



**Report No. : FA911617** 

## Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Test Report

for

### ZTE CORPORATION

on the

## **CDMA 1x-EVDO Wireless data terminal**

Report Number : FA911617

Trade Name : ZTE

Model Name : AC8710

FCC ID : Q78-AC8710PLUS

Date of Testing : Jan. 31, 2009 ~ Feb. 10, 2009

Issued Date of Report : Feb. 13, 2009

- The test results refer exclusively to the tested model/sample only.
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### SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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## 1. Statement of Compliance

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) maximum results found during testing for the ZTE CORPORATION CDMA 1x-EVDO Wireless data terminal ZTE AC8710 is 0.922 W/kg for CDMA2000 Cellular band body SAR with expanded uncertainty 21.9%. They are in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Approved by

Roy Wu Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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## 2. Administration Data

### 2.1 Testing Laboratory

**Company Name:** Sporton International Inc.

No. 52, Hwa-Ya 1st RD., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, TaoYuan Address:

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Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

SAR02-HY **Test Site:** 

**Telephone Number:** 886-3-327-3456 Fax Number: 886-3-328-4978

### 2.2 Applicant

**Company Name:** ZTE CORPORATION

ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Address:

Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China

### 2.3 Manufacturer

**ZTE CORPORATION Company Name:** 

Address: ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District,

Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China

## 2.4 Application Details

Date of reception of application: Jan. 16, 2009 Jan. 31, 2009 Start of test: End of test: Feb. 10, 2009

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## 3. General Information

### 3.1 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

Product Feature & Specification					
DUT Type	CDMA 1x-EVDO Wireless data terminal				
Trade Name	ZTE				
Model Name	AC8710				
FCC ID	Q78-AC8710PLUS				
Tx Frequency Range	824 MHz ~ 849 MHz				
Rx Frequency Range	869 MHz ~ 894 MHz				
Maximum Output Power	CDMA2000 Cellular (1xRTT): 20.04 dBm CDMA2000 Cellular (1xEV-DO Rev. 0): 19.99 dBm CDMA2000 Cellular (1xEV-DO Rev. A): 19.94 dBm				
Type of Antenna Connector	N/A				
Antenna Type	Swivel Antenna				
HW Version	AC2716MD_C22				
SW Version	V3.6.0				
Type of Modulation	QPSK				
DUT Stage	Production Unit				

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### 3.2 Product Photos

Refer to Appendix D.

### 3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this CDMA 1x-EVDO Wireless data terminal is in accordance with the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- Preliminary Guidance for Reviewing Applications for Certification of 3G Device. May 2006
- KDB 941225 D01 v02
- KDB 447498 D02 v01

### 3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

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## 3.5 Test Conditions

#### 3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	<b>20-24</b> °ℂ
Humidity	<60%

#### 3.5.2 Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator R&S CMU200. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

Measurements were performed on the lowest, middle, and highest channel for each testing position. However, if the SAR is below 3 dB of limit, measurements were performed only on the middle channel.

For SAR testing, DUT is in CDMA2000 link mode, and its crest factor is 1.

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## 4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

## 4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density.

ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity,  $\,\delta\, {\rm T}$  is the temperature rise and  $\,\delta\, {\rm t}$  the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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## 5. SAR Measurement Setup

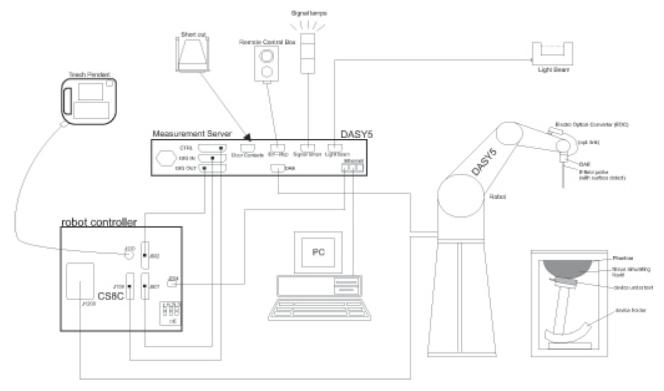


Fig. 5.1 DASY5 System

The DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- > A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- > A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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### 5.1 DASY5 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

