



CERTIFICATE #3478.01

# TEST REPORT

EUT Description	<b>WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1216 SD adapter card, LTE Coexistence</b>
Brand Name	<b>Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211</b>
Model Name	<b>AX211D2WL</b>
FCC ID	<b>PD9AX211D2L</b>
Date of Test Start/End	<b>2021-01-22 /2021-02-24</b>
Features	<b>802.11ax, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi 6 + Bluetooth® 5.2 (see section 5)</b>

Applicant	<b>Intel Mobile Communications</b>
Address	<b>100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 Columbia, South Carolina 29210 USA</b>
Contact Person	<b>Steven Hackett</b>
Telephone/Fax/ Email	<b>steven.c.hackett@intel.com</b>

Reference Standards	<b>FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 E</b> (see section 1)
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Test Report identification	<b>201218-01.TR38</b>
Revision Control	<b>Rev. 00</b> <b>This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision</b> (see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.

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Issued by

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## 1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

FCC

1. FCC Title 47 eCFR part 15 – Subpart E - Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices. 2021-02-08  
*Online edition*
2. FCC OET KDB 987594 D01 U-NII 6GHz General Requirements v01r02
3. FCC OET KDB 987594 D02 U-NII 6 GHz EMC Measurement v01r01
4. FCC OET KDB 987594 D03 U-NII 6 GHz QA v01
5. FCC OET KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules – Guidelines for compliance testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices.
6. FCC OET KDB 662911 D01 v02r01 - Emissions Testing of Transmitters with Multiple Outputs in the Same Band.
7. ANSI C63.10-2013 American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

## 2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab declines any responsibility with respect to the identified information provided by the customer and that may affect the validity of results.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and interpretations.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure correlated and reliable results to its customers.
- ✓ This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- ✓ This report does not imply an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
- ✓ Complete or partial reproduction of the report cannot be made without written permission of Intel WRF Lab

## 3. Environmental Conditions

- ✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	20.3°C ± 2.3°C
Humidity	44.9% ± 11.0%

## 4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
#01	201218-01.S08	WiFi 6E Module	AX211D2WL	WFM:18CC18F94BB5	2021-01-06	RF Conducted + Contention-based protocol
	180000-01.S06	Adapter 1216SD to M.2	Adapter M2	N/A	2017-05-11	
	170000-01.S02	Laptop	Latitude E5450	21HTPF2	2017-03-28	
	200611-01.S10	Extender	PCB00651_01	-	2020-11-30	

## 5. EUT Features

The herein information is provided by the customer

Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211				
Model Name	AX211D2WL				
Software Version	DRTU Version: 11195_99_2100_51G				
Driver Version	99.0.59.4				
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n/ax 802.11a/n/ac/ax  802.11ax Bluetooth 5.2				
Antenna Information	Transmitter	Ant A (Main) SISO Mode	Ant B(Aux) SISO Mode	Ant A (Main) MIMO Mode	Ant B (Aux) MIMO Mode
	Manufacturer	Intel	Intel	Intel	Intel
	PIFA antenna	PIFA antenna	PIFA antenna	PIFA antenna	PIFA antenna
	SN	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Declared Antenna gain (dBi)	+5.59	+5.59	+5.59 (Completely uncorrelated)	+5.59 (Completely uncorrelated)
MIMO mode signal: Completely uncorrelated.					
Additional information	The EUT class is a indoor client (6XD) connected to Low-Power indoor access point (6ID)				

## 6. Remarks and comments

- This report only presents conducted measurements, for radiated spurious measurements refer to report 201218-01.TR39.

## 7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

### 7.1. 802.11 ax – U-NII-5 to U-NII-8

FCC part	Test name	Verdict
15.407 (a) (10)	Channel bandwidth	P
15.407 (a) (8)	Power Limits. Maximum output power	P
15.407 (a) (8)	Power spectral density	P
15.407 (b) (5)	Undesirable emissions limits: out of band (conducted)	P
15.407 (b) (6)	In-Band Emissions (Mask)	P
15.407 (d) (6)	Contention based protocol	P

P: Pass

F: Fail

NM: Not Measured

NA: Not Applicable

## 8. Document Revision History

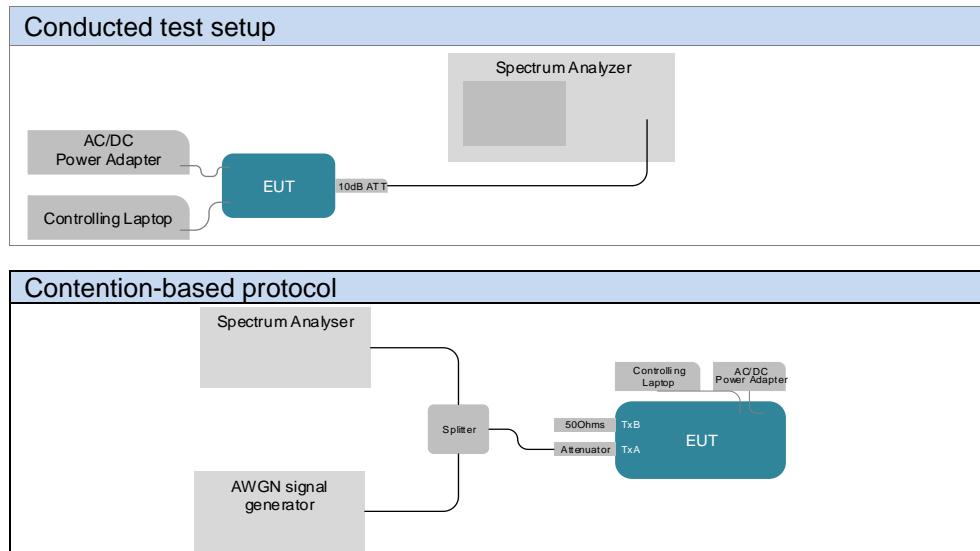
Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	C.Requin	First Issue

# Annex A. Test & System Description

## A.1 Measurement System

Measurements were performed using these following setup.

The DUT was installed in a test fixture and this test fixture is connected to a laptop computer and AC/DC power adapter. The laptop computer was used to configure the EUT to continuously transmit at a specified output power using all different modes and modulation schemes, using the Intel proprietary tool DRTU.



## A.2 Test Equipment List

Conducted setup

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial #	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0316	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV30	103309	Rohde & Schwarz	2019-09-02	2021-09-02
0442	RF cable 100cm	Coax 2.92mm Male To 2.92mm Male	N/A	PASTERNACK	2020-08-26	2021-02-26
1044	10dB Attenuator + MH4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0581	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA12E-TH1-RAS	RA12-B89BE3	Avtech	2020-01-23	2022-01-23
1002	Measurement SW v1.4.10.8	Octopi	N/A	Step AT	N/A	N/A

N/A: not applicable

Contention-based protocol

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial #	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal.Due Date
0704	Vector signal generator	SMW200A	103732	Rohde & Schwarz	2020-07-20	2022-07-20
0318	Spectrum analyzer	FSV30	103310	Rohde & Schwarz	2020-06-03	2022-06-03
0581	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA12E-TH1-RAS	RA12-B89BE3	Avtech	2020-01-23	2022-01-23
0864	Cable SMA Male to SMA Male 45CM	FMC0202085-18	-	Fairview Microwave	2020-08-27	2021-02-27
0865	Cable SMA Male to SMA Male 45CM	FMC0202085-18	-	Fairview Microwave	2020-08-27	2021-02-27
0866	Cable SMA Male to SMA Male 45CM	FMC0202085-18	-	Fairview Microwave	2020-08-27	2021-02-27
1111	RF Power divider	PE2084	N/A	Pasternack	N/A	N/A

N/A: not applicable

### A.3 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

Measurement type	Uncertainty	Unit
Timing	$\pm 0.12$	%
Power Spectral density	$\pm 1.47$	dB
Occupied bandwidth	$\pm 2.07$	%
Conducted Power	$\pm 1.03$	dB
Conducted Spurious Emission <26.5 GHz	$\pm 2.90$	dB
Contention Based Protocol	$\pm 1.36$	dB

# Annex B. Test Results

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The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Engineer
Power Limits. Maximum output power	Cedric Requin
26dB and 99% Bandwidth measurement	Cedric Requin
Maximum power spectral density	Cedric Requin
Undesirable emissions limits: out of band (conducted)	Cedric Requin
In-Band Emissions Mask	Cedric Requin
Contention-based Protocol	Gregory Roustan

## B.1 Test Conditions

For the 802.11ax20 (20 MHz channel bandwidth), 802.11ax40 (40MHz channel bandwidth), 802.11ax80 (80MHz channel bandwidth) and 802.11ax160 (160MHz channel bandwidth) modes the EUT can transmit at both CHAIN A and CHAIN B RF outputs individually, and also simultaneously.

The following data rates were selected based on preliminary testing that identified those rates as the worst cases for output power and spurious levels at the band edges:

Transmission	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Worst Case Data Rate
SISO	802.11ax	20	HE0
		40	HE0
		80	HE0
		160	HE0
MIMO	802.11ax	20/40/80/160	HE0

## B.2 Test Results Tables

### B.2.1 26dB & 99% Bandwidth

#### Test limits

Part	Limits
FCC 15.407 (a) (10)	The maximum transmitter channel bandwidth for U-NII devices in the 5.925-7.125 GHz band is 320 megahertz.

#### Test procedure

The conducted setup shown in section *Test & System Description* was used to measure the 26dB & 99% bandwidth. The antenna terminal of the EUT is connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, and the spectrum analyzer reading is compensated to include the RF path loss.

**See Annex C.1.1 for the screenshot results<sup>1</sup>**

#### Results tables

Max value Maximum bandwidth value highlighted per mode and channel bandwidth over uninterrupted UNII-5 – 8 bands

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<sup>1</sup> Only the worst-case plots per mode and channel bandwidth were reported over uninterrupted UNII-5 – 8 bands



Band	Mode & BW[MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Rate	RU config.	Antenna	26dB BW [MHz]	99% BW [MHz]
UNII6	802.11ax20	97	6435	HE0	FullBW	SISO A	26.20	19.12
UNII6	802.11ax20	97	6435	HE0	FullBW	SISO B	26.75	19.20
UNII6	802.11ax20	97	6435	HE0	FullBW	MIMO A	25.10	19.16
UNII6	802.11ax20	97	6435	HE0	FullBW	MIMO B	25.50	19.00
UNII6	802.11ax20	105	6475	HE0	FullBW	SISO A	26.35	19.24
UNII6	802.11ax20	105	6475	HE0	FullBW	SISO B	26.00	19.12
UNII6	802.11ax20	105	6475	HE0	FullBW	MIMO A	24.90	19.00
UNII6	802.11ax20	105	6475	HE0	FullBW	MIMO B	25.25	19.24
UNII6	802.11ax20	113	6515	HE0	FullBW	SISO A	25.45	19.08
UNII6	802.11ax20	113	6515	HE0	FullBW	SISO B	25.60	19.32
UNII6	802.11ax20	113	6515	HE0	FullBW	MIMO A	25.05	19.12
UNII6	802.11ax20	113	6515	HE0	FullBW	MIMO B	25.10	19.00
UNII6	802.11ax40	99	6445	HE0	FullBW	SISO A	46.09	37.84
UNII6	802.11ax40	99	6445	HE0	FullBW	SISO B	45.65	37.84
UNII6	802.11ax40	99	6445	HE0	FullBW	MIMO A	46.53	37.92
UNII6	802.11ax40	99	6445	HE0	FullBW	MIMO B	46.09	37.92
UNII6	802.11ax40	107	6485	HE0	FullBW	SISO A	45.76	37.84
UNII6	802.11ax40	107	6485	HE0	FullBW	SISO B	45.98	38.00
UNII6	802.11ax40	107	6485	HE0	FullBW	MIMO A	45.65	38.00
UNII6	802.11ax40	107	6485	HE0	FullBW	MIMO B	45.65	37.92
UNII6	802.11ax80	103	6465	HE0	FullBW	SISO A	83.22	76.68
UNII6	802.11ax80	103	6465	HE0	FullBW	SISO B	84.17	76.80
UNII6	802.11ax80	103	6465	HE0	FullBW	MIMO A	83.60	76.80
UNII6	802.11ax80	103	6465	HE0	FullBW	MIMO B	83.22	76.68
UNII6	802.11ax80	119	6545	HE0	FullBW	SISO A	83.79	76.68
UNII6	802.11ax80	119	6545	HE0	FullBW	SISO B	83.60	76.80
UNII6	802.11ax80	119	6545	HE0	FullBW	MIMO A	84.36	76.56
UNII6	802.11ax80	119	6545	HE0	FullBW	MIMO B	84.17	76.68
UNII6	802.11ax160	111	6505	HE0	FullBW	SISO A	164.34	154.75
UNII6	802.11ax160	111	6505	HE0	FullBW	SISO B	164.67	154.50
UNII6	802.11ax160	111	6505	HE0	FullBW	MIMO A	165.00	154.50
UNII6	802.11ax160	111	6505	HE0	FullBW	MIMO B	164.67	154.50





## B.2.2 Power Limits. Maximum Output power & Maximum power spectral Density

### Test limits

Part	Limits
FCC 15.407 (a) (8)	For client devices operating under the control of an indoor access point in the 5.925-7.125 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density must not exceed -1 dBm e.i.r.p. in any 1-megahertz band, and the maximum e.i.r.p. over the frequency band of operation must not exceed 24 dBm.

### Test procedure

The Maximum Conducted Output Power was measured using the channel integration method over the entire 99% occupied bandwidth according to section E) 2) d) (Method SA-2) of KDB 789033

The maximum power spectral density (PSD) was measured using the method according to section F) (Method SA-2 ) of KDB 789033

In the *measure-and-sum* approach for MIMO mode, the conducted emission level (e.g., transmit power or power in specified bandwidth) is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically in linear power units to determine the total emission level from the device. When MIMO mode is running each single antenna conducted output power is reduced by 3dBi such that MIMO mode does not exceed the output of a single chain in SISO mode. SISO A pwr = SISO B pwr = MIMO pwr (1/2 A pwr + 1/2 B pwr)

The EIRP power (dBm) is calculated by adding the declared maximum antenna gain (+5.59dBi) to the measured conducted power in accordance with KDB 662911 D01 v02r01. All transmit signals are completely uncorrelated with each other. Therefore, Directional gain = GANT = +5.59 dBi.

Per KDB 662911 D01 v02r01: MIMO Spacial diversity applies as completely uncorrelated, neither beamforming, whether fixed or adaptative, nor Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) technique are used. For further details, refer to 'MIMO Theory of Operation' document.

The conducted setup shown in section *Test & System Description* was used to measure the maximum conducted output power and power spectral density. The antenna terminal of the EUT is connected to the spectrum analyser through an attenuator, and the spectrum analyzer reading is compensated to include the RF path loss.

