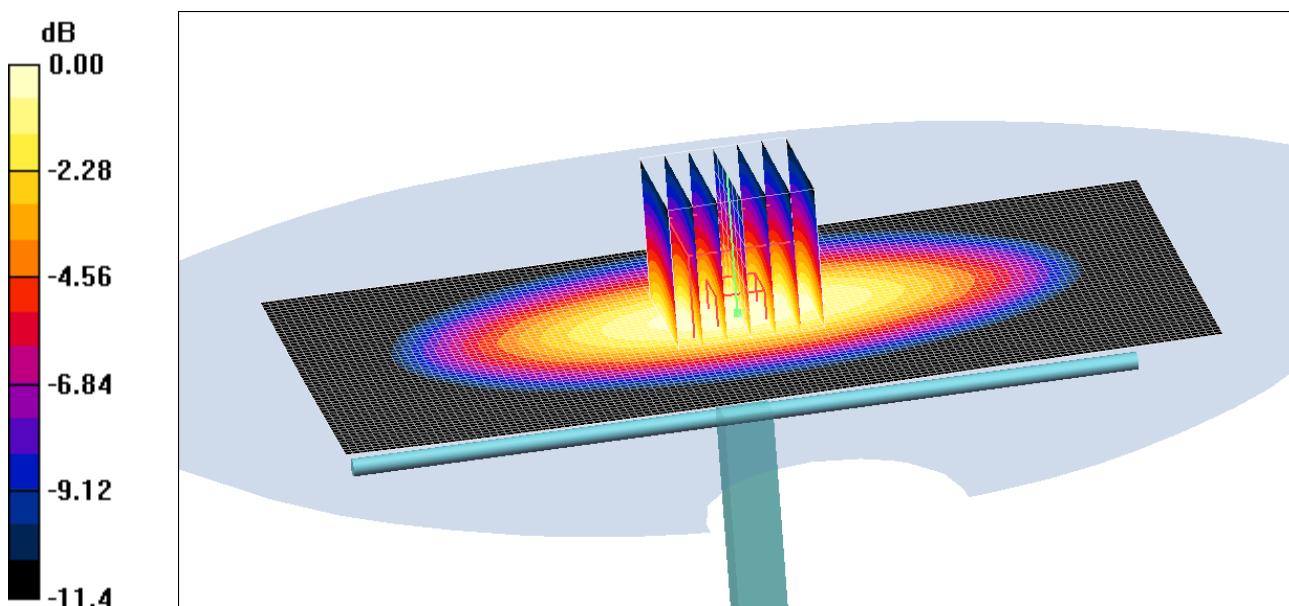
**d=15mm, Pin=1W 4/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.5 mW/g



0 dB = 10.5mW/g

## APPENDIX E - EUT SCANS

Date/Time: 6/9/2005 2:35:24 PM

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp.

File Name: [050609\\_ZTE\\_Body\\_Mid chn\\_Compaq Notebook.da4](#)**DUT: DUT; Type: Sample; Serial: 300511194096****Program Name: ZTE**

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 3/18/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 6/1/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_V/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.014 mW/g

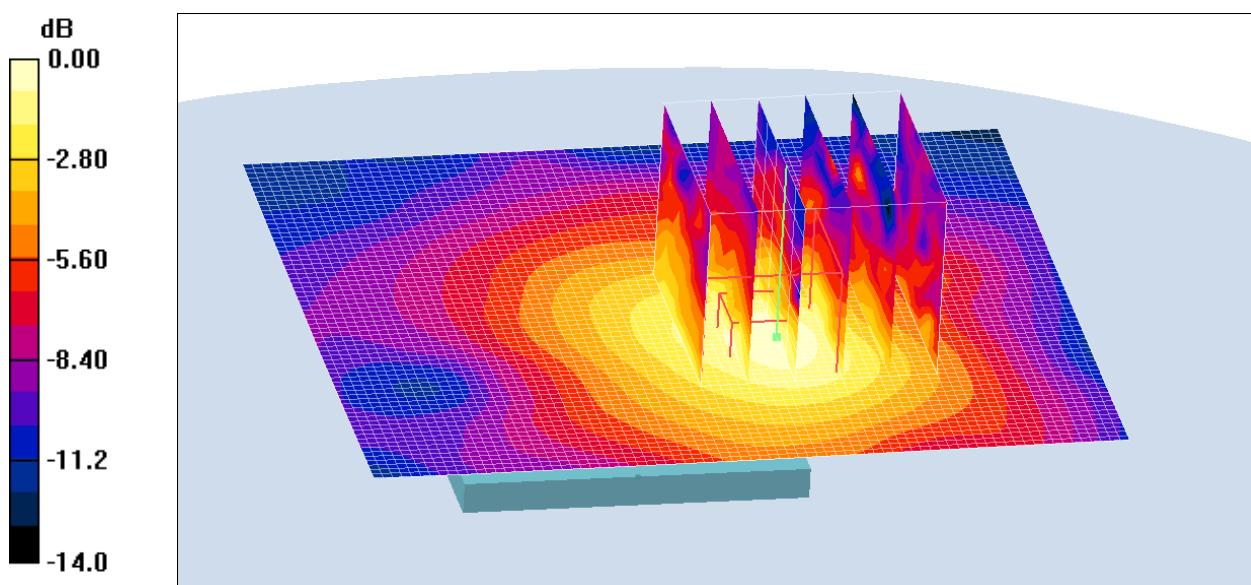
**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_V/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.244 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.030 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00748 mW/g****Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.015 mW/g