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### 5.1.1 ET3DV6 E-Field Probe Specification <ET3DV6>

Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents)  Frequency  10 MHz to 3 GHz  10 MHz to 3 GHz  ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation perpendicular to probe axis)  5µW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB			
Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents)  Frequency  10 MHz to 3 GHz  ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation perpendicular to probe axis)  5µW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB	Construction		
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents)  Frequency  10 MHz to 3 GHz  Directivity  ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation perpendicular to probe axis)  5µW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB			
Frequency  Directivity  ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation perpendicular to probe axis)  Dynamic Range  5µW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB			
Directivity  ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation perpendicular to probe axis)  Dynamic Range  5μW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB		PEEK enclosure material (resistant to	organic solvents)
around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation perpendicular to probe axis)  Dynamic Range  5µW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB	Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz	
± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation perpendicular to probe axis)  Dynamic Range 5µW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB	Directivity		
perpendicular to probe axis)  Dynamic Range 5μW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB		around probe axis)	
Dynamic Range 5μW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB		± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation	
±0.2dB		perpendicular to probe axis)	
	Dynamic Range	5μW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity:	No.
		±0.2dB	
Surface Detection  ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and	Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and	
clear liquids on reflecting surface		clear liquids on reflecting surface	
Dimensions Overall length: 330mm	Dimensions	Overall length: 330mm	
Tip length: 16mm		Tip length: 16mm	
Body diameter: 12mm		Body diameter: 12mm	DATE
Tip diameter: 6.8mm		Tip diameter: 6.8mm	
Distance from probe tip to dipole		Distance from probe tip to dipole	
centers: 2.7mm		centers: 2.7mm	
Application General dosimetry up to 3GHz	Application	General dosimetry up to 3GHz	
Compliance tests for mobile phones Fig. 5.2 Probe Setup on Robot		Compliance tests for mobile phones	Fig. 5.2 Probe Setup on Robot
and Wireless LAN		and Wireless LAN	
Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary		Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary	
phantoms			

### 5.1.2 ET3DV6 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data are as below:

### > ET3DV6 sn1788 (Cal: Sep. 23, 2008)

Sensitivity	X axis : 1.7	73 μV Y axis		s : 1.59 µV	Z axis : 1.72 μV
Diode compression point	X axis: 98	mV Y axis :		ris : 98 mV	Z axis: 91 mV
Conversion factor (Head / Body)	Frequency (MHz)	X axis		Y axis	Z axis
(neau / Body)	800~1000	6.55 / 6.34		6.55 / 6.34	6.55 / 6.34
Boundary effect (Head / Body)	Frequency (MHz)	Alp	ha	Depth	
(Head / Body)	800~1000	0.44 /	0.50	2.65 / 2.48	

NOTE: The probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG.

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### 5.2 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

### 5.3 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller

### 5.4 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with 400 MHz CPU 128 MB chipdisk and 128 MB RAM.

Communication with

the DAE electronic box

the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

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5.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- > Right head
- Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- \*Water-sugar based liquid
- \*Glycol based liquids

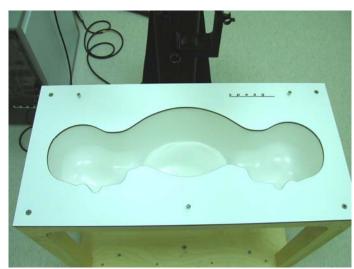


Fig. 5.3 Top View of Twin Phantom



Fig. 5.4 Bottom View of Twin Phantom

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### 5.6 Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20%. An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 5.1 Device Holder

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### 5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

### 5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 5.7.2 Data Evaluation

Media parameters :

The DASY5 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>j</sub> , a <sub>,0,</sub> a <sub>,1</sub> , a <sub>,2</sub>
--------------------	---------------	--