**See Annex C.1.2 for the screenshot results.**

Results tablesDuty cycle

Mode	Rate	Antenna	Duty Cycle [%]
802.11ax20	HE0	SISO A	98.72
		SISO B	98.72
		MIMO A	98.57
		MIMO B	98.57
802.11ax40	HE0	SISO A	98.72
		SISO B	98.72
		MIMO A	98.57
		MIMO B	98.57
802.11ax80	HE0	SISO A	98.78
		SISO B	98.78
		MIMO A	97.98
		MIMO B	97.98
802.11ax160	HE0	SISO A	98.05
		SISO B	98.05
		MIMO A	95.71
		MIMO B	95.71



SISO B	13.09	13.09		18.68	20.37	73.79
MIMO A	10.10	10.29		15.88	10.69	38.73
MIMO B	10.05	10.24		15.83	10.57	38.29
Combined A+B	13.09	13.28		18.87	21.26	77.02

(1) Value compensated with the duty cycle

(2) Max/Min value highlighted per mode/bandwidth















### B.2.3 Emissions mask

#### Test limits

FCC part	Limits
15.407 (b) (6)	For transmitters operating within the 5.925-7.125 GHz bands: Power spectral density must be suppressed by 20 dB at 1 MHz outside of channel edge, by 28 dB at one channel bandwidth from the channel center, and by 40 dB at one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth away from channel center. At frequencies between one megahertz outside an unlicensed device's channel edge and one channel bandwidth from the center of the channel, the limits must be linearly interpolated between 20 dB and 28 dB suppression, and at frequencies between one and one- and one-half times an unlicensed device's channel bandwidth, the limits must be linearly interpolated between 28 dB and 40 dB suppression. Emissions removed from the channel center by more than one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth must be suppressed by at least 40 dB.

#### Test procedure

The conducted setup shown in section *Test & System Description* was used to measure the unwanted mask emissions. The antenna terminal of the EUT is connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, and the spectrum analyzer reading is compensated to include the RF path loss and the declared antenna gain.

Note: The nominal bandwidth was used to construct the mask as it is stringent than the 26dB emission bandwidth.

**See Section C.1.3 for the screenshot results.**





## B.2.5 Undesirable emission limits : Conducted

### Test limits

FCC part	Limits
15.407 (b) (5)	For transmitters operating within the 5.925-7.125 GHz band: Any emissions outside of the 5.925-7.125 GHz band must not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
15.35 (b)	Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. When average radiated emission measurements are specified in this part, including average emission measurements below 1000 MHz, there also is a limit on the peak level of the radio frequency emissions. Unless otherwise specified, e.g., see §§ 15.250, 15.252, 15.253(d), 15.255, 15.256, and 15.509 through 15.519, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device, e.g., the total peak power level

### Test procedure

The conducted setup shown in section *Test & System Description* was used to measure undesirable emissions on the out of band domain. The antenna terminal of the EUT is connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, and the spectrum analyzer reading is compensated to include the RF path loss and the declared antenna gain.

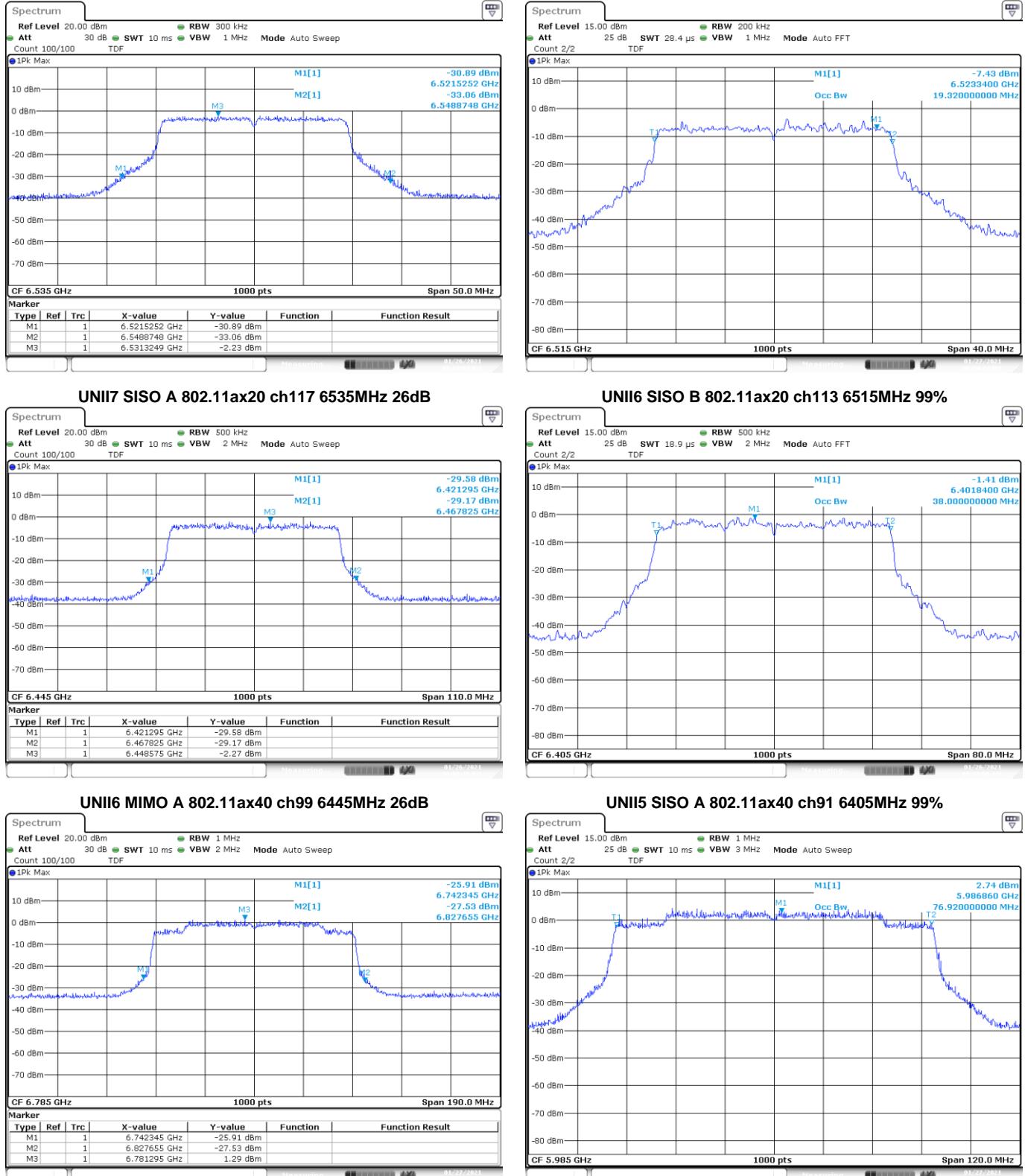
For the lower and upper side of the out of band, the integration method was used as defined in the out of band measurements section II.G.3.d of KDB 789033. Tests were performed using both RMS and peak detectors.

For out of band emission measurements in MIMO mode the emission level of individual output is adjusted by  $10 \log(N_{\text{ant}}) = 3\text{dB}$  for  $N_{\text{ant}} = 2$  which is equivalent to compare the individual output emission level to the limit minus 3dB. The same approach is applied for peak and RMS detectors.

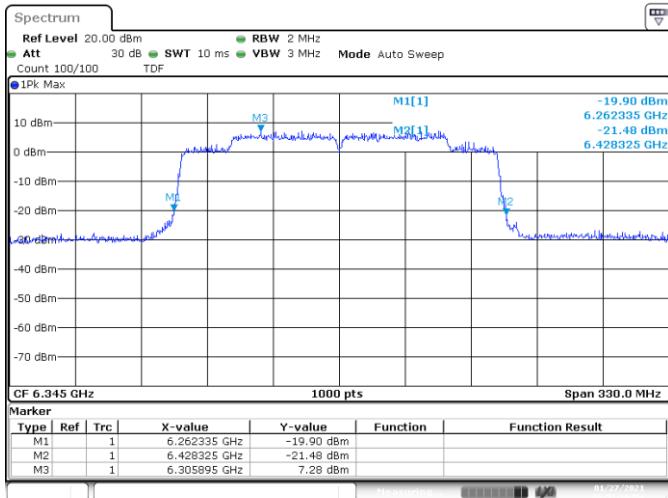
**See Section C.1.5 for the screenshot results.**

# Annex C. System Plots

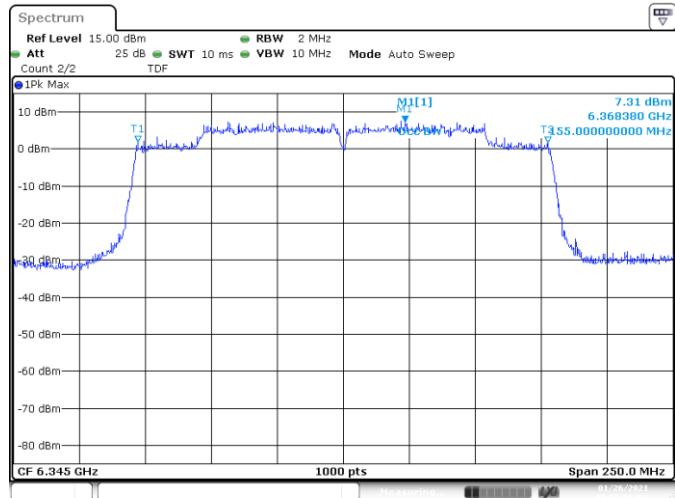
## C.1.1 26dB & 99% bandwidth



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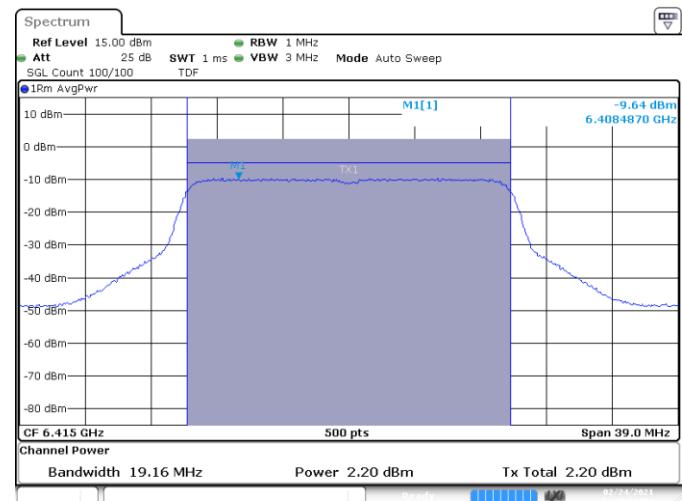
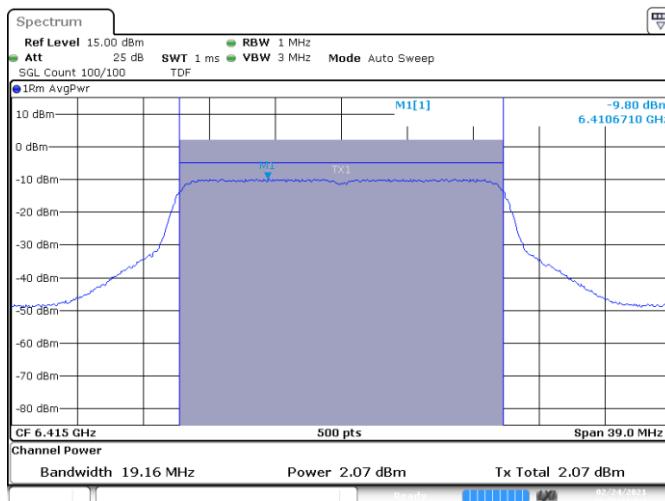


UNII5 SISO B 802.11ax160 ch79 6345MHz 26dB



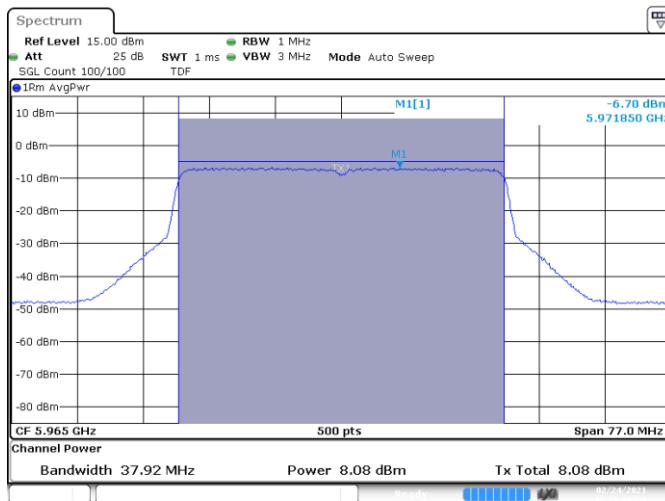
UNII5 SISO A 802.11ax160 ch79 6345MHz 99%

### C.1.2 Maximum Output Power & Maximum power spectral Density

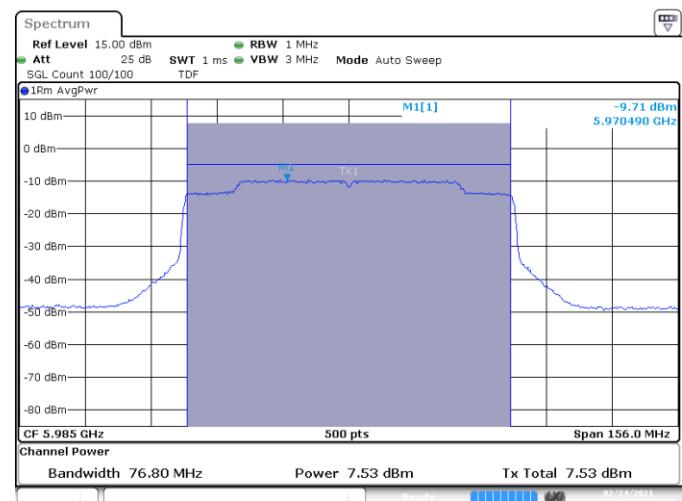
**UNII5**

MIMO A-802.11ax-20MHz-Ch93-6415MHz-HE0

MIMO B-802.11ax-20MHz-Ch93-6415MHz-HE0



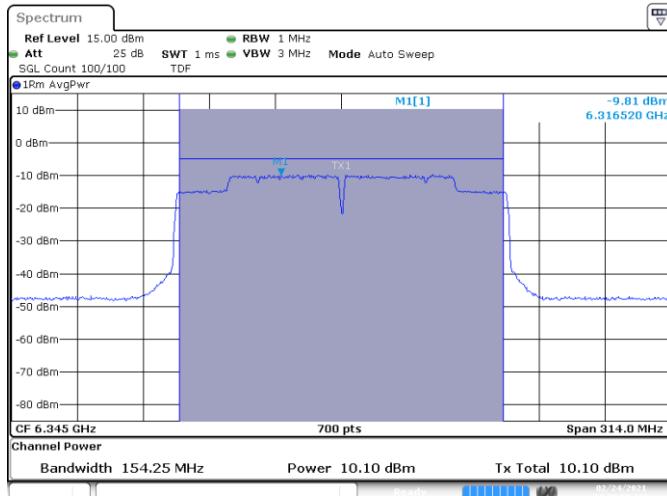
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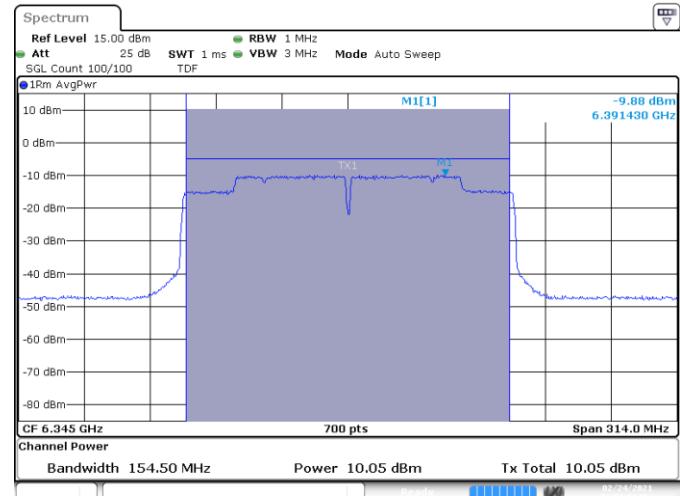
MIMO A-802.11ax-80MHz-Ch7-5985MHz-HE0