0 dB = 0.015mW/g

**Plot #1**

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp.

File Name: [050609\\_ZTE\\_Body\\_Mid chn\\_Compaq Notebook.da4](#)

**DUT: DUT; Type: Sample; Serial: 300511194096**

**Program Name: ZTE**

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 3/18/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 6/1/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_H 2/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 mW/g

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_H 2/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

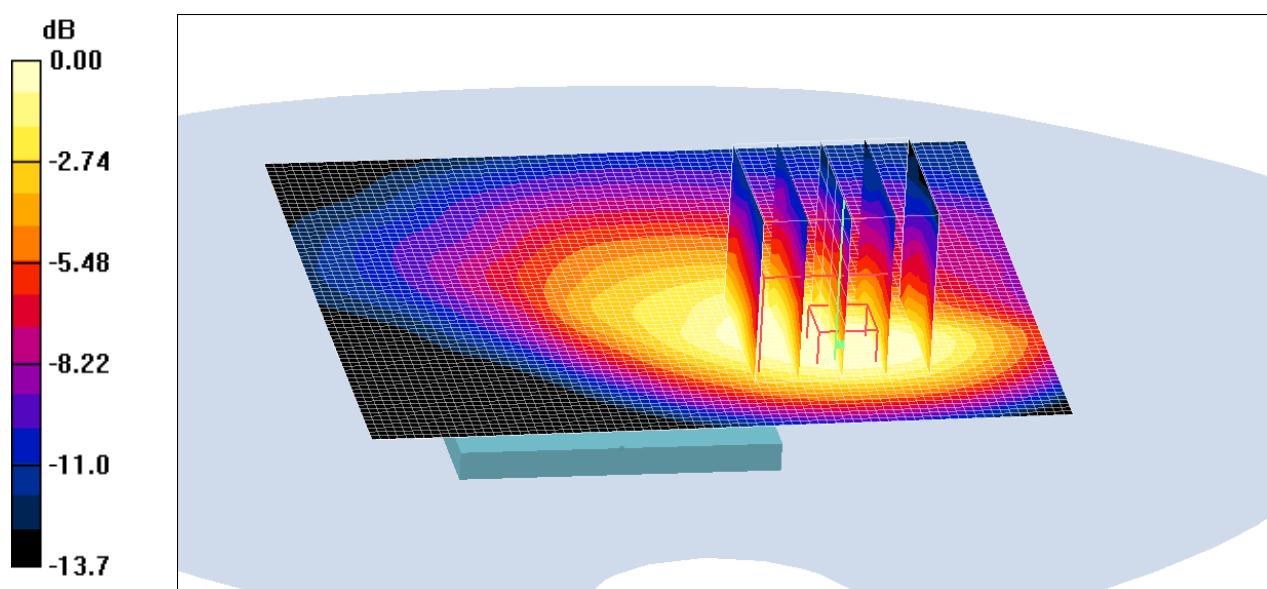
Reference Value = 8.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.32dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.267 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.155 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 mW/g

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.170 mW/g



0 dB = 0.170mW/g

**Plot #2**

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp.

File Name: [050609\\_ZTE\\_Body\\_Mid chn\\_Dell Notebook.da4](#)

**DUT: DUT; Type: Sample; Serial: 300511194096**

**Program Name: ZTE**

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 3/18/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 6/1/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_V/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.01 mW/g

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_V/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