- Conversion factor  $\operatorname{ConvF}_i$  - Diode compression point  $\operatorname{dcp}_i$ 

**Device parameters**: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$Vi = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with

 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

 $\textbf{E-field probes}: \ E_i \ = \ \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i ConvF}}$ 

 $\mbox{H-field probes}: \quad \mbox{$H_i$} \ = \ \sqrt{V_i} \frac{a_{i0+} a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f}{f}$ 

with

 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

**Norm**<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E-field Probes

**ConvF** = sensitivity enhancement in solution

 $a_{ii}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

 $\vec{f}$  = carrier frequency [GHz]

 $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 $H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR = 
$$E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

\* Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with

**Ppwe** = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Etot** = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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## 5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer Name of Equipment		True o /Mandal	Serial Number	Calibration		
wanuracturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model Serial Number —		Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1788	Sep. 23, 2008	Sep. 22, 2009	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 17, 2008	Mar. 16, 2010	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Nov. 12, 2008	Nov. 11, 2009	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Sep. 22, 2008	Sep. 21, 2009	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	PNA Series Network Analyzer	E8358A	US40260131	Apr. 02, 2008	Apr. 01, 2009	
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360383	Oct. 13, 2008	Oct. 12, 2009	
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105934	Nov. 11, 2008	Nov. 10, 2009	
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR	
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	101394	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009	
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	100130	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009	

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**Table 5.1 Test Equipment List** 

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## 6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY5, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous tissue simulating liquid. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR) or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15.2cm.

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The following ingredients for tissue simulating liquid are used:

- $\triangleright$  Water: deionized water (pure H20), resistivity ≥ 16MΩ- as basis for the liquid
- > Sugar: refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops to reduce relative permittivity
- Salt: pure NaCl to increase conductivity
- ➤ Cellulose: Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C), CAS#54290-to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution.
- Preservative: Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS#55965-84-9- to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds.
- ➤ DGMBE: Deithlenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS#112-34-5 to reduce relative permittivity.

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for one liter of body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 850 MHz.

Ingredient	MSL-850	
Water	631.68 g	
Cellulose	0 g	
Salt	11.72 g	
Preventol D-7	1.2 g	
Sugar	600.0 g	
DGMBE	0 g	
Total amount	1 liter (1.3 kg)	
Dielectric Parameters at 22°	F = 835 MHz	
	ε <sub>r</sub> = 55.2±5%,	
	$\sigma$ = 0.97±5% S/m	

**Table 6.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

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Table 6.2 shows the measuring results for muscle simulating liquid.

Band	Temperature (°C)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Measurement Date
		824.70	0.943	52.7	
	21.1	836.52	0.955	52.6	Jan. 31, 2009
CDMA2000 Callular		848.31	0.966	52.5	
CDMA2000 Cellular		824.70	0.965	53.1	
	21.3	836.52	0.978	53.0	Feb. 10, 2009
		848.31	0.989	52.9	

Table 6.1 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

The measuring data are consistent with  $\epsilon_{r}$  = 55.2 ± 5% and  $\sigma$ = 0.97 ± 5% for body CDMA2000 Cellular.

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## 7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-shape
Multiplying factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

<sup>(</sup>a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

**Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution** 

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY5 uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

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<sup>(</sup>b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Unc. (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement Equipment						-
Probe Calibration	±5.9 %	Normal	1	1	±5.9 %	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±1.9 %	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±3.9 %	8
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.7 %	8
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	±0.3 %	8
Response Time	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.5 %	8
Integration Time	±2.6 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.5 %	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.2 %	8
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	Normal	1	1	±2.9	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	±3.6	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.9	8
Phantom and Setup			_			
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	8
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.64	±1.8	8
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.64	±1.6	8
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	8
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.6	±1.5	- 8
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±10.9	387
Coverage Factor for 95 %		K=2				
Expanded uncertainty (Coverage factor = 2)		aty Rudget of D			±21.9	

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY5

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## 8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY5 system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY5 software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### 8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