MIMO B-802.11ax-80MHz-Ch7-5985MHz-HE0

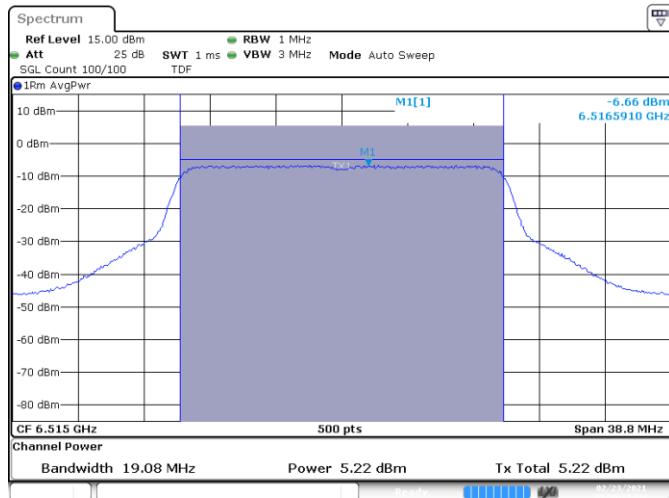
## Test Report N° 201218-01.TR38



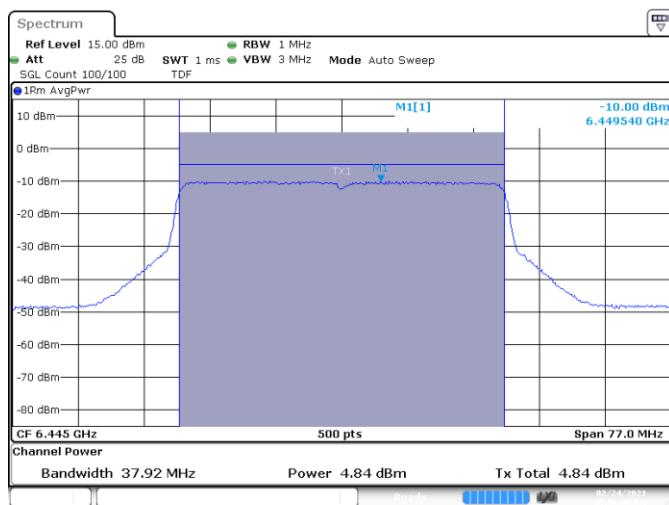
MIMO A-802.11ax-160MHz-Ch79-6345MHz-HE0



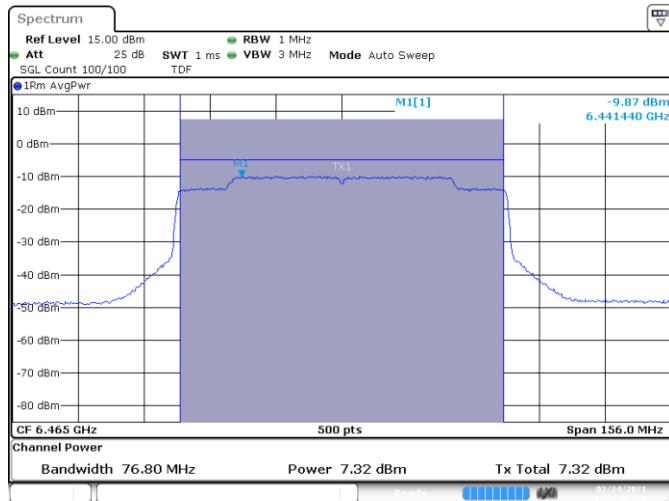
MIMO B-802.11ax-160MHz-Ch79-6345MHz-HE0

**UNII6**

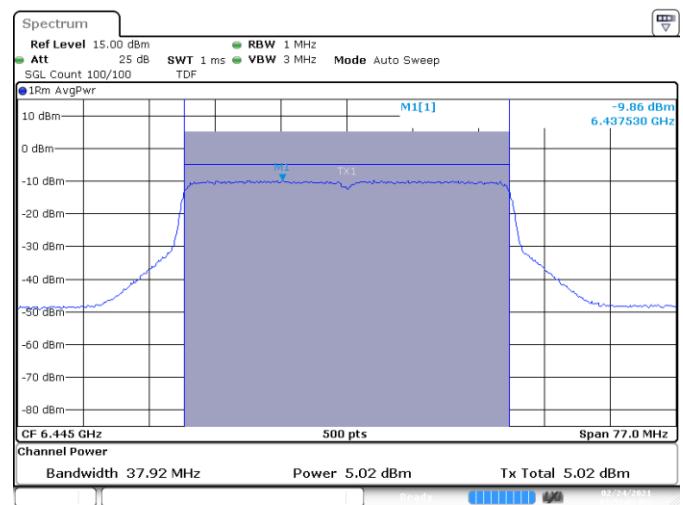
SISO A-802.11ax-20MHz-Ch113-6515MHz-HE0



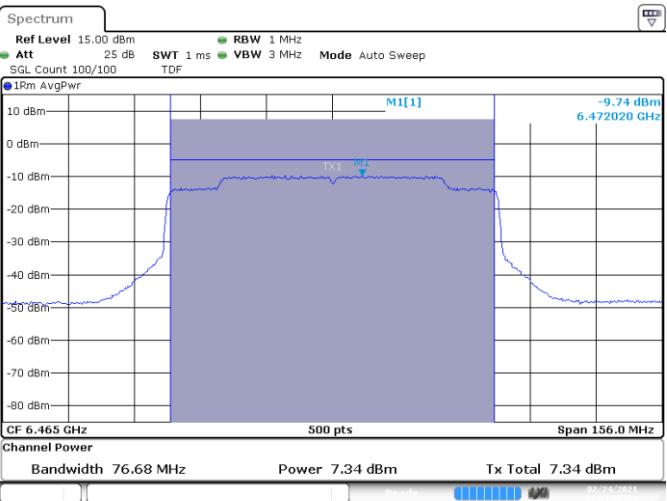
MIMO A-802.11ax-40MHz-Ch99-6445MHz-HE0



MIMO A-802.11ax-80MHz-Ch103-6465MHz-HE0

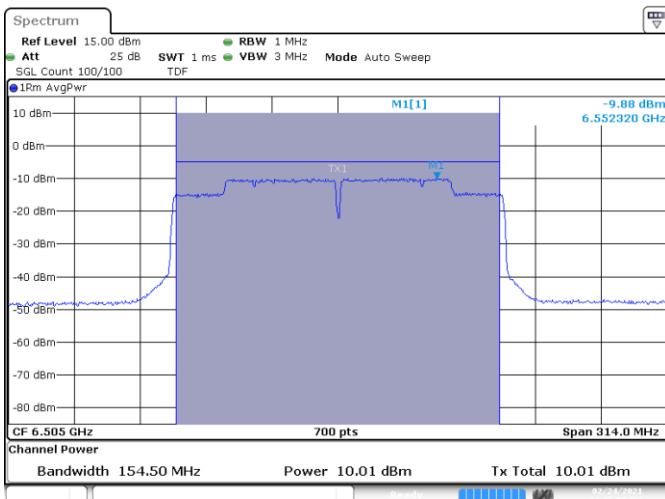


MIMO B-802.11ax-40MHz-Ch99-6445MHz-HE0

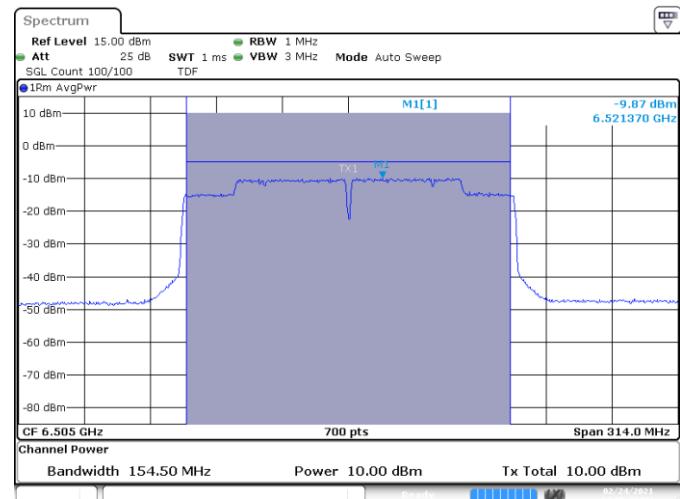


MIMO B-802.11ax-80MHz-Ch103-6465MHz-HE0

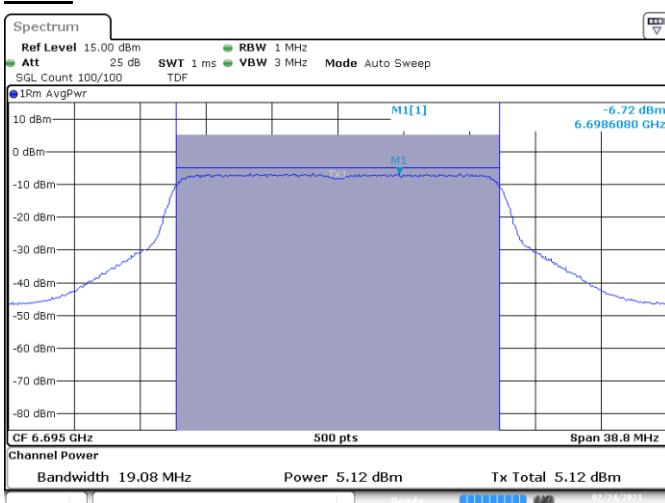
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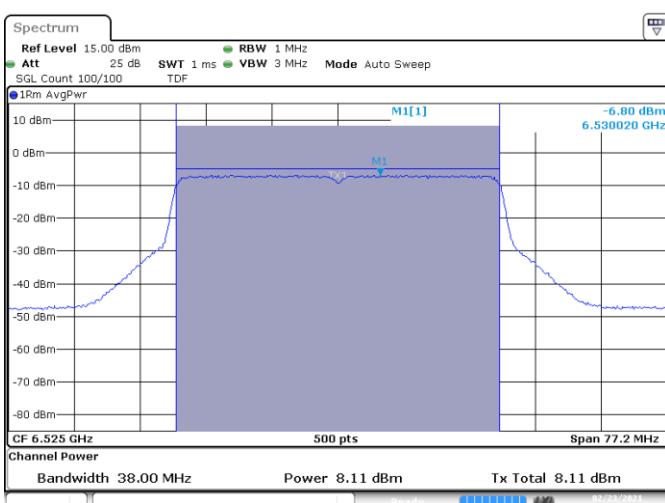
MIMO A-802.11ax-160MHz-Ch111-6505MHz-HE0



MIMO B-802.11ax-160MHz-Ch111-6505MHz-HE0

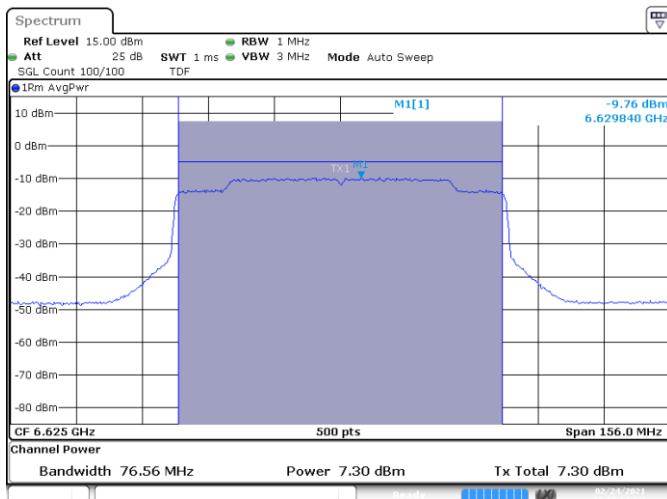
**UNII7**


SISO B-802.11ax-20MHz-Ch149-6695MHz-HE0

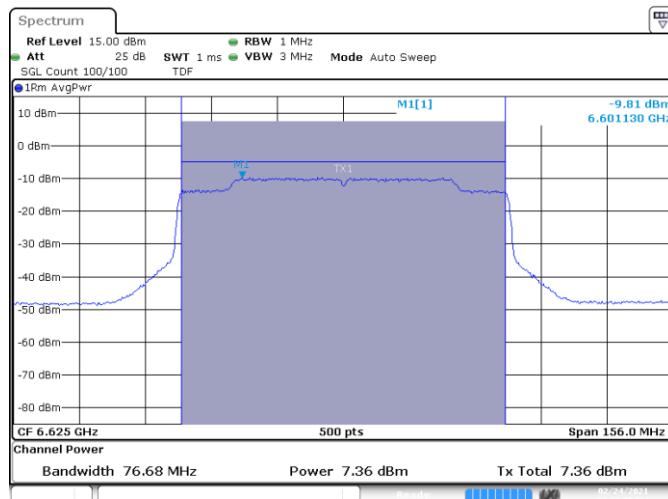


SISO A-802.11ax-40MHz-Ch115-6525MHz-HE0

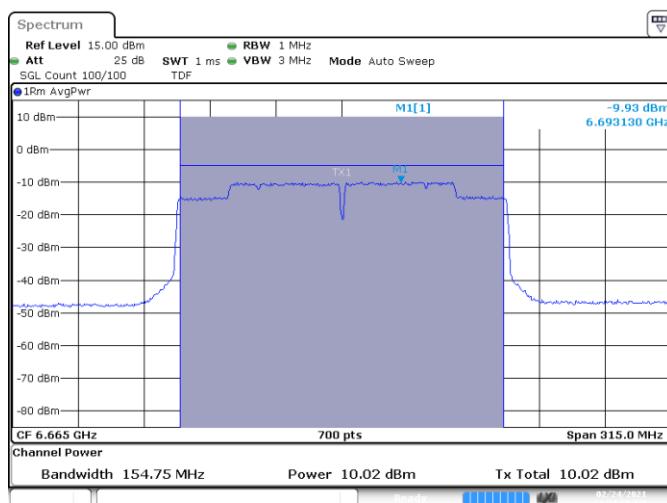
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MIMO A-802.11ax-80MHz-Ch135-6625MHz-HE0



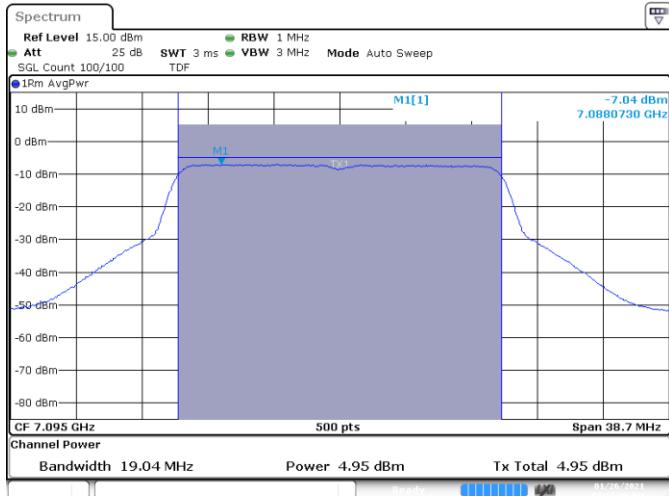
MIMO B-802.11ax-80MHz-Ch135-6625MHz-HE0



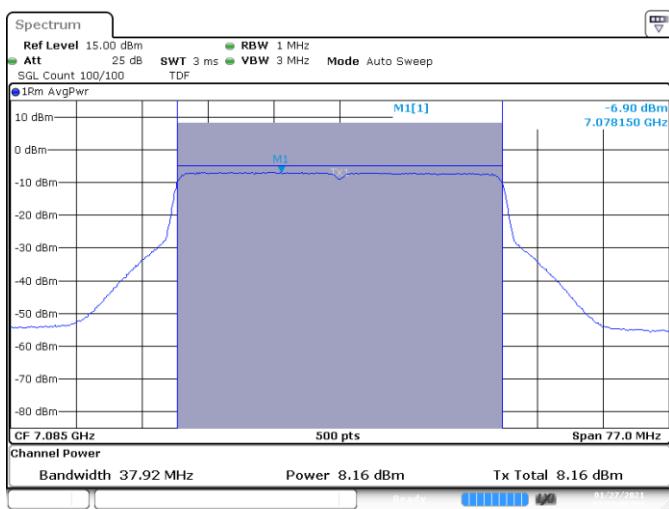
MIMO A-802.11ax-160MHz-Ch143-6665MHz-HE0