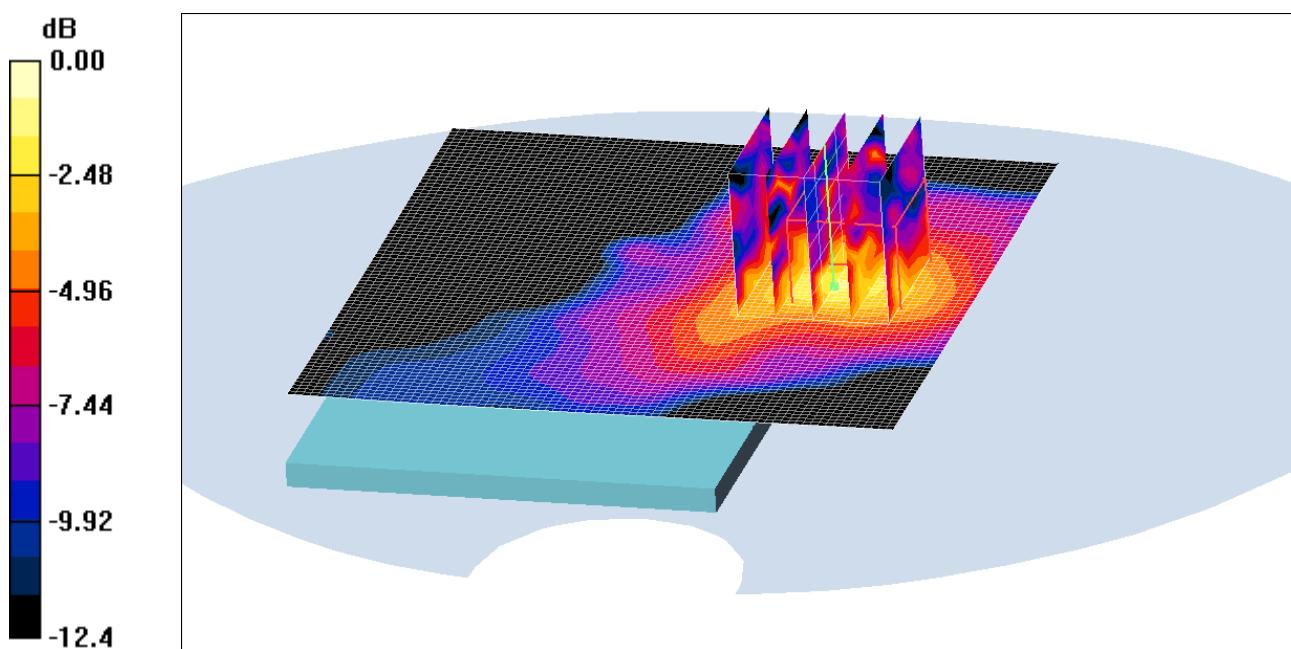
Reference Value = 1.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.408 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.017 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.00621 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00243 mW/g**

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.01 mW/g



0 dB = 0.010mW/g

**Plot #3**

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp.

File Name: [050609\\_ZTE\\_Body\\_Mid chn\\_Dell Notebook.da4](#)

**DUT: DUT; Type: Sample; Serial: 300511194096**

**Program Name: ZTE**

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 3/18/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 6/1/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_H/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.212 mW/g

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_H/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

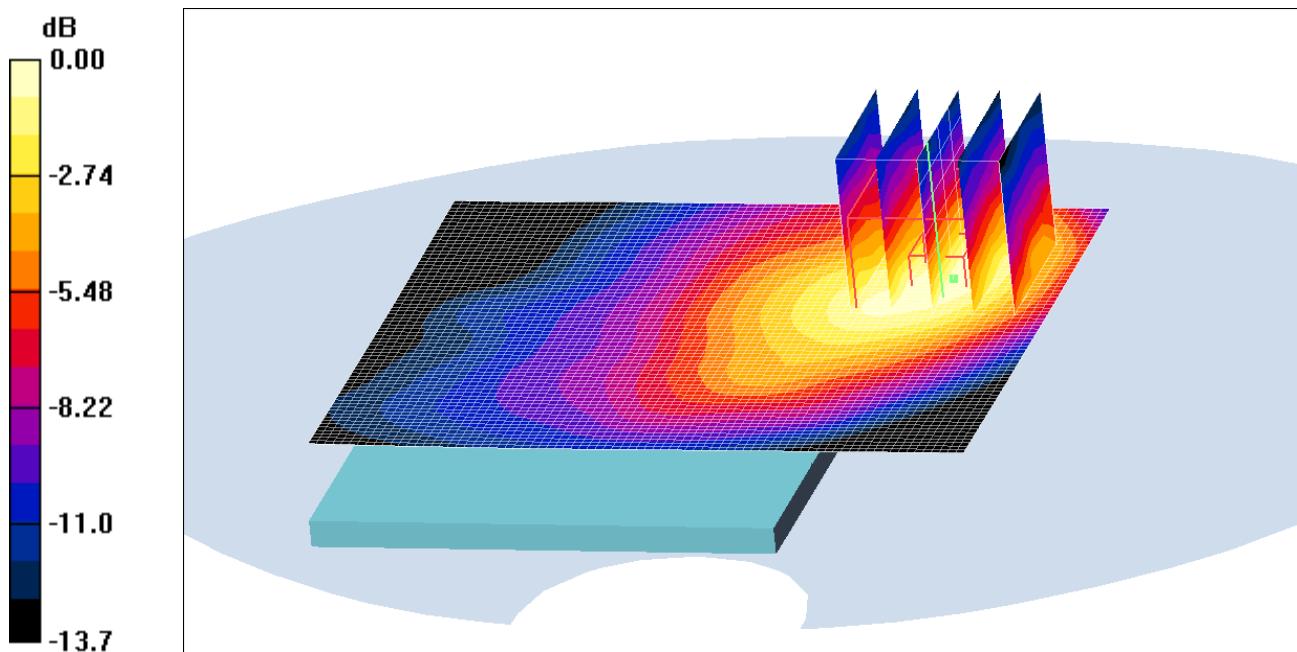
Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.392 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.207 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 mW/g**