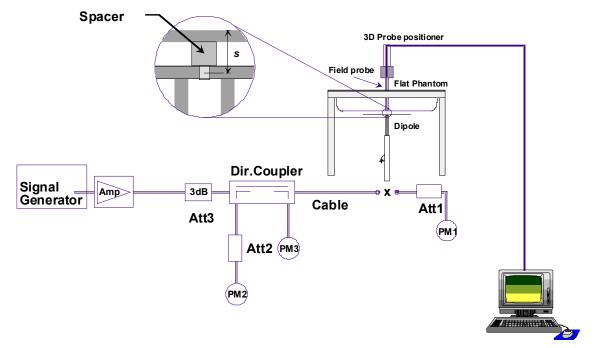


Fig. 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. 835 MHz Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

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Fig 8.2 Dipole Setup

## 8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency (MHz)	SAR	Target (W/kg)	Measurement data (W/kg)	Variation	Measurement Date	
835	SAR (1g)	9.52	9.62	1.1 %	Jan. 31, 2009	
	SAR (10g)	6.37	6.41	0.6 %		
	SAR (1g)	9.52	10.10	6.1 %		
	SAR (10g)	6.37	6.71	5.3 %	Feb. 10, 2009	

**Table 8.1 Target and Measurement Data Comparison** 

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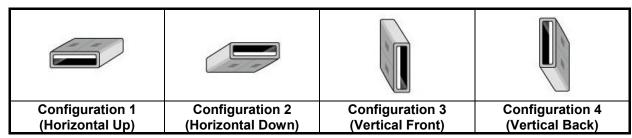
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## 9. Description for DUT Testing Position

This DUT was tested in four different USB configurations. They are "direct laptop plug-in for configuration 1 and 4" and "USB cable plug-in for configuration 2 and 3" shown as below. Both direct laptop plug-in and cable plug-in test configurations are tested with 5 mm separation between the particular dongle orientation and the flat phantom. Otherwise, the antenna of DUT is set in four degrees, "0 degree", "90 degree", "180 degree" and "270 degree" during SAR test.

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Remark: Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.

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## 10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- Linking DUT with base station emulator CMU200
- Setting CMU200 to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power
- Measuring output power through RF cable and power meter
- Placing the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- Setting scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY5 software
- Taking data for the lowest, middle, and highest channel on each testing position.

According to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

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- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

### 10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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### 10.2 Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1 g.

### 10.3SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY5, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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## 11. SAR Test Results

## 11.1 Conducted Power

Band		CDMA2000 Cellular (dBm)	
Mode Channel	1013	384	777
1xRTT RC1+SO55	19.55	19.77	19.25
1xRTT RC3+SO55	19.27	19.86	19.14
1xRTT RC3+SO32	19.24	20.04	19.07
1xEVDO RTAP 9.6K	19.99	19.98	19.30
1xEVDO RTAP 38.4K	19.67	19.87	19.39
1xEVDO RTAP 153.6K	19.62	19.79	19.43
1xEVDO RETAP 128K	19.48	19.92	19.32
1xEVDO RETAP 2048K	19.67	19.89	19.46
1xEVDO RETAP 12288K	19.87	19.94	19.56

## 11.2 Test Records for Body SAR Test

USB Configuration	Ant. Degree	Mode	Separation	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
1 (Laptop)	90	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.276	1.6	Pass
1 (Laptop)	180	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.298	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	0	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.158	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	180	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.662	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	270	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.312	1.6	Pass
3 (USB Cable)	180	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.348	1.6	Pass
4 (Laptop)	0	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.405	1.6	Pass
4 (Laptop)	90	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.146	1.6	Pass
4 (Laptop)	180	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.1	1.6	Pass
4 (Laptop)	270	1xRTT RC3+SO55	5 mm	384	836.52	0.118	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	180	1xEVDO RTAP 9.6	5 mm	384	836.52	0.75	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	180	1xEVDO RETAP 12288	5 mm	384	836.52	0.922	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	180	1xEVDO RETAP 12288	5 mm	1013	824.70	0.697	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	180	1xEVDO RETAP 12288	5 mm	777	848.31	0.732	1.6	Pass