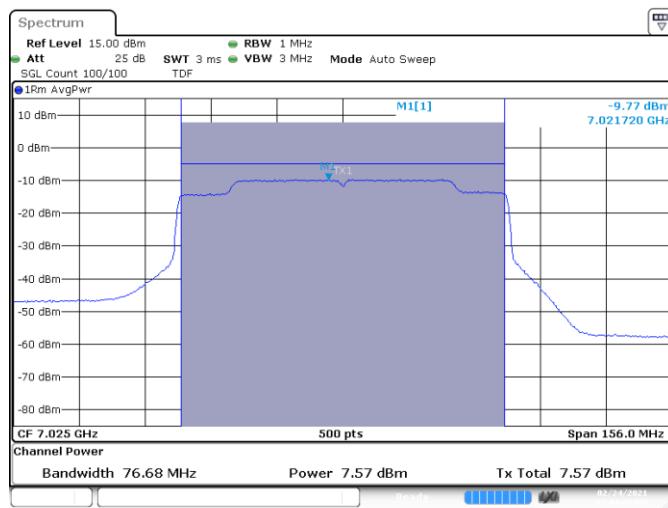
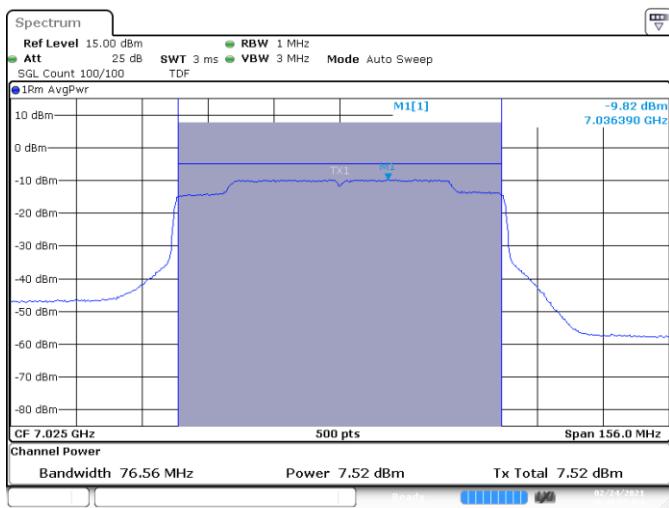
MIMO B-802.11ax-160MHz-Ch143-6665MHz-HE0

**UNII8**

SISO A-802.11ax-20MHz-Ch229-7095MHz-HE0



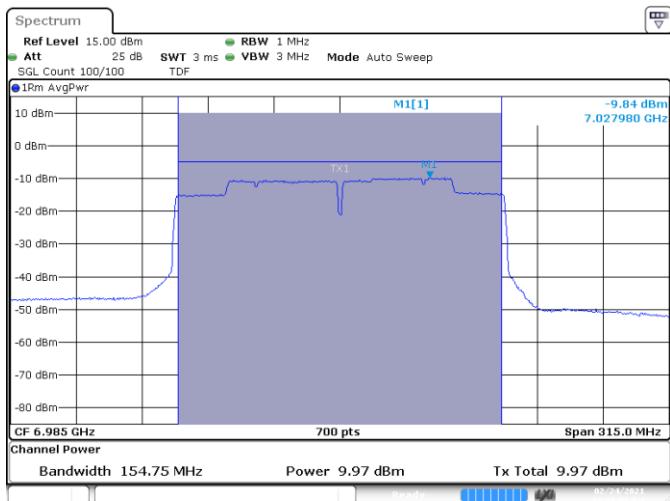
SISO B-802.11ax-40MHz-Ch227-7085MHz-HE0



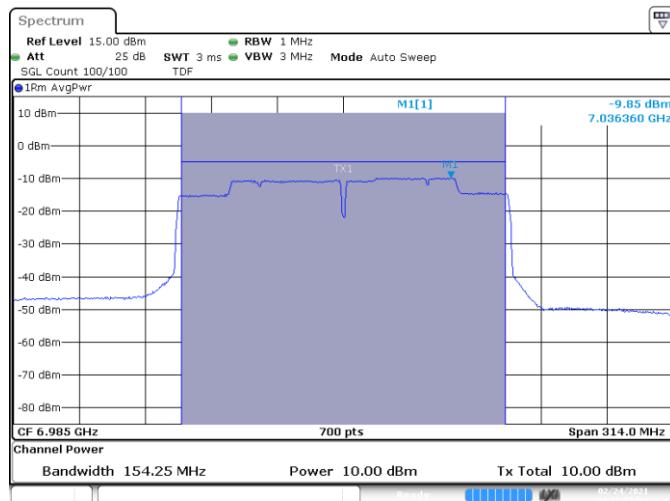
MIMO A-802.11ax-80MHz-Ch215-7025MHz-HE0

MIMO B-802.11ax-80MHz-Ch215-7025MHz-HE0

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MIMO A-802.11ax-160MHz-Ch207-6985MHz-HE0

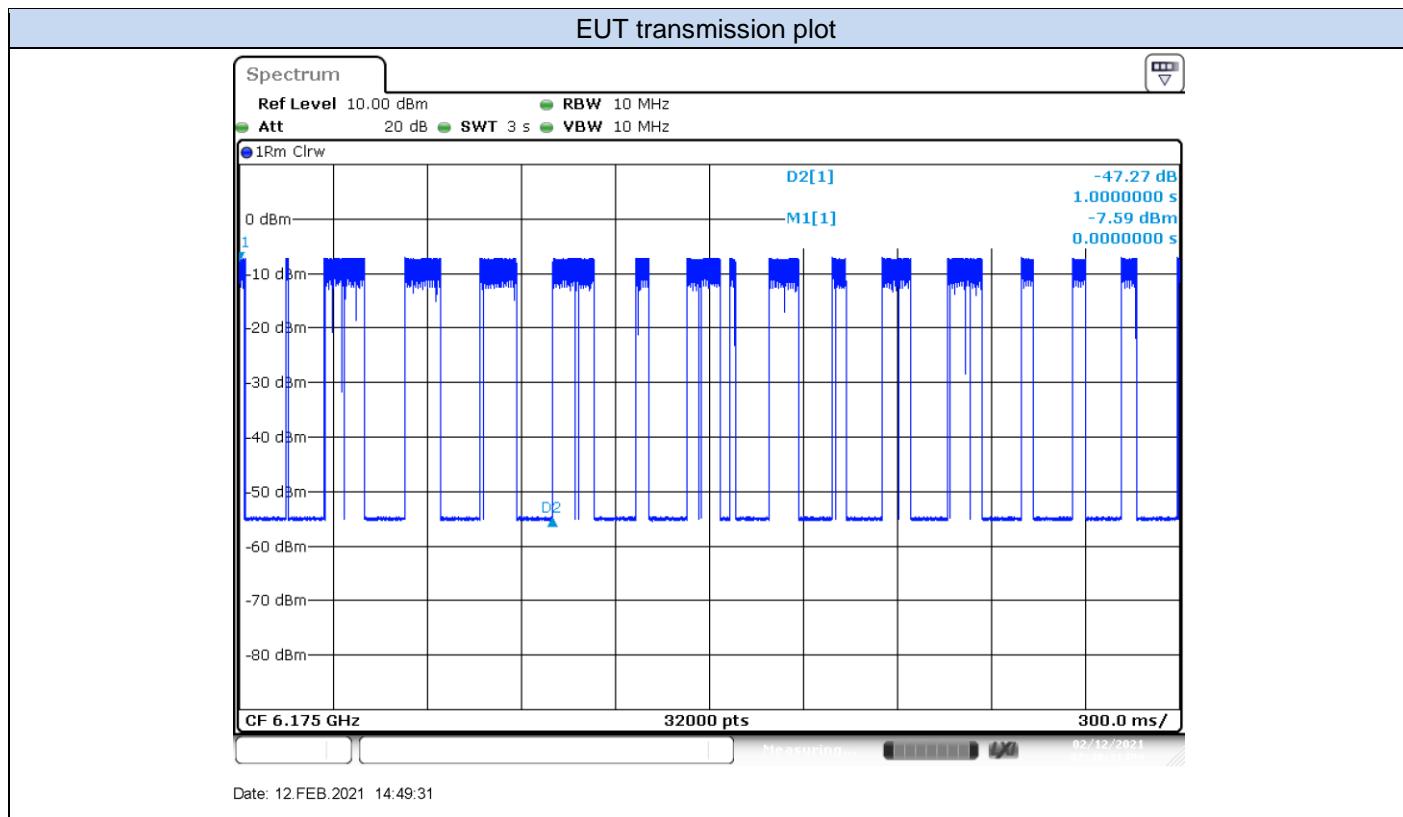


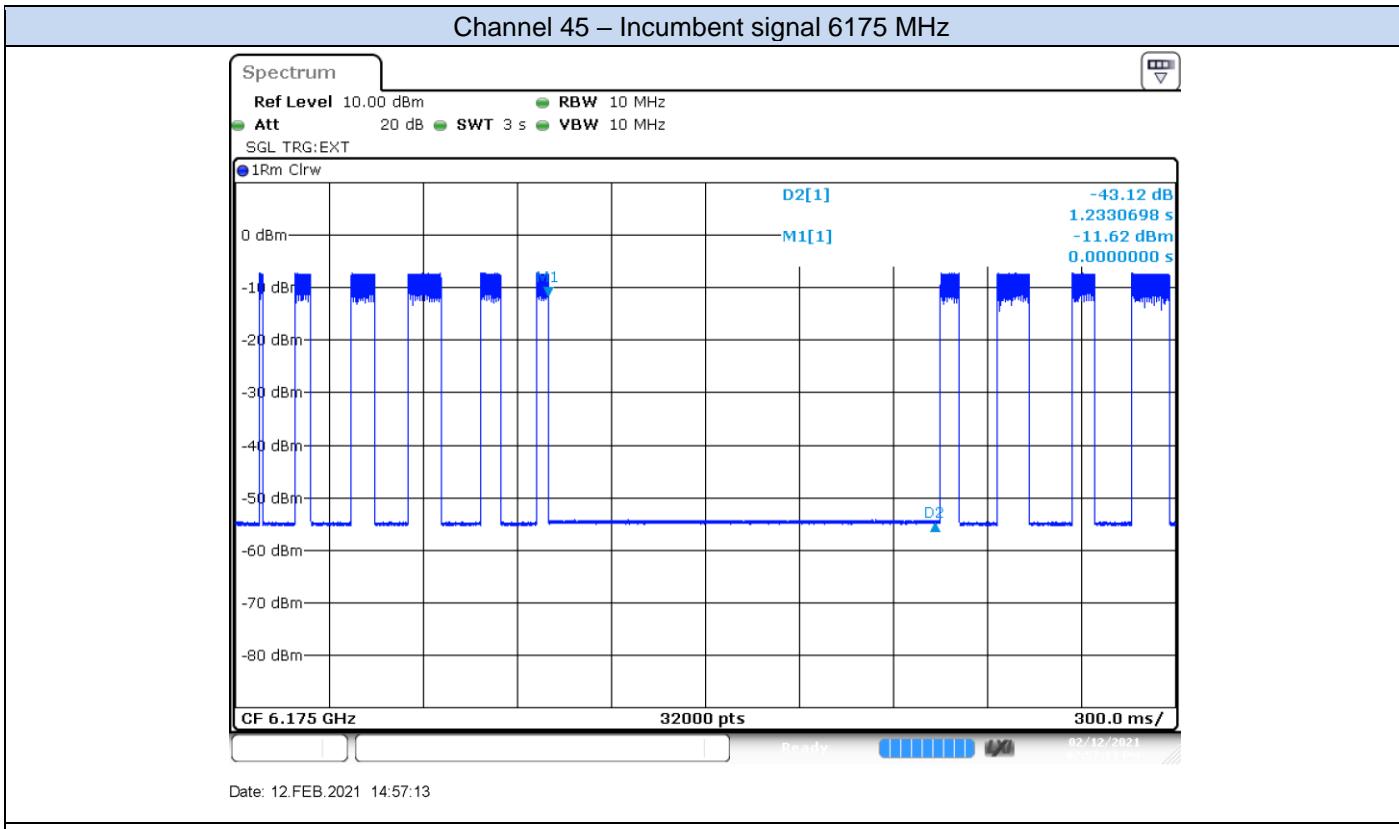
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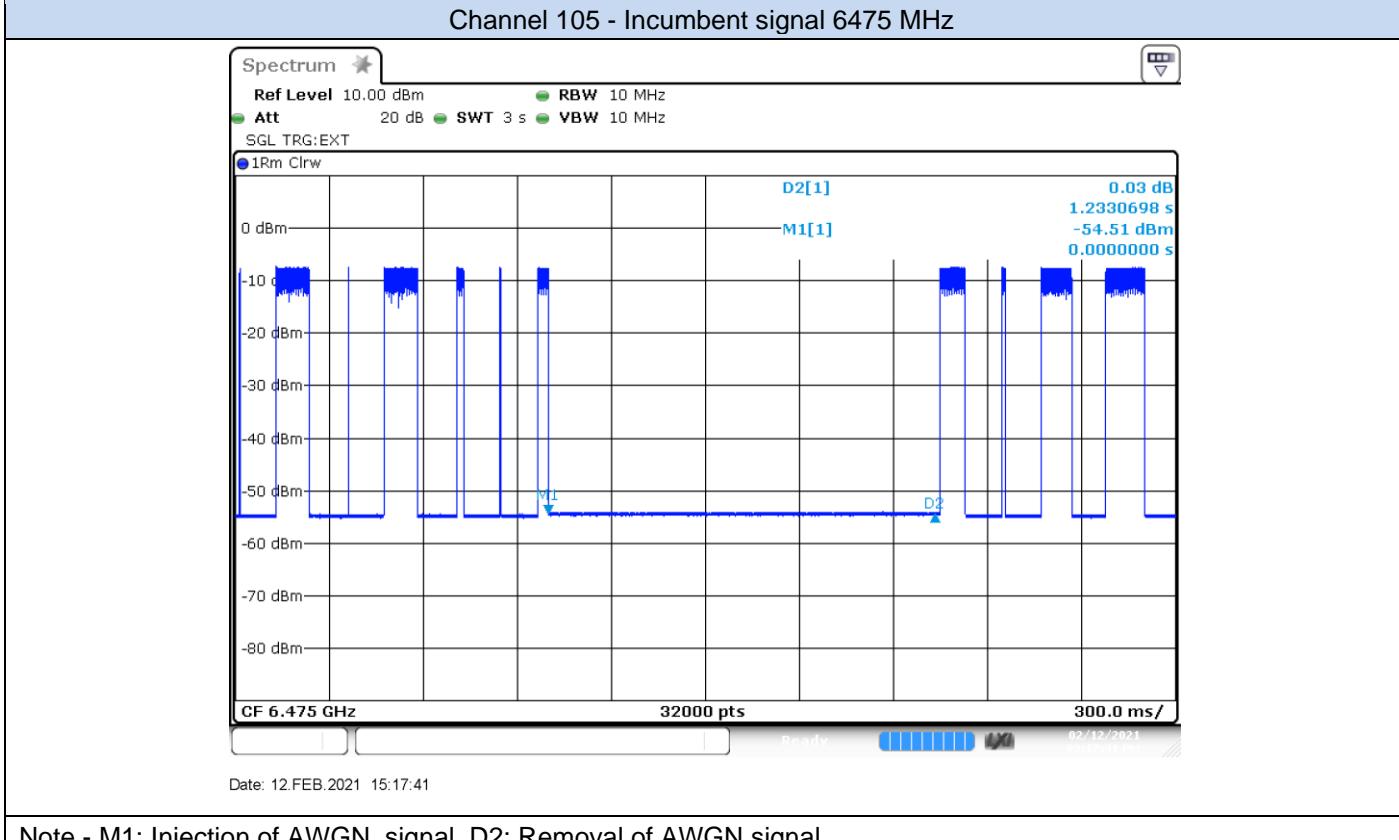