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.226 mW/g



0 dB = 0.226mW/g

**Plot #4**

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp.

File Name: [050609\\_ZTE\\_Body\\_Mid chn\\_Sony Notebook.da4](#)

**DUT: DUT; Type: Sample; Serial: 300511194096**

**Program Name: ZTE**

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 3/18/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 6/1/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_V 2/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.046 mW/g

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_V 2/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=7.5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=7.5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

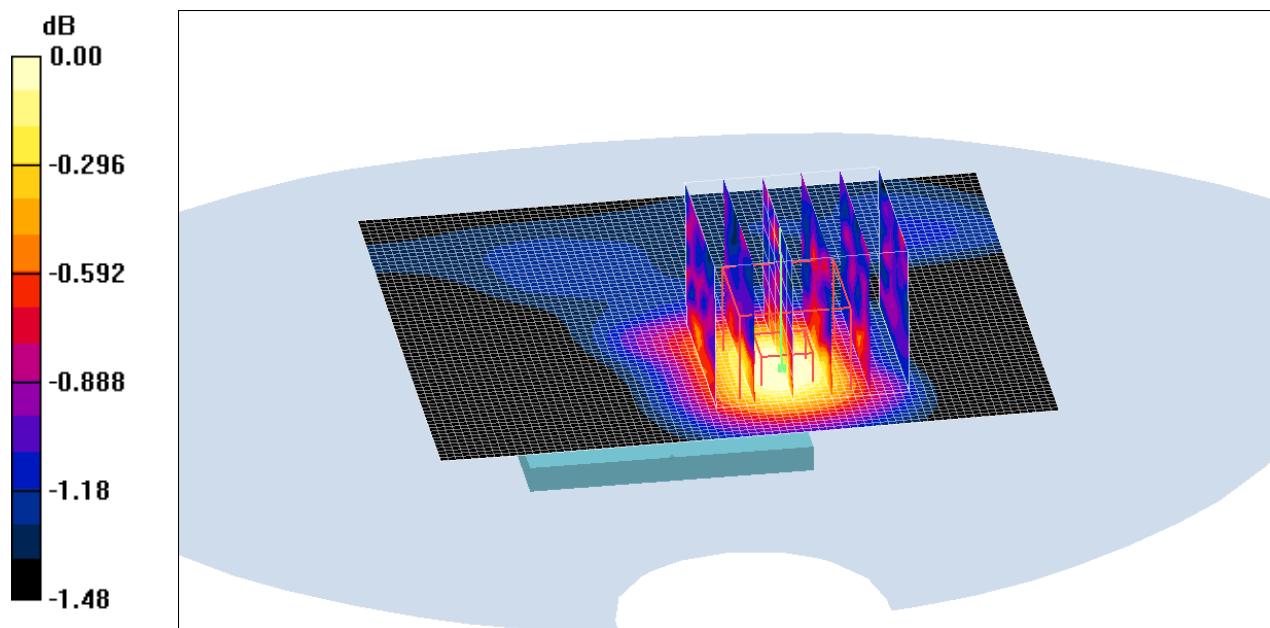
Reference Value = 6.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.209 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.049 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.044 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g**

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.045 mW/g



0 dB = 0.045mW/g

**Plot #5**

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp.