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## 11.3 Test Records for Back-Off SAR Test

USB Configuration	Ant. degree	Mode	Separation	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
2 (USB Cable)	180	1xEVDO RETAP 12288	10 mm	384	836.52	0.7	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	180	1xEVDO RETAP 12288	15 mm	384	836.52	0.532	1.6	Pass
2 (USB Cable)	180	1xEVDO RETAP 12288	20 mm	384	836.52	0.368	1.6	Pass

Test Engineer: Jason Wang

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## 12. References

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## Appendix A - System Performance Check Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/31

### System Check\_Body\_835MHz\_20090131

### **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.953$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 22.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 mW/g

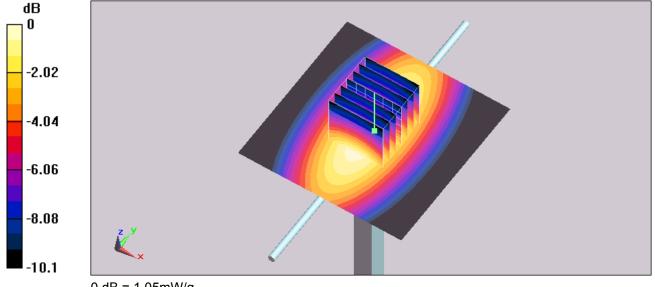
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00939 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.962 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.641 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



0 dB = 1.05 mW/g

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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/10

### System Check\_Body\_835MHz\_20090210

### **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.976$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

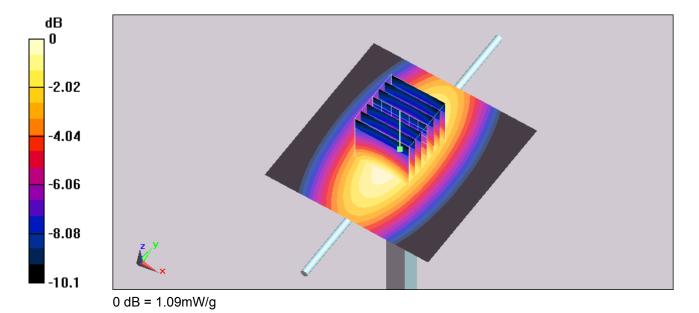
# **Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00201 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.671 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



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## Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/31

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 1 in 90 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch384/Area Scan (61x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.303 mW/g

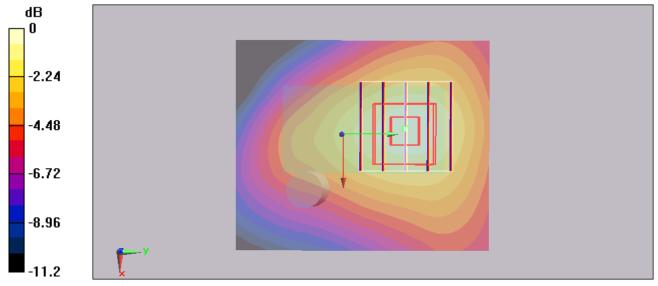
Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.400 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 mW/g



0 dB = 0.300 mW/g

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Date: 2009/1/31 Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 1 in 180 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**Report No. : FA911617** 

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 22.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778: Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch384/Area Scan (91x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.315 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.183 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.415 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.298 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

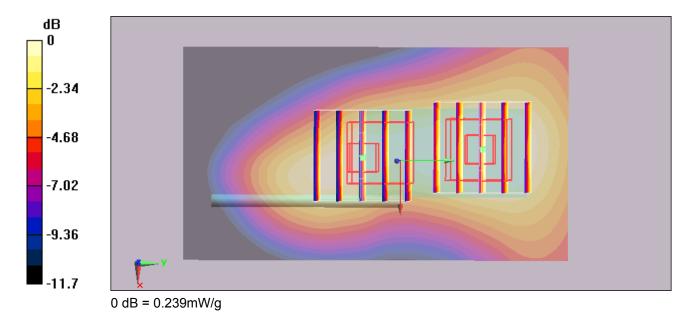
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.325 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.183 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.329 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.221 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.239 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 2 in 0 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**Report No. : FA911617** 

Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009

Report Version

: Rev. 01

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 22.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

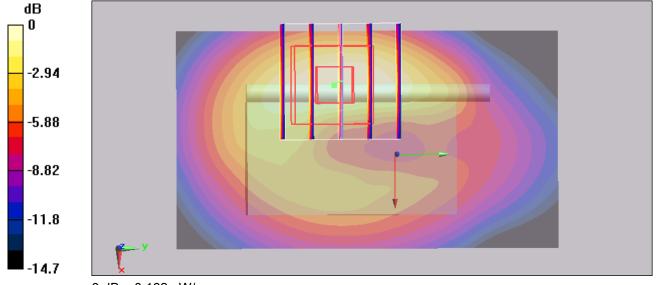
**Ch384/Area Scan (71x41x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.190 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.091 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 mW/g



0 dB = 0.182 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 2 in 180 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RETAP-12288

**Report No. : FA911617** 

Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009

Report Version

: Rev. 01

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.978$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

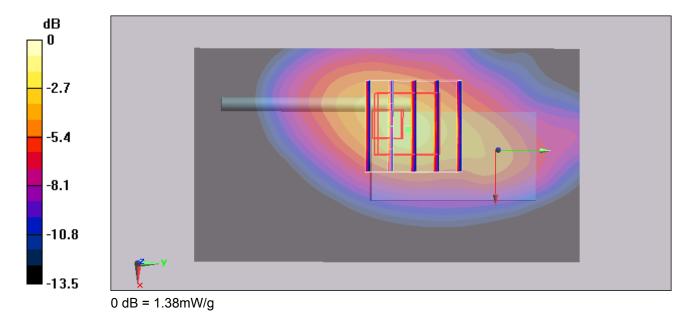
**Ch384/Area Scan (91x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.926 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.162 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.922 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 mW/g



TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID : Q78-AC8710PLUS

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 2 in 180 degree antenna under 10mm separtion\_RETAP-12288

**Report No. : FA911617** 

Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009

Report Version

: Rev. 01

### **DUT: 911617**

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.978$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch384/Area Scan (91x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

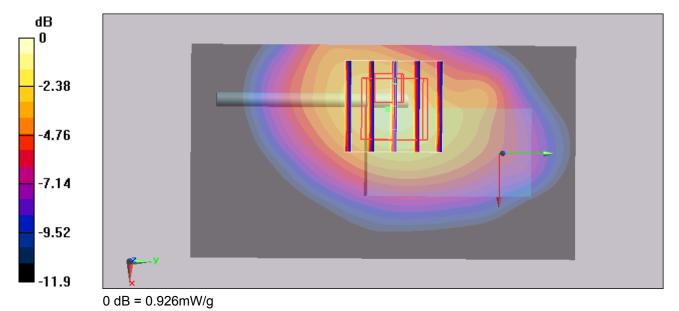
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.706 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.700 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.926 mW/g



### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 2 in 180 degree antenna under 15mm separtion\_RETAP-12288

**Report No. : FA911617** 

: Rev. 01

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.978$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

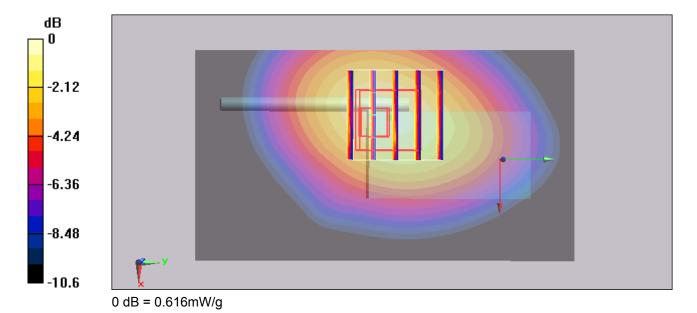
Ch384/Area Scan (91x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.558 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.681 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.532 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.616 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 2 in 180 degree antenna under 20mm separtion\_RETAP-12288