### C.1.4 Contention-based protocol

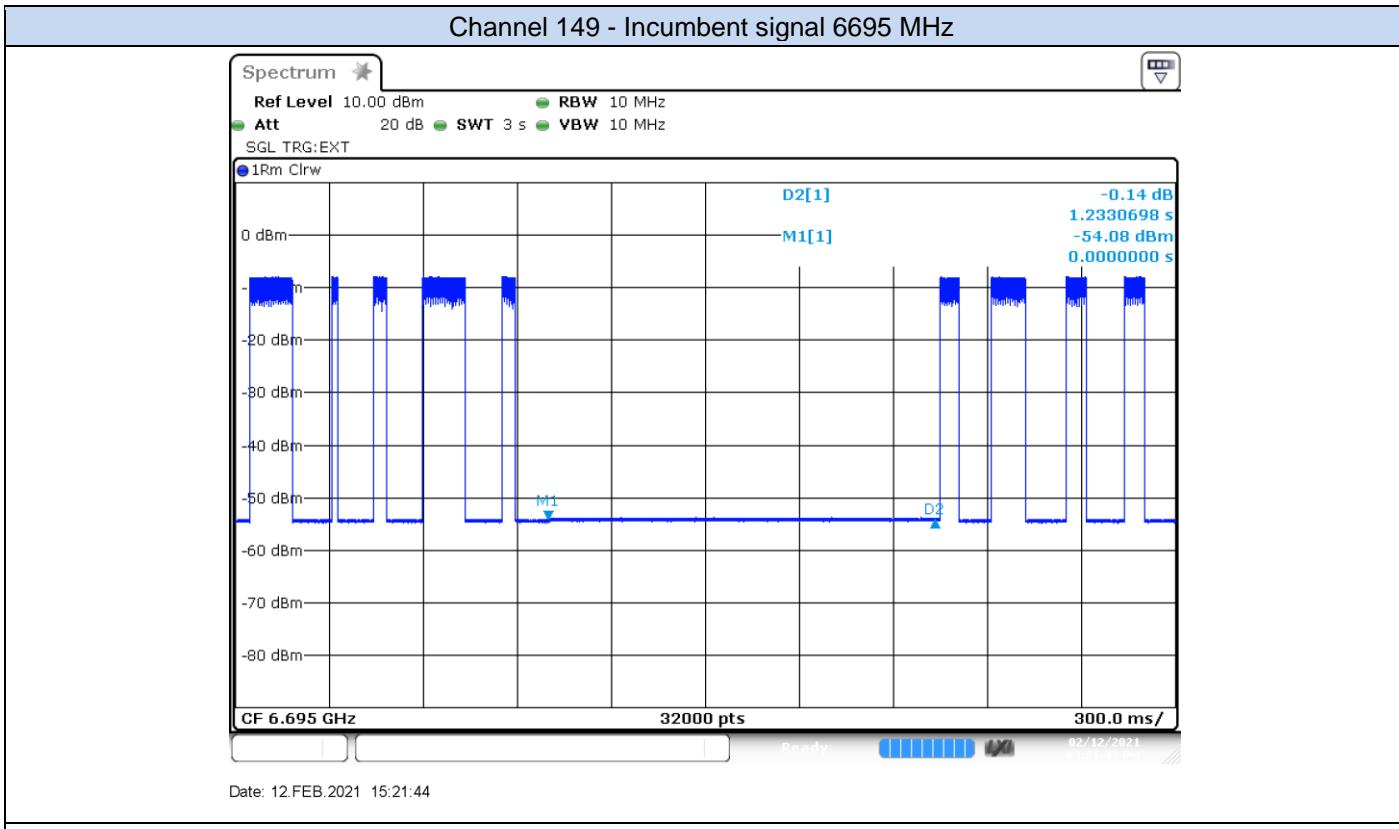




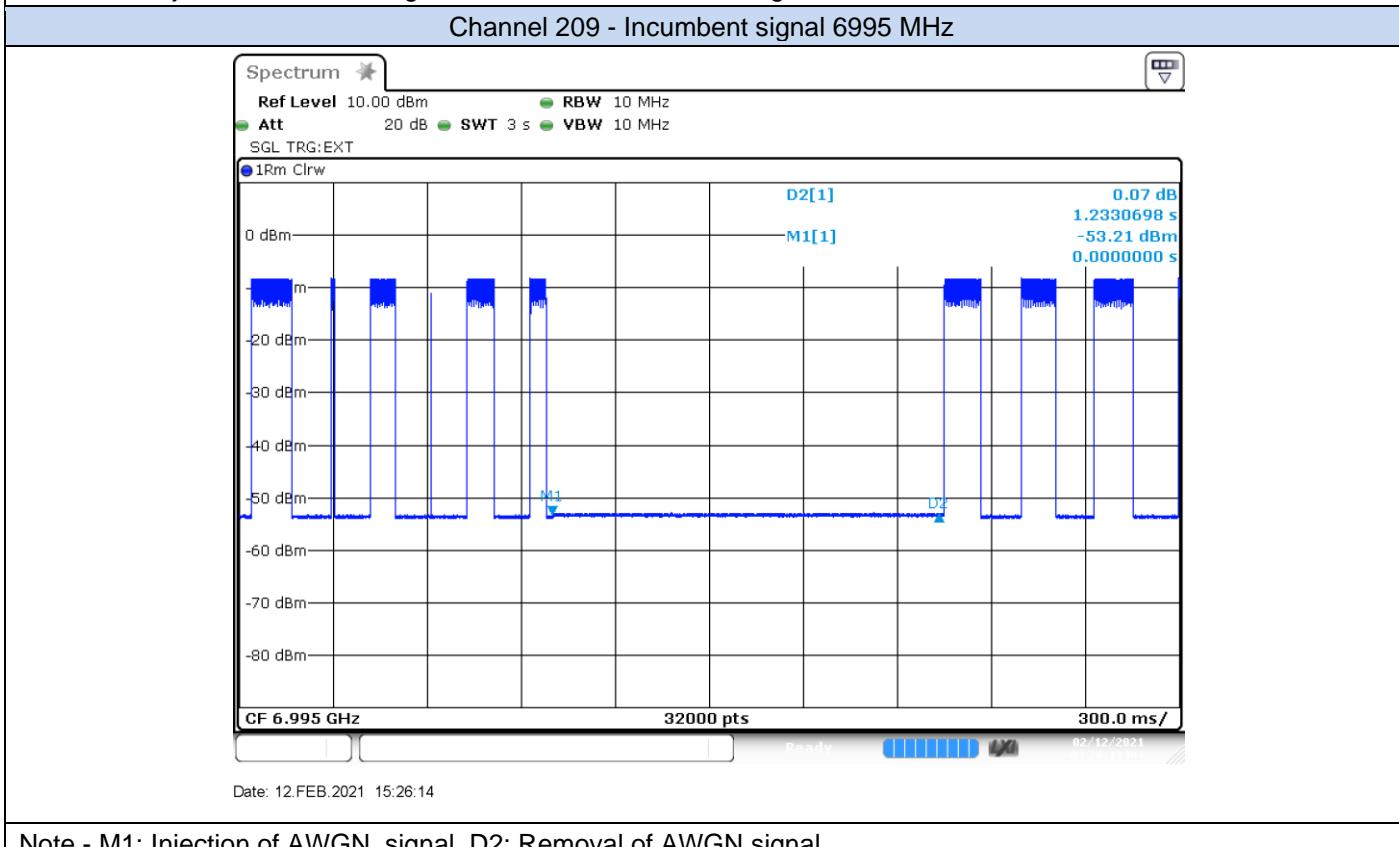
Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal



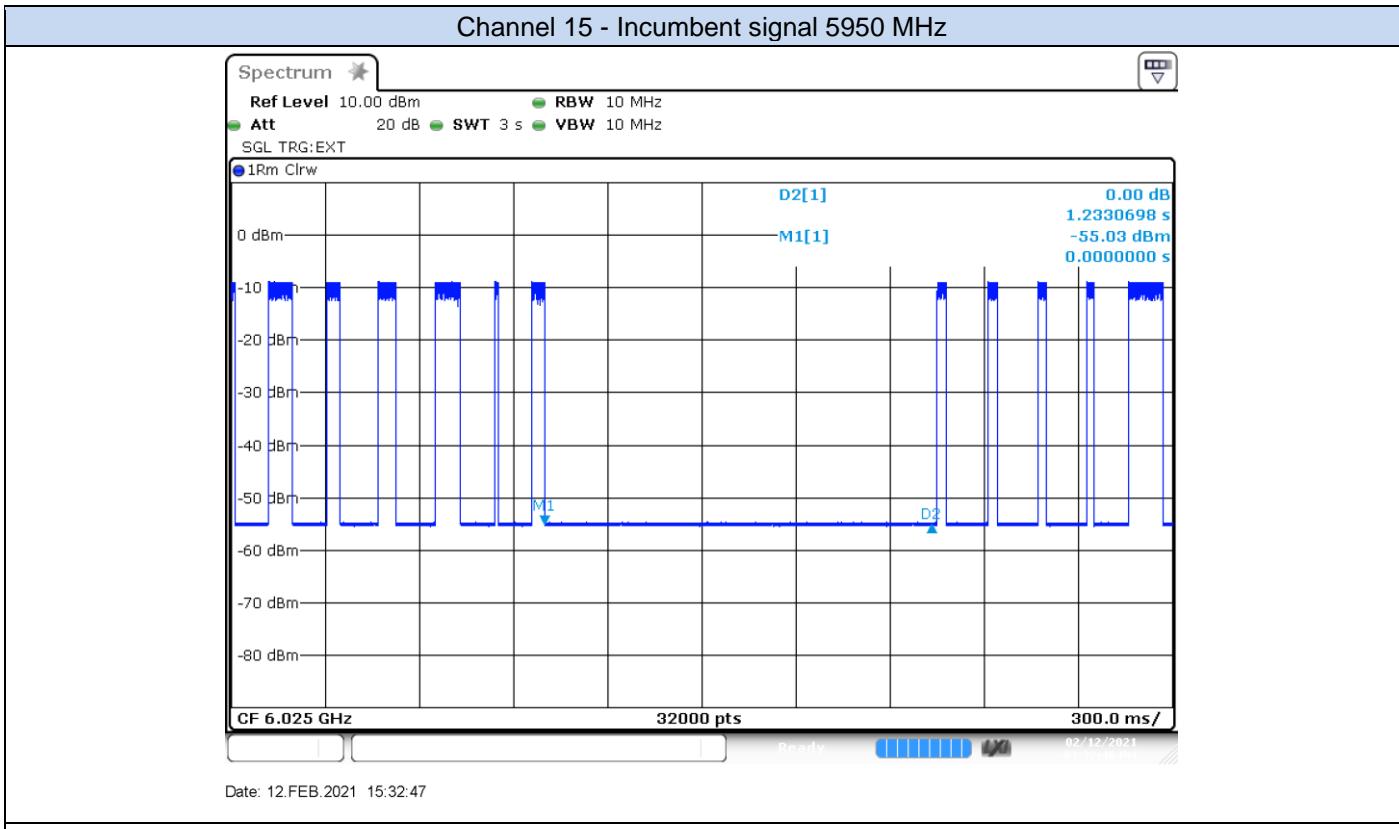
Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal



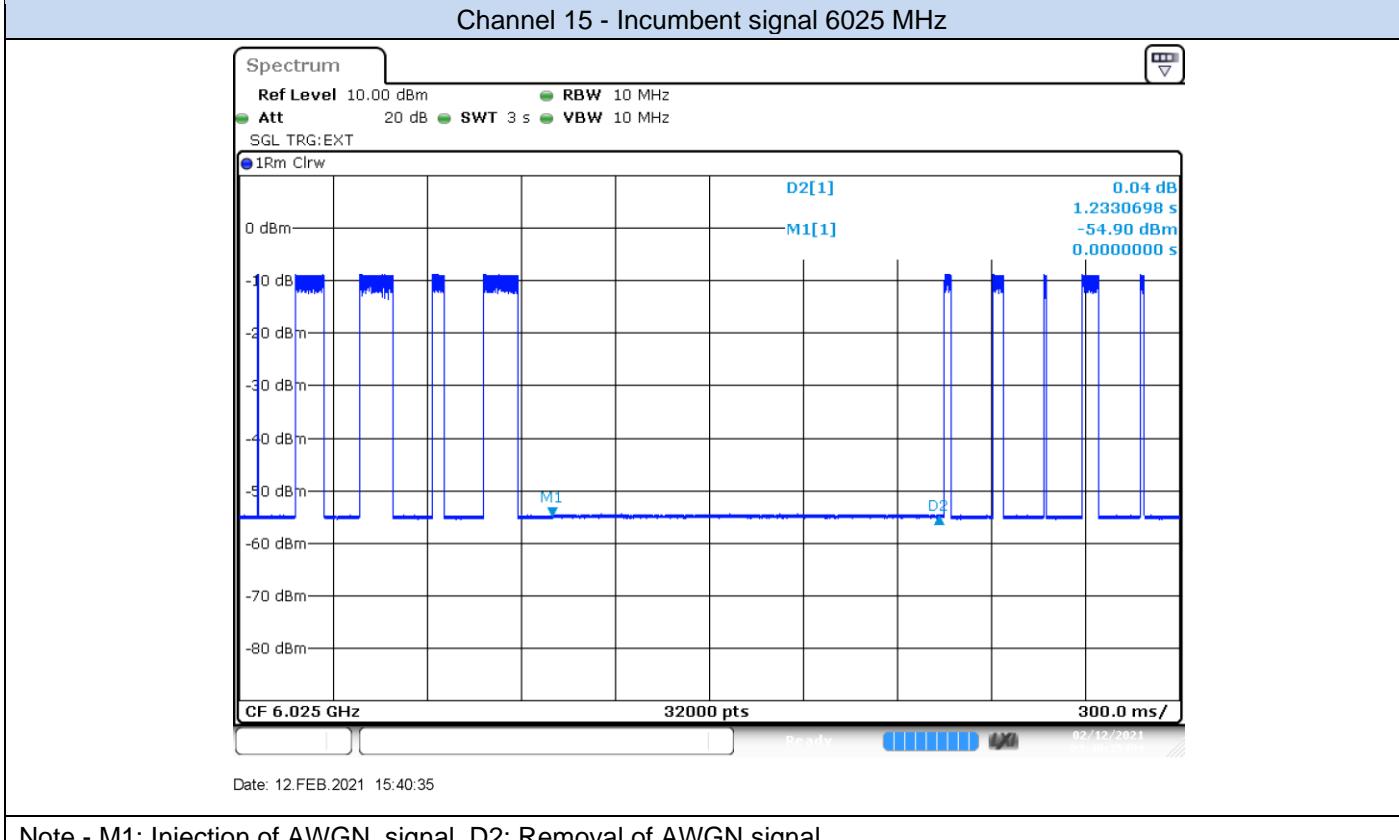
Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal



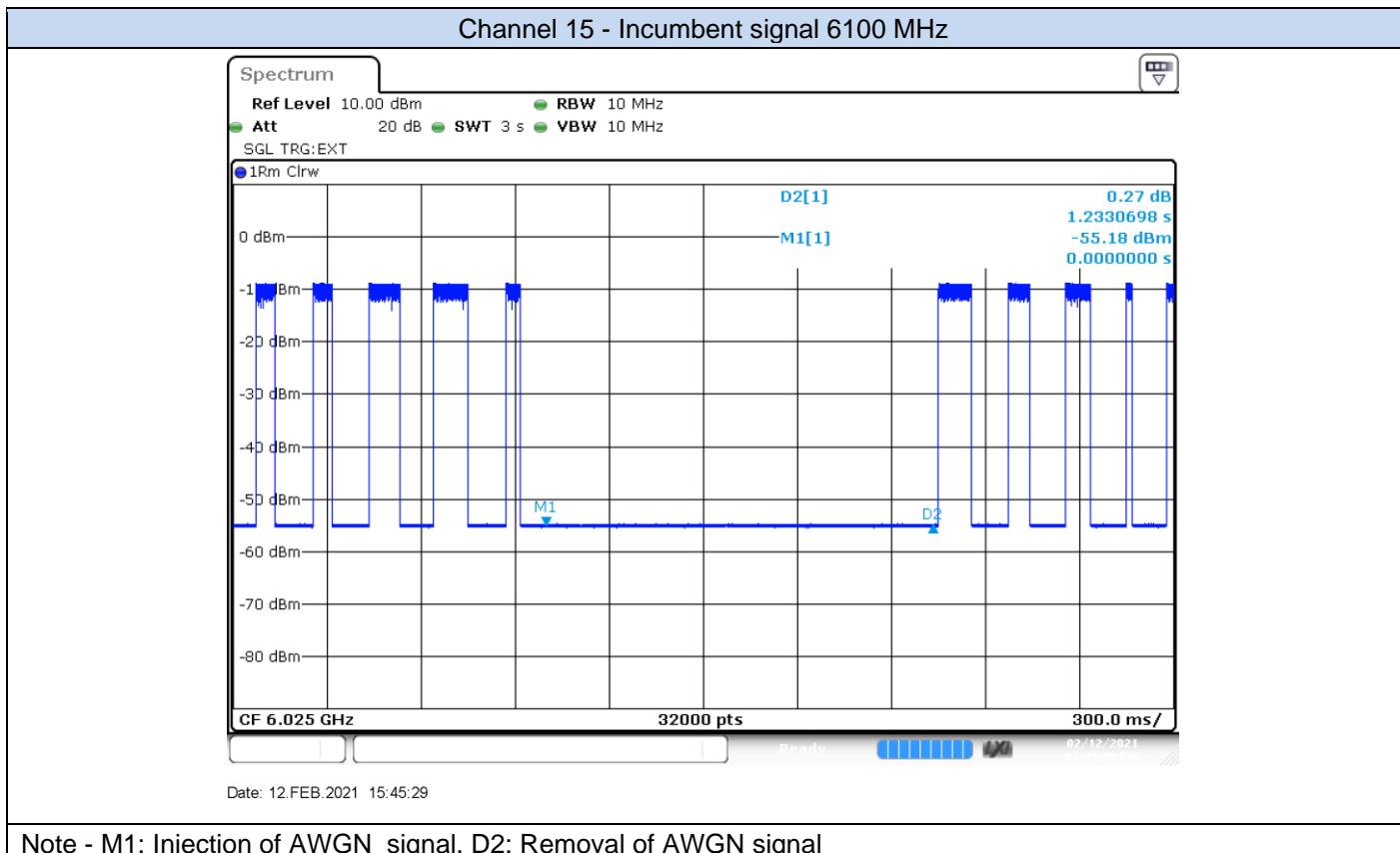
Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal

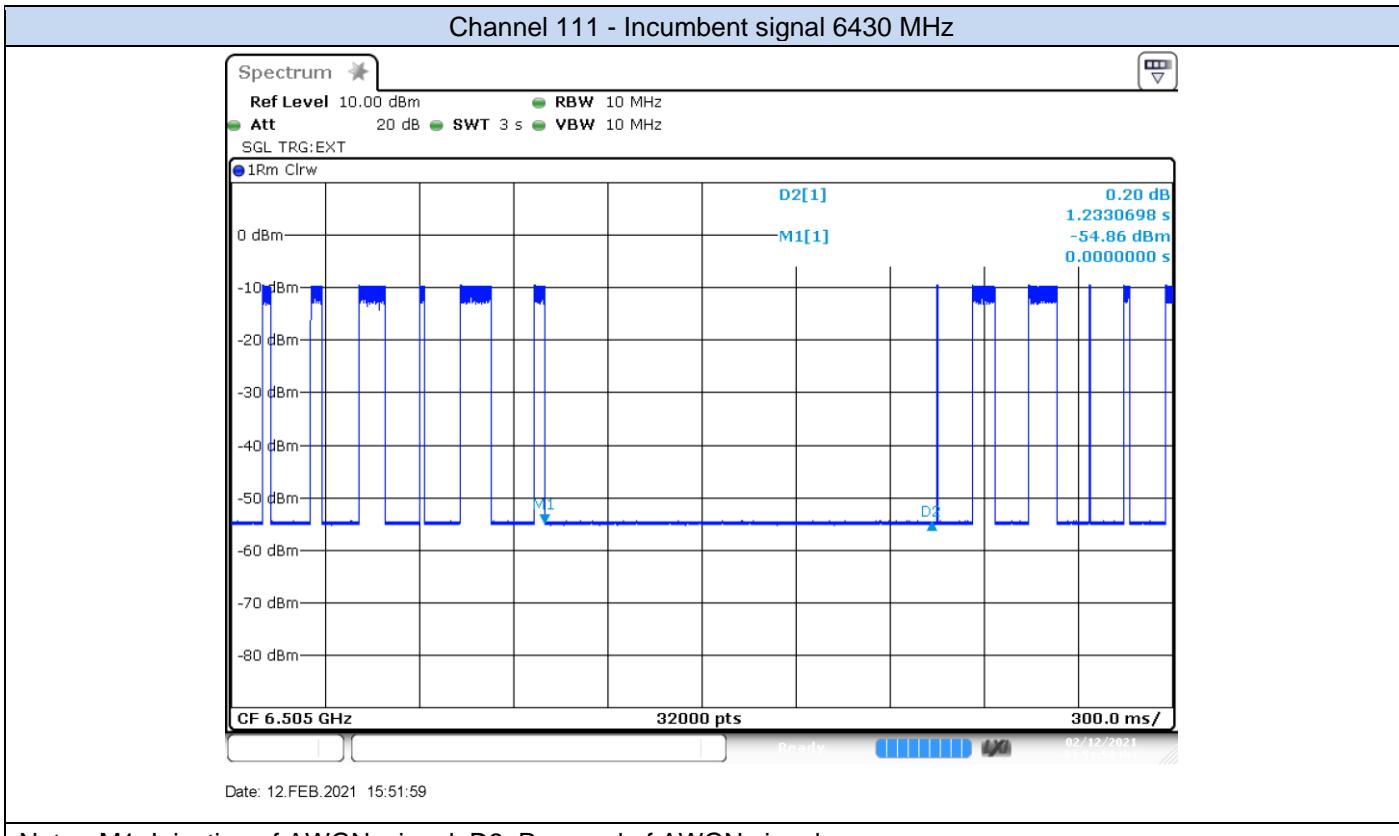


Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal

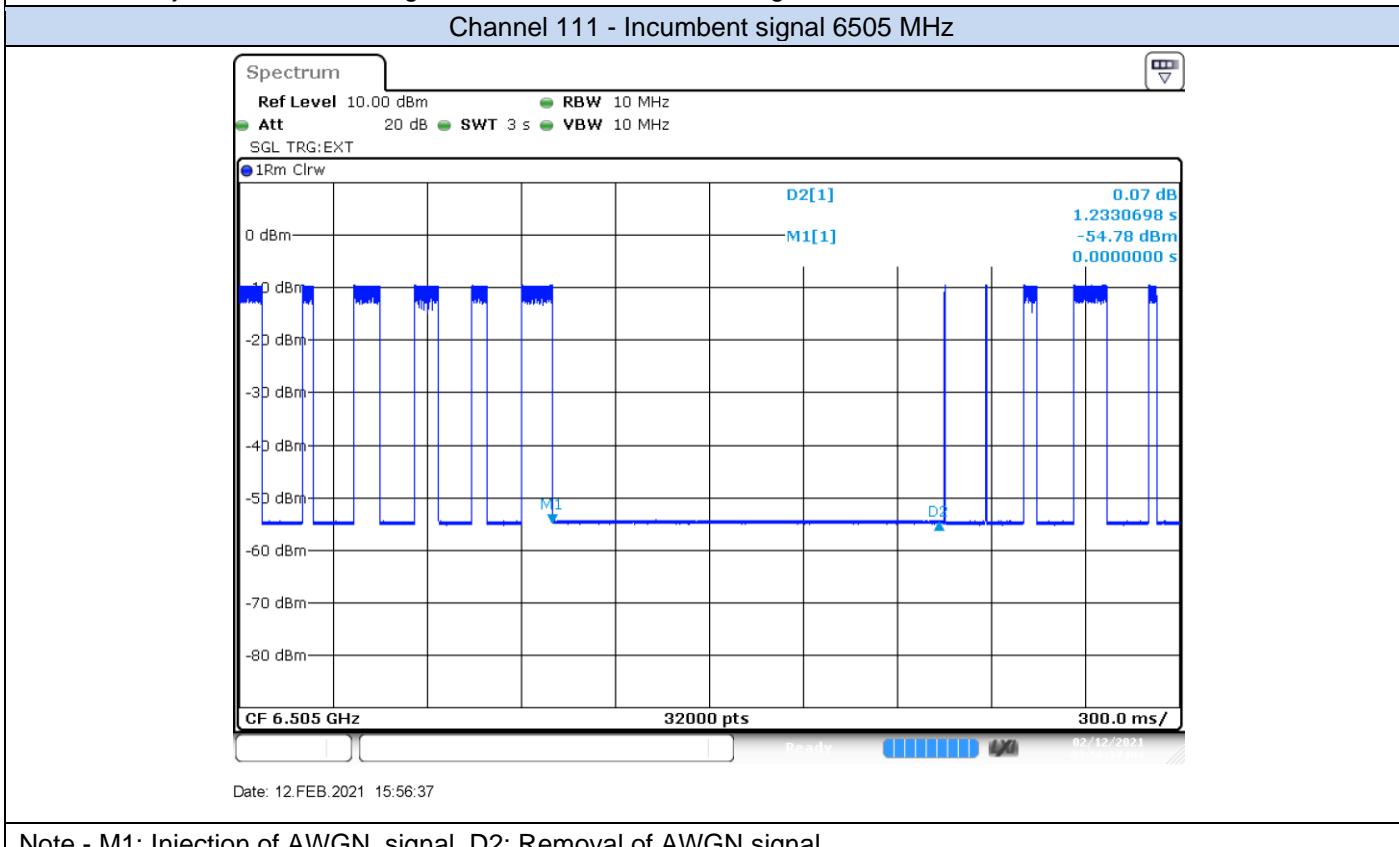


Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal

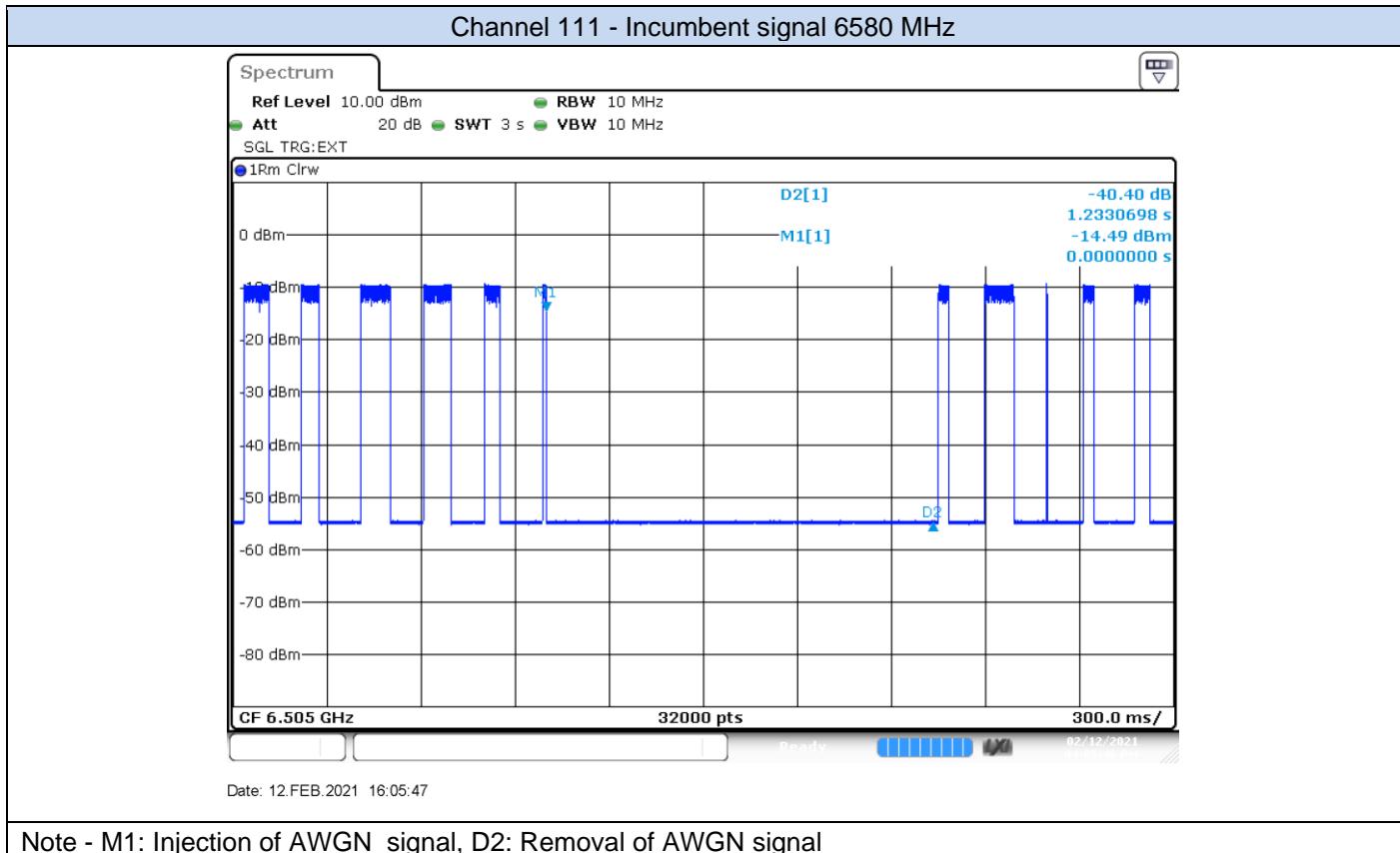


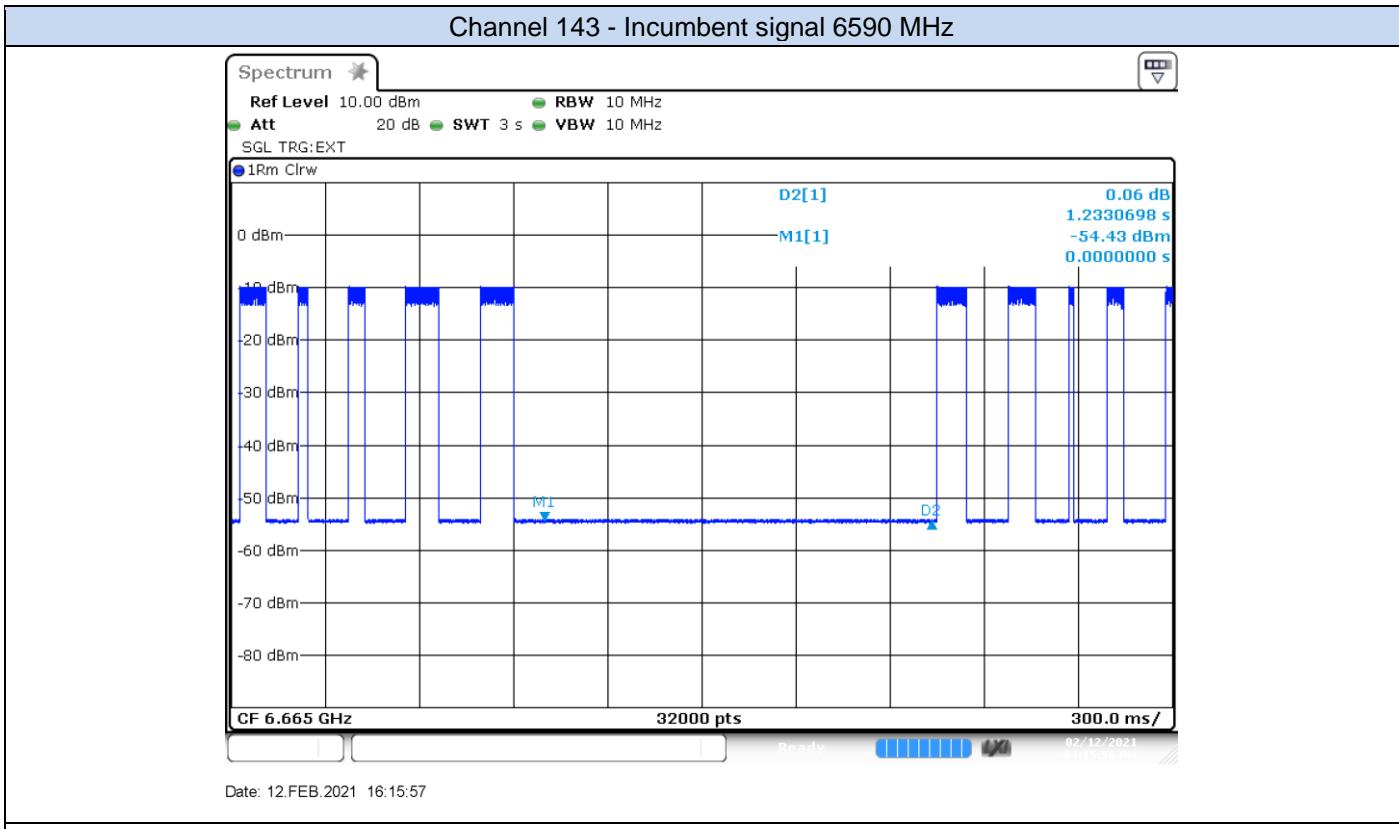


Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal

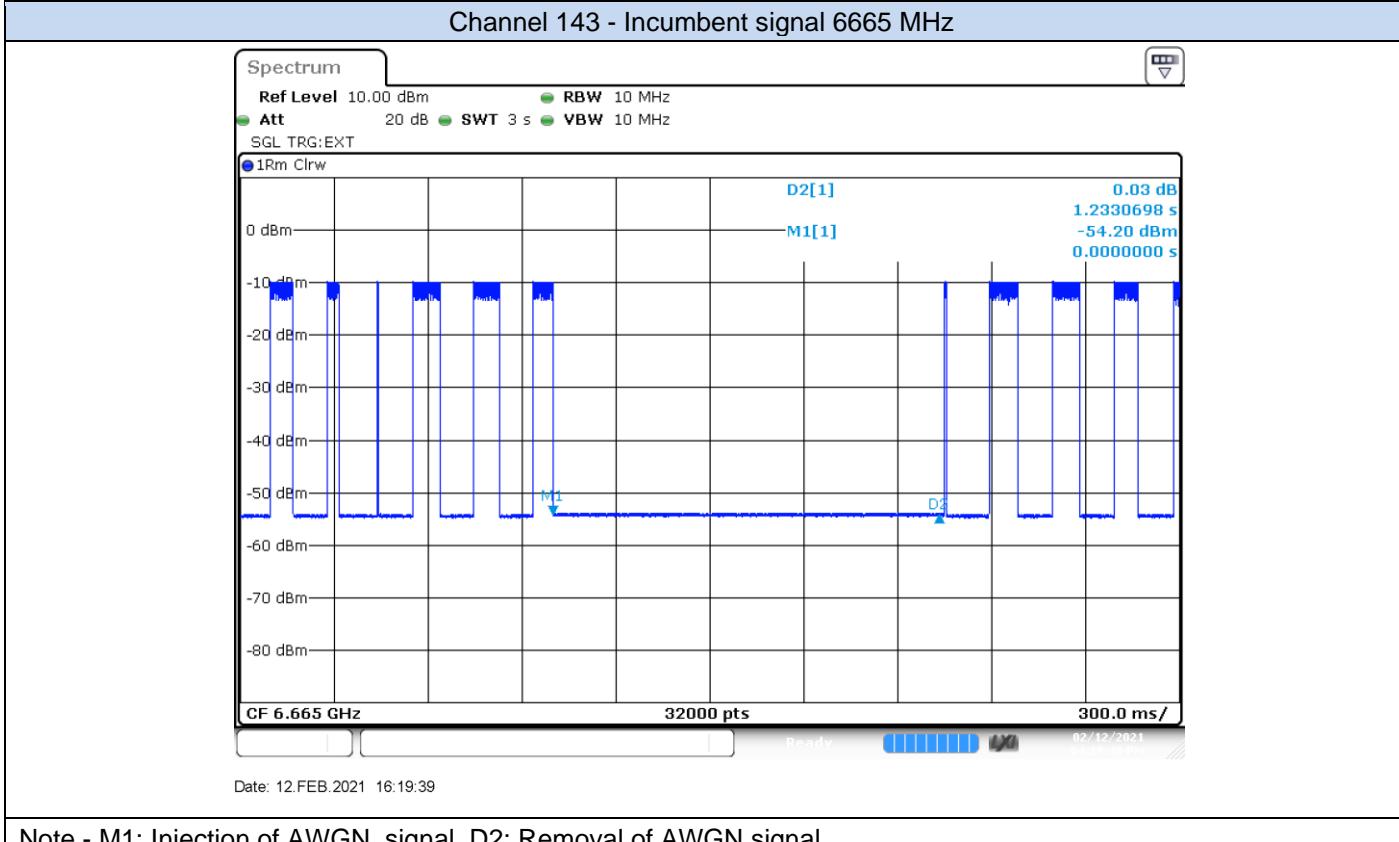


Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal

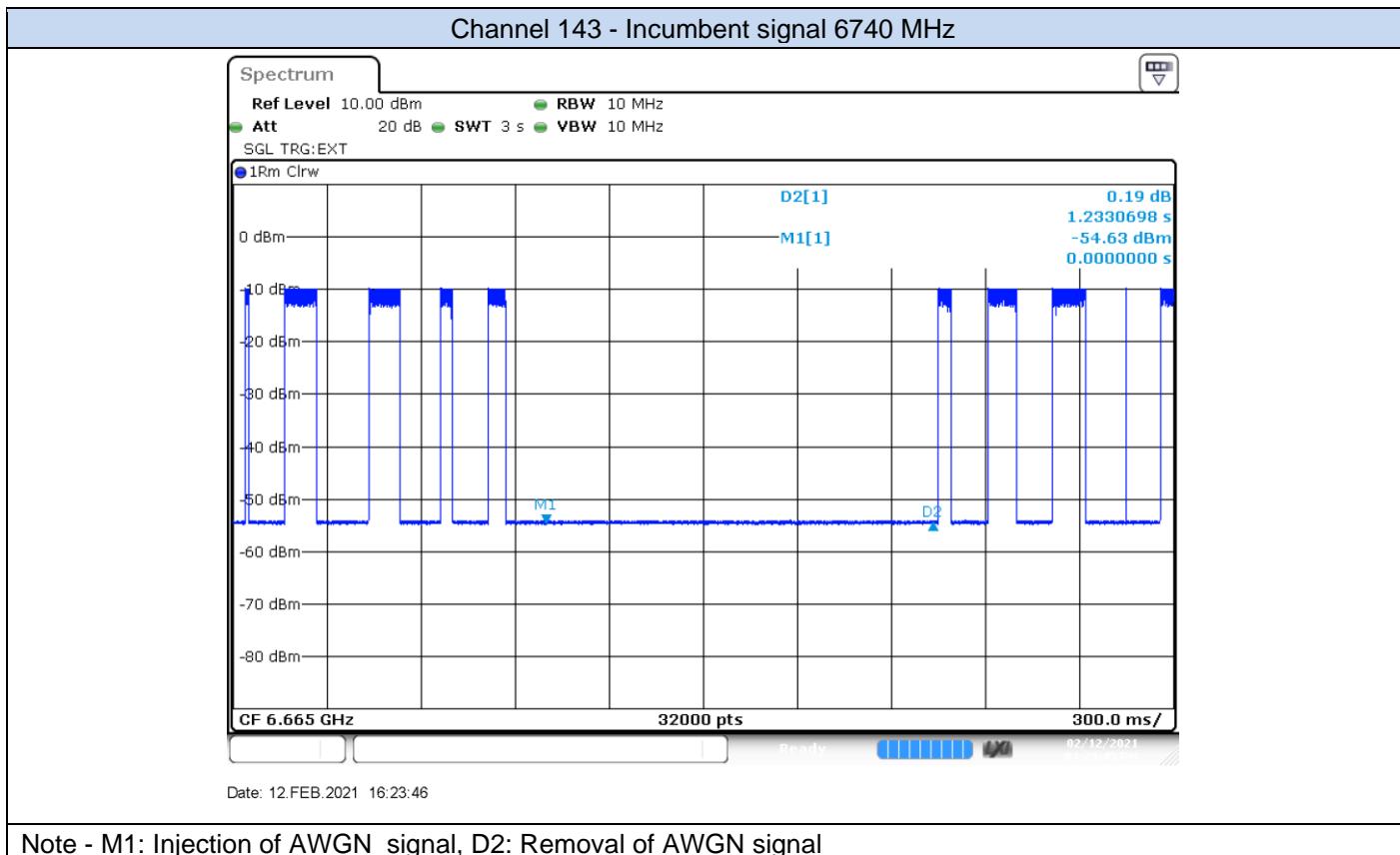


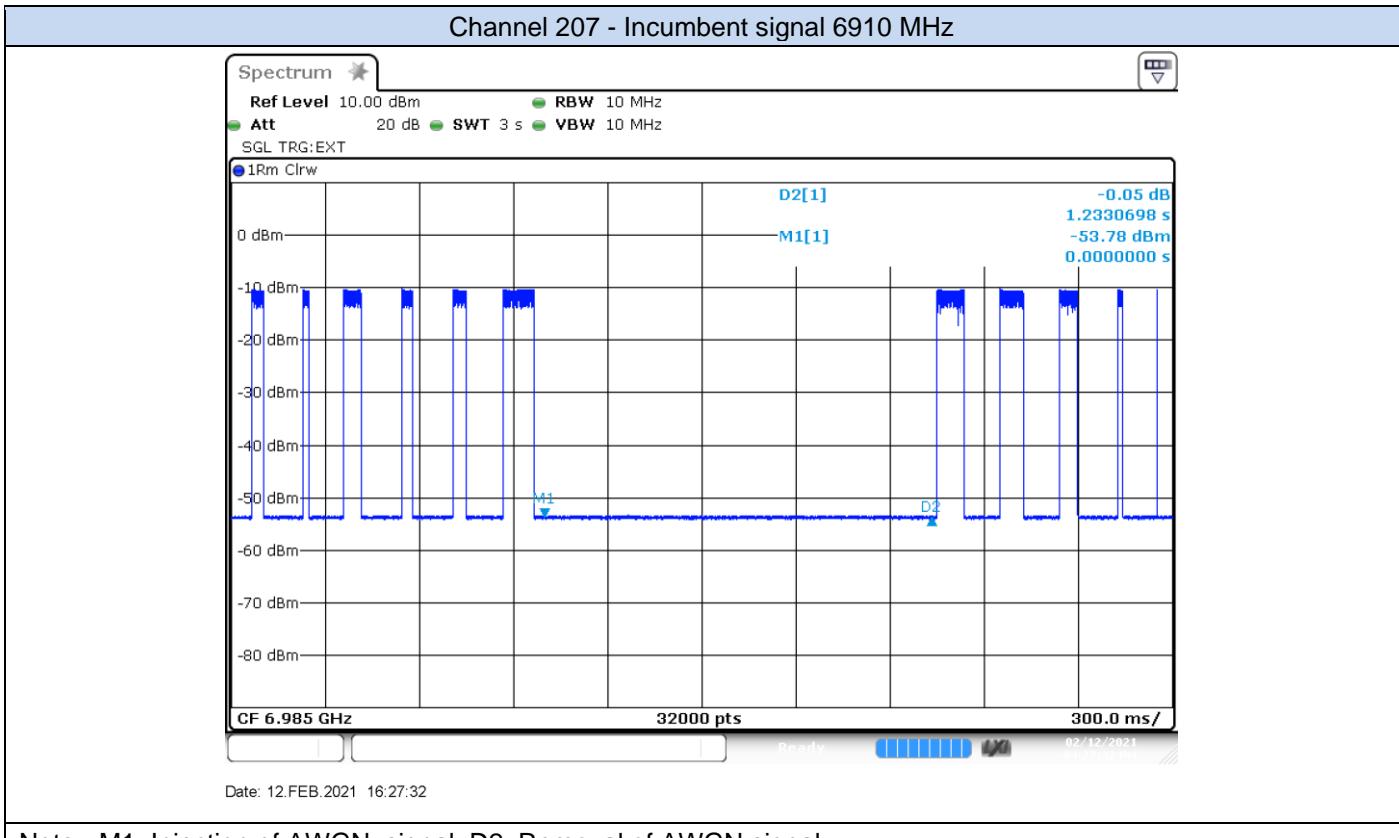


Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal

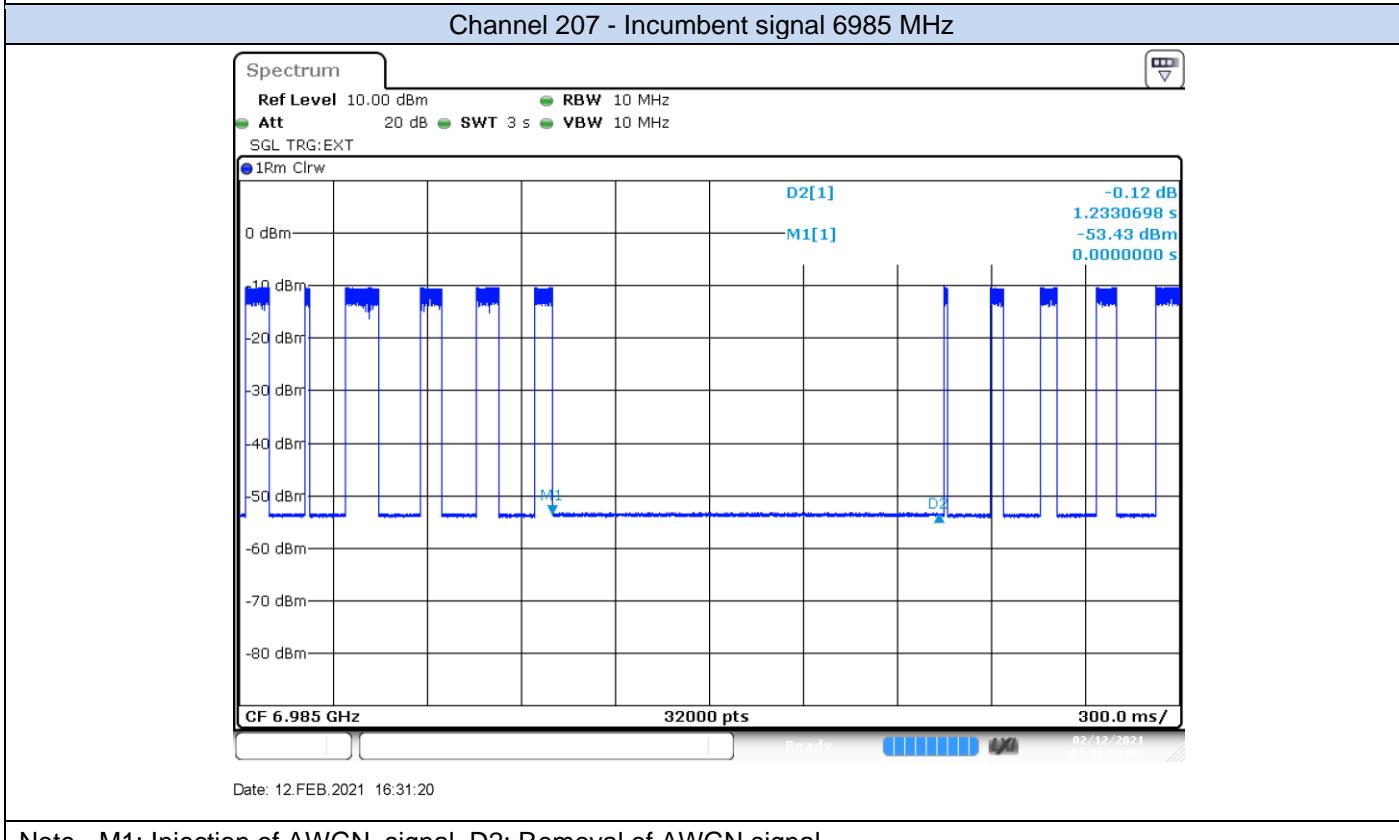


Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal

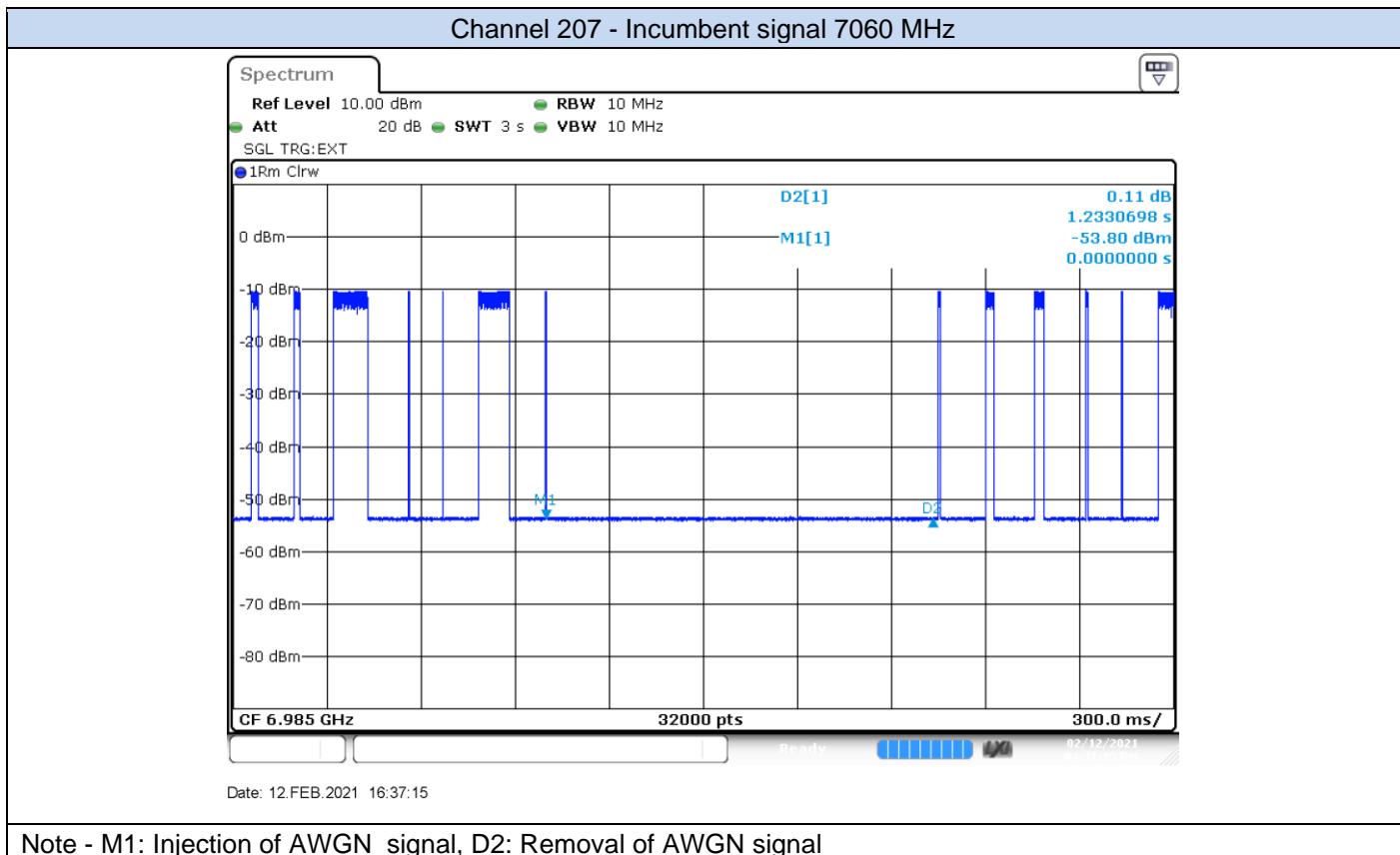




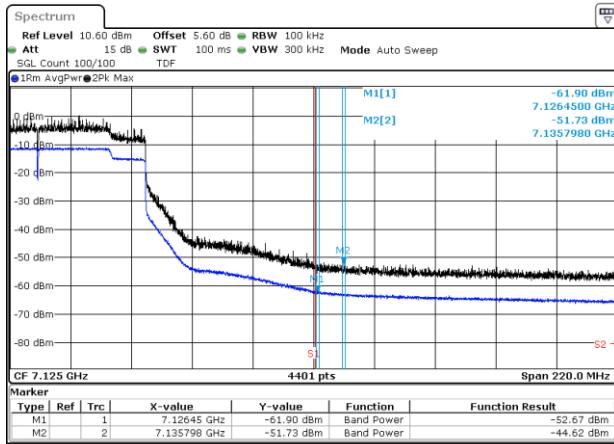
Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal



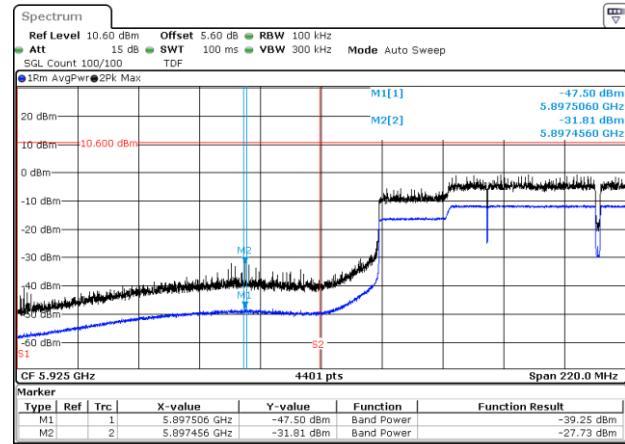
Note - M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal



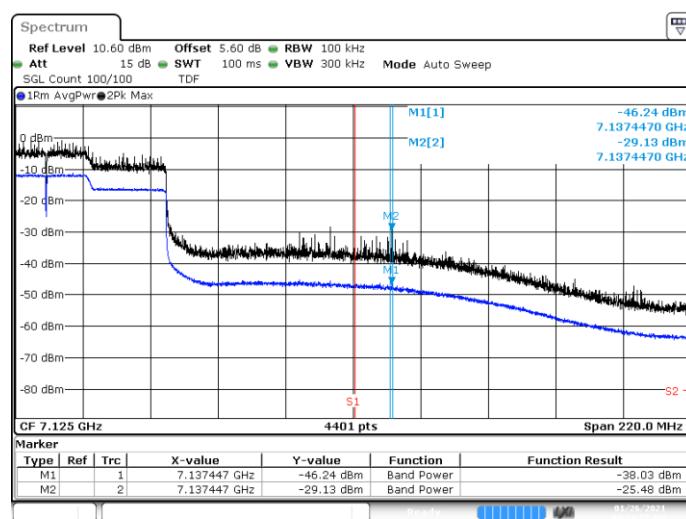




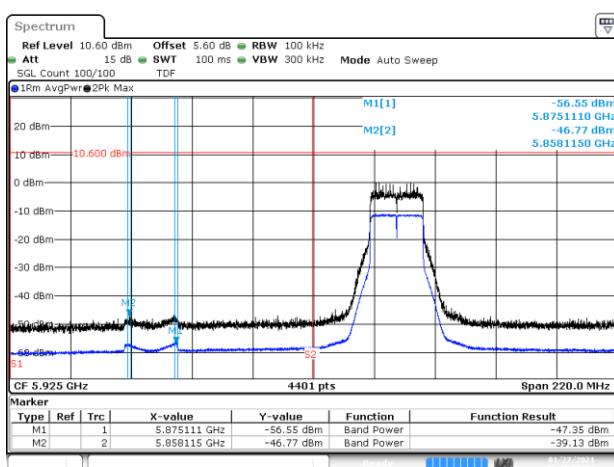
BE-NR-HIGH, SISO-A, 802.11ac80-HE0, Ch215



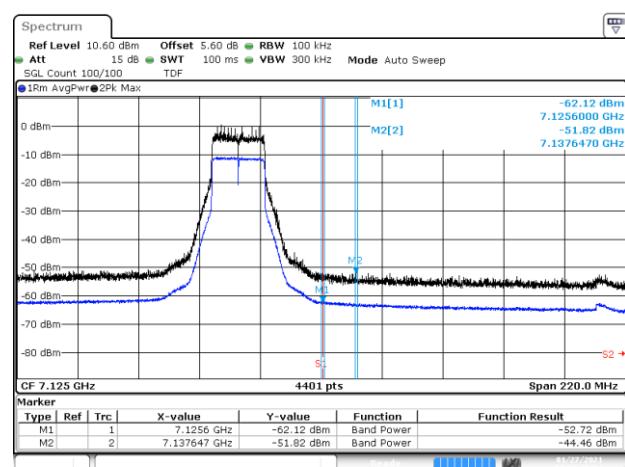
BE-NR-LOW, SISO-A, 802.11ac160-HE0, Ch15



BE-NR-HIGH, SISO-A, 802.11ac160-HE0, Ch207

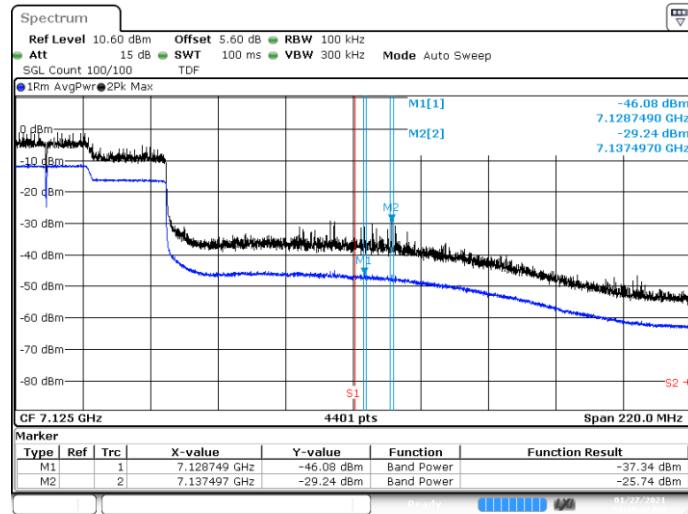


BE-NR-LOW, SISO-B, 802.11ax20-HE0, Ch1

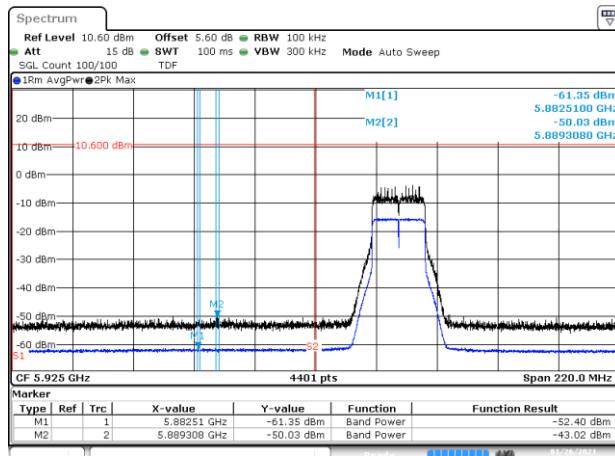


BE-NR-HIGH, SISO-B, 802.11ax20-HE0, Ch229

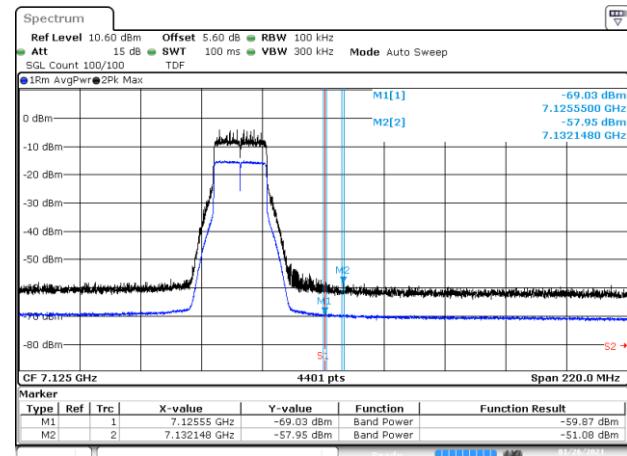