File Name: [050609\\_ZTE\\_Body\\_Mid chn\\_Sony Notebook.da4](#)

**DUT: DUT; Type: Sample; Serial: 300511194096**

**Program Name: ZTE**

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 3/18/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 6/1/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_H 2/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.619 mW/g

**1.5cm Body position - Middle chn\_H 2/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

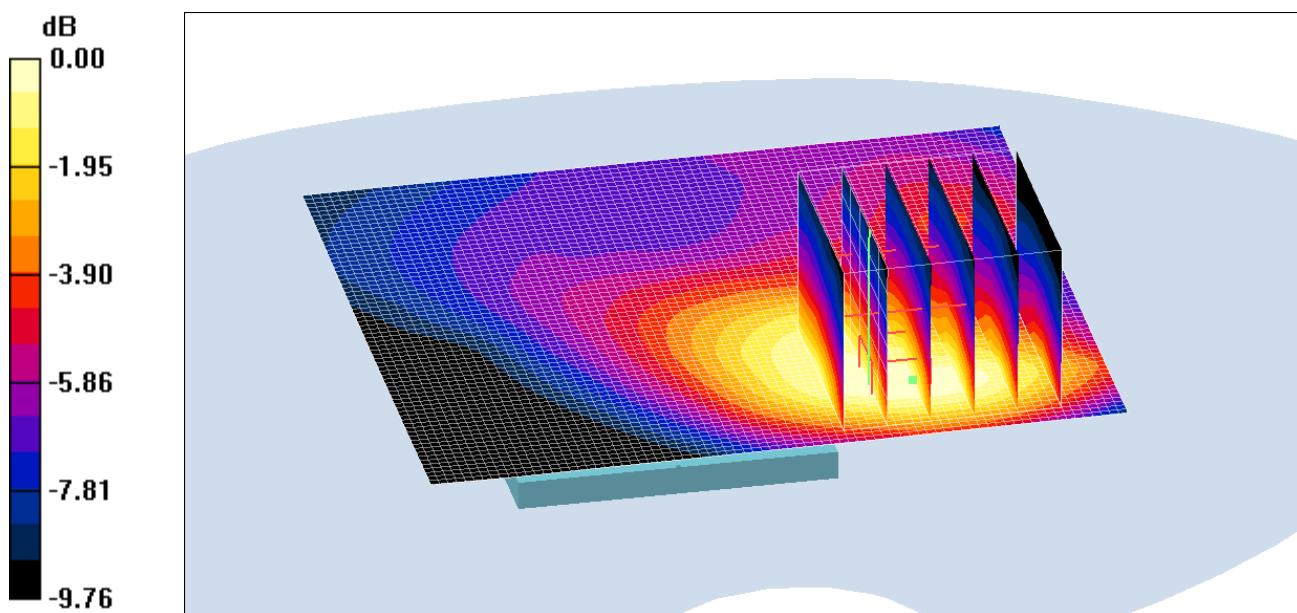
Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.301 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.877 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.552 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 mW/g**

**Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 mW/g



**Plot #6**

## APPENDIX F – CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

### Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

### Test equipment

Hewlett Packard HP8564E Spectrum Analyzer, Calibration Due Date: 2005-10-04.

Hewlett Packard HP 7470A Plotter, Calibration not required.

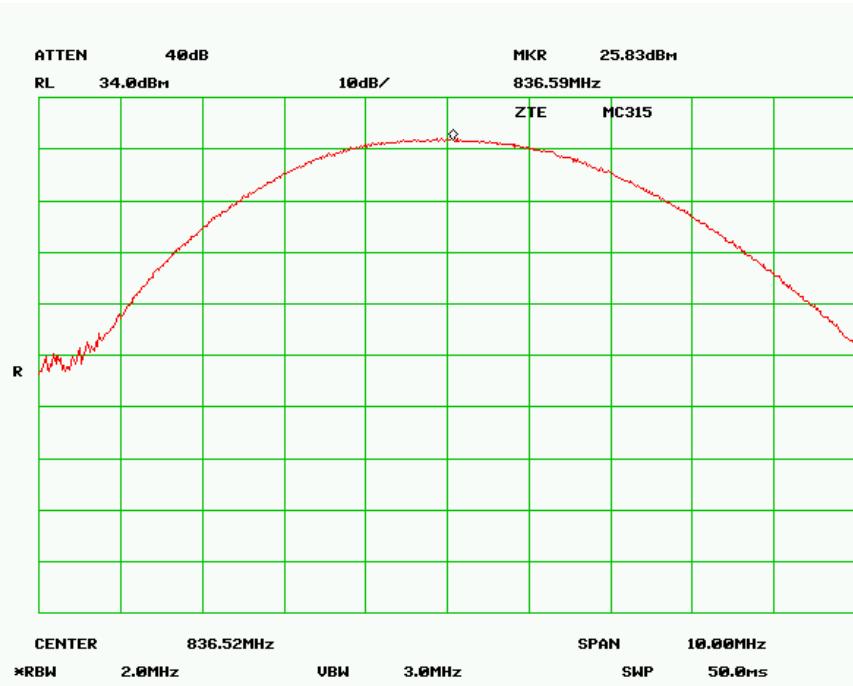
A.H. Systems SAS200 Horn Antenna, Calibration Due Date: 2005-05-31

Com-Power AB-100 Dipole Antenna, Calibration Due Date: 2005-09-05

### Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power in dBm	Output Power in W	Limit in W
MIDDLE	836.52	25.83	0.383	7

Please refer to the following plots.