### **DUT: 911617**

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.978$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch384/Area Scan (91x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

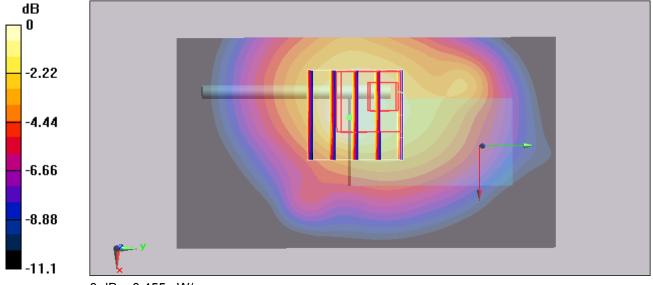
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.549 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.135 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.534 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.455 mW/g



0 dB = 0.455 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS Report Issued Date : Feb. 13, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 2 in 270 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778: Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

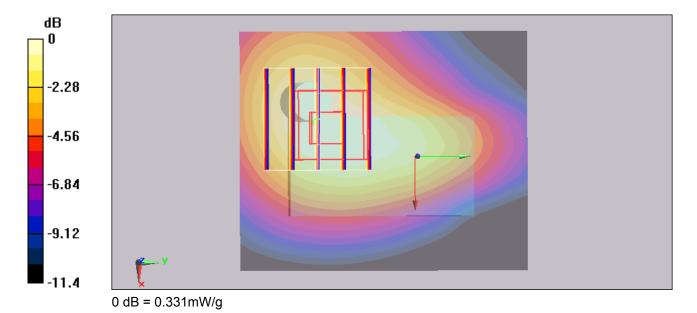
**Ch384/Area Scan (61x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.341 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.436 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.331 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID : Q78-AC8710PLUS Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009

**Report No. : FA911617** 

Report Version : Rev. 01

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 3 in 180 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**Report No. : FA911617** 

Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009

Report Version

: Rev. 01

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

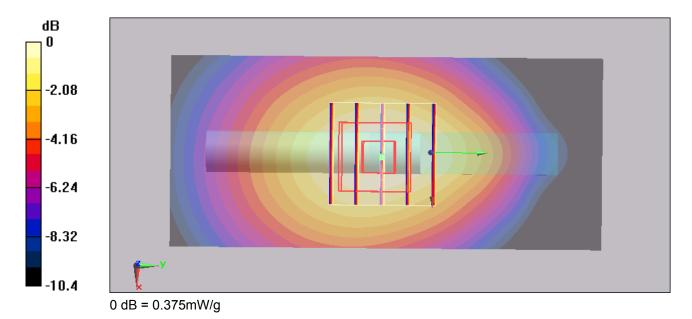
**Ch384/Area Scan (91x41x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.388 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.183 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 mW/g



### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384 \_Configuration 4 in 0 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**Report No. : FA911617** 

Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009

Report Version

: Rev. 01

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

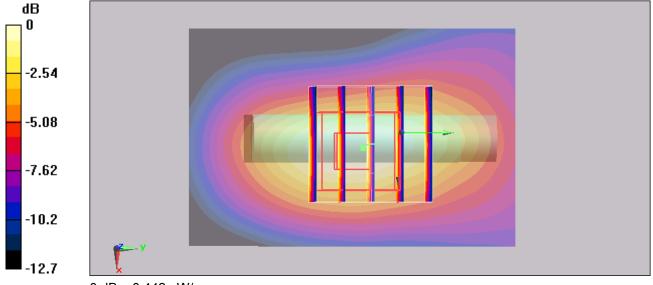
**Ch384/Area Scan (61x41x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.471 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.126 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.652 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.405 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.442 mW/g



0 dB = 0.442 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS FCC SAR Test Report **Report No. : FA911617** 

Date: 2009/1/31 Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 4 in 90 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778: Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch384/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.224 W/kg