## **APPENDIX G – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS**

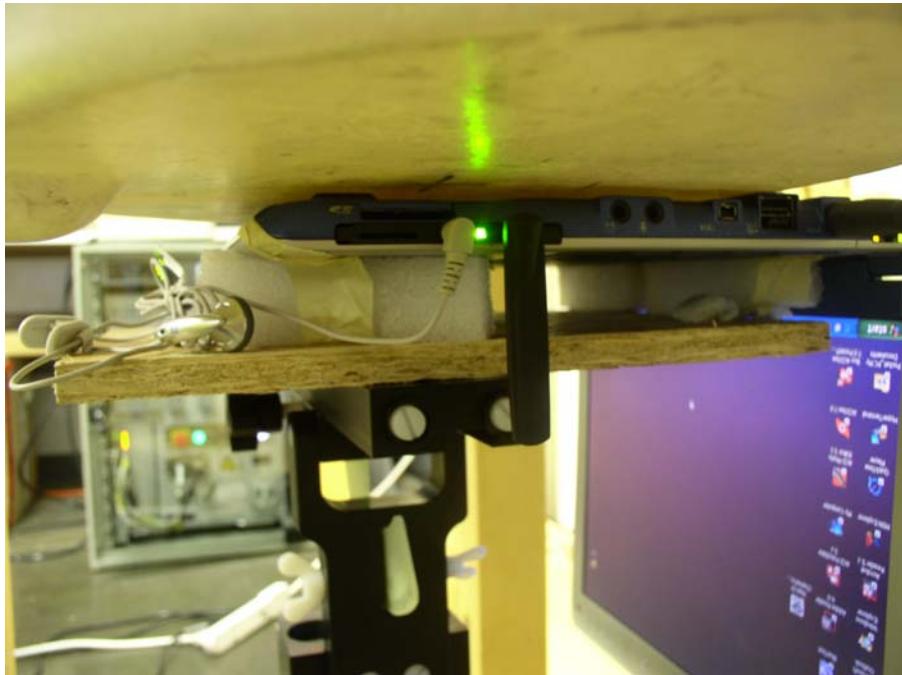
### **Compaq – Body Back Touching -V**



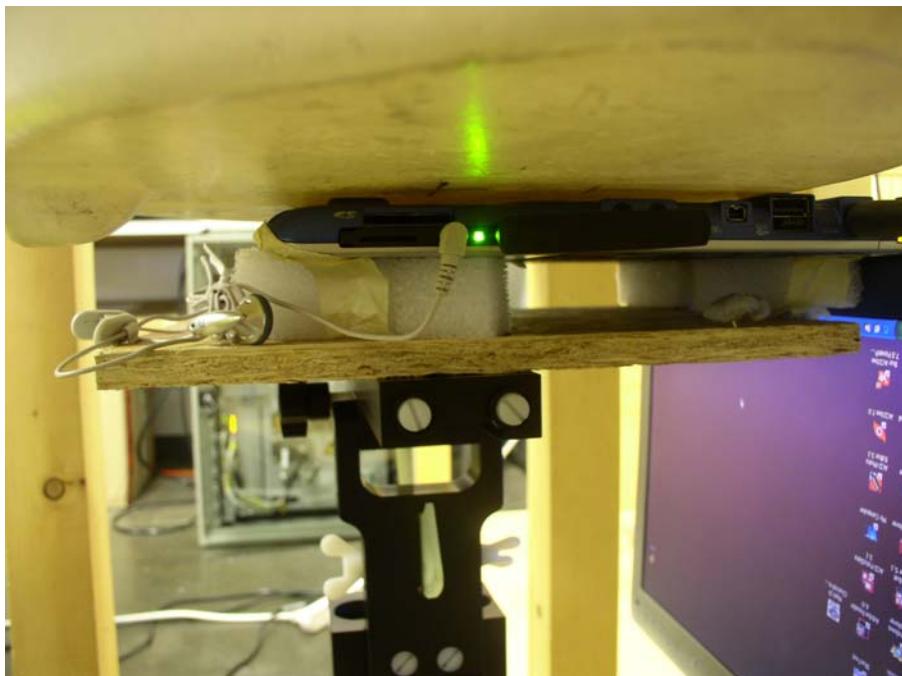
### **Compaq – Body Back Touching -H**



**Dell – Body Back Touching -V**



**Dell – Body Back Touching -H**



**Sony – Body Back Touching -V**



**Sony – Body Back Touching -H**



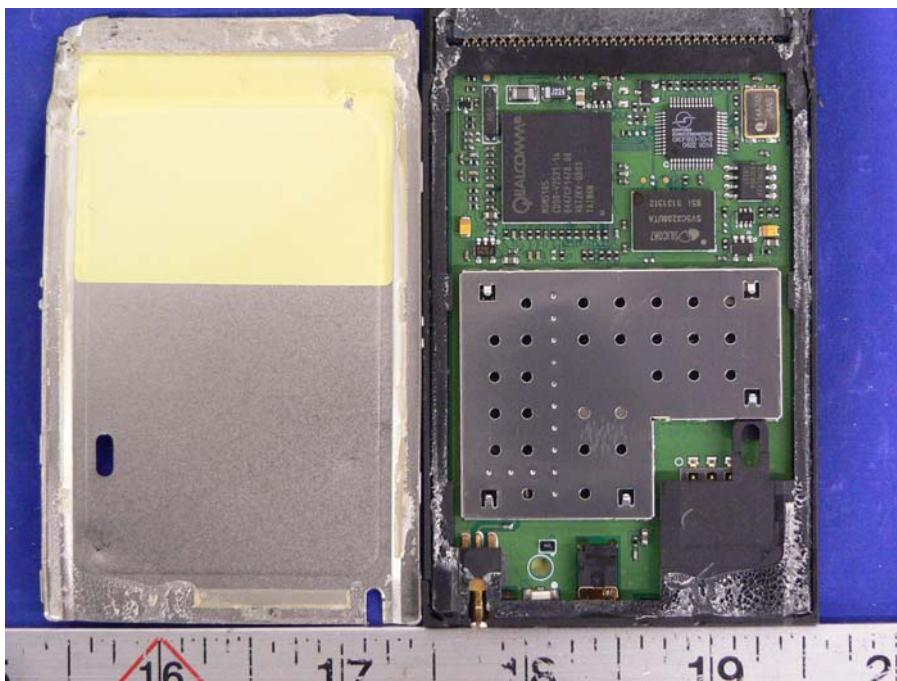
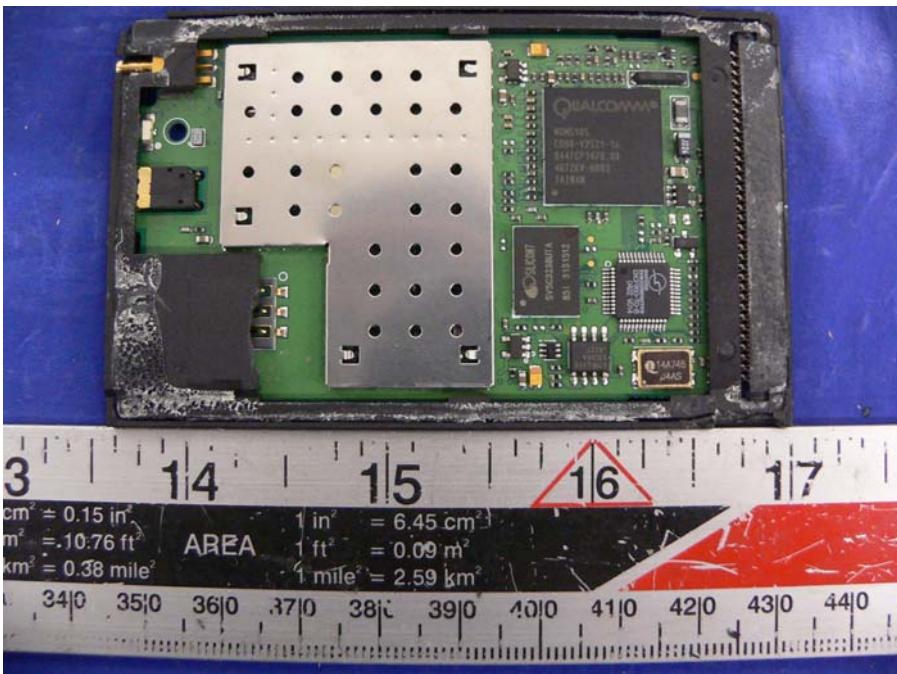
## APPENDIX H – EUT & ACCESSORIES PHOTOS