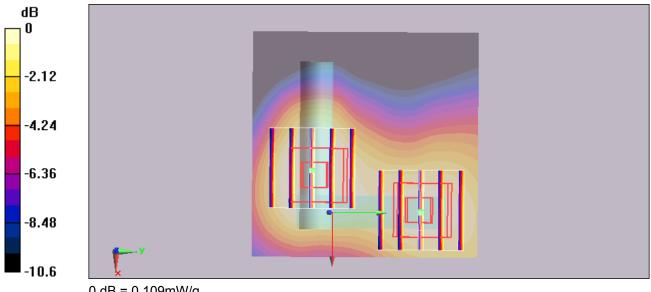
SAR(1 g) = 0.146 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.137 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.102 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.109 mW/g



0 dB = 0.109 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009

: Rev. 01 Report Version

Date: 2009/1/31 Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 4 in 180 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778: Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch384/Area Scan (91x41x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.104 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.167 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.134 W/kg

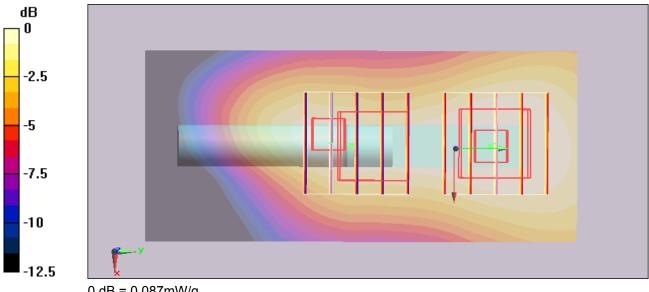
SAR(1 g) = 0.100 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.108 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.167 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.137 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.087 mW/g



0 dB = 0.087 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009

**Report No. : FA911617** 

: Rev. 01 Report Version

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 4 in 270 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RC3+SO55

**Report No. : FA911617** 

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778: Calibrated: 2008/9/22

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch384/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.132 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.185 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g

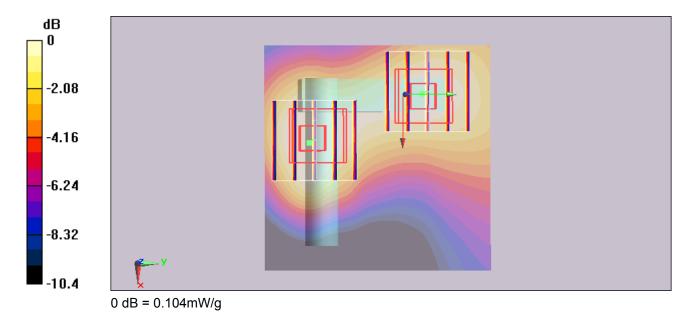
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.134 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.098 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 mW/g**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.104 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Feb. 13, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

Date: 2009/2/10 Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

**Report No. : FA911617** 

: Rev. 01

### Body\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Configuration 2 in 180 degree antenna under 5mm separtion\_RETAP-12288\_2D

**DUT: 911617** 

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.978$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

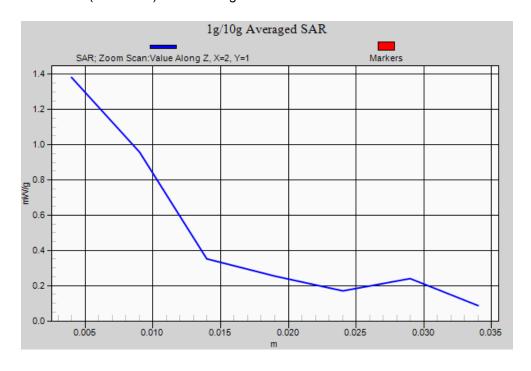
Ch384/Area Scan (91x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.926 mW/g

Ch384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.162 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.922 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 mW/g



FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Feb. 13, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version



## Appendix C – Calibration Data

Please refer to the calibration certificates of DASY as below.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: Q78-AC8710PLUS Report Issued Date : Feb. 13, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01