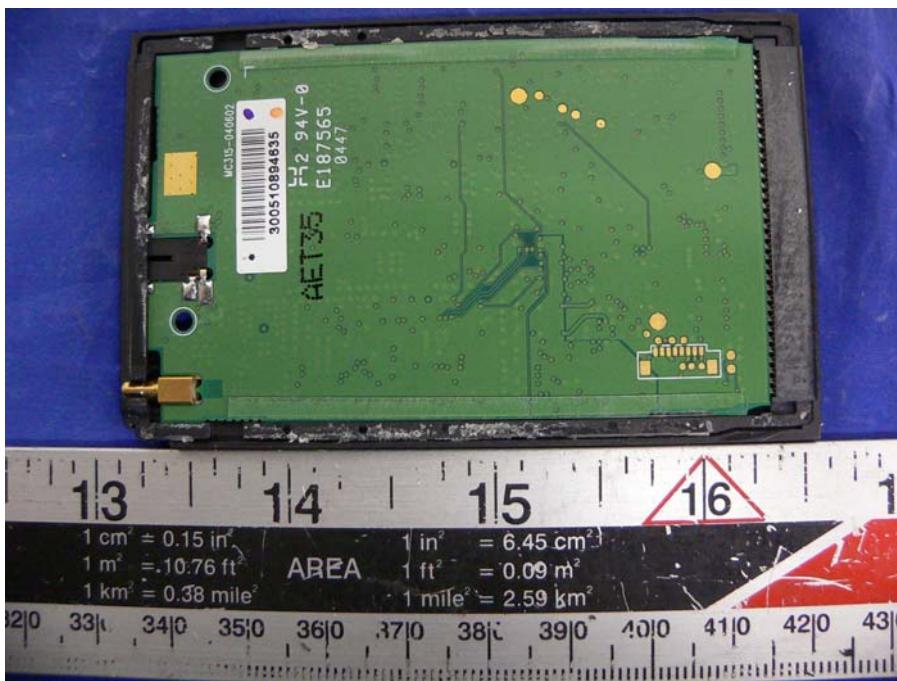
### EUT - Front View

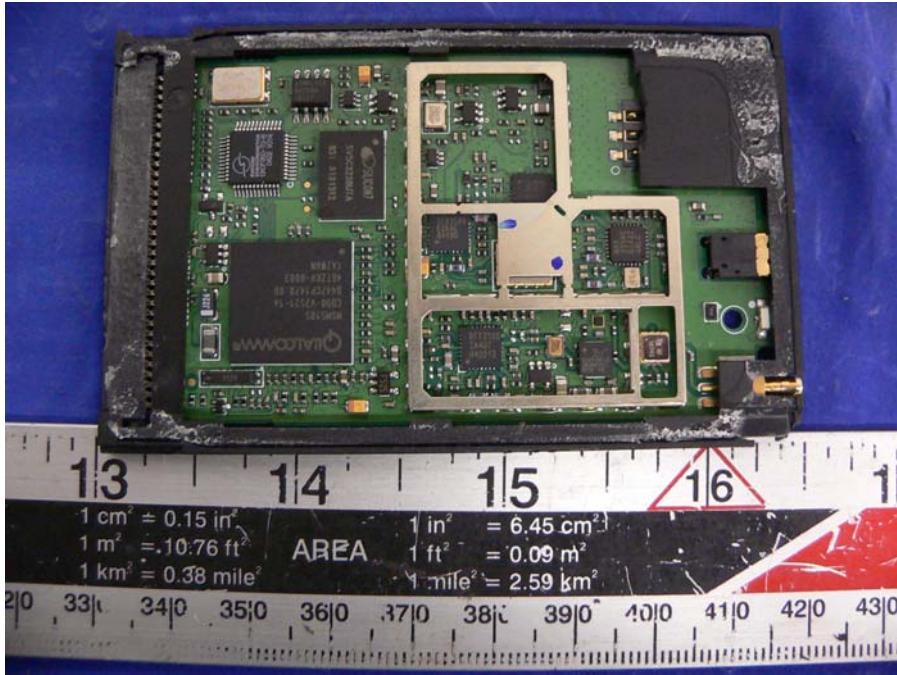


### EUT – Rear View



**EUT – Cover off View****EUT – Component View**

**EUT – Solder View****EUT – Port View 1**

**EUT – Port View 2****EUT – Component View with RF Shield off** $1 \text{ cm}^2 = 0.15 \text{ in}^2$  $1 \text{ m}^2 = 10.76 \text{ ft}^2$  $1 \text{ km}^2 = 0.38 \text{ mile}^2$ 

AREA

 $1 \text{ in}^2 = 6.45 \text{ cm}^2$  $1 \text{ ft}^2 = 0.09 \text{ m}^2$  $1 \text{ mile}^2 = 2.59 \text{ km}^2$ 

2|0 33|0 34|0 35|0 36|0 37|0 38|0 39|0 40|0 41|0 42|0 43|0

**Antenna View****Earphone View**

## APPENDIX I - INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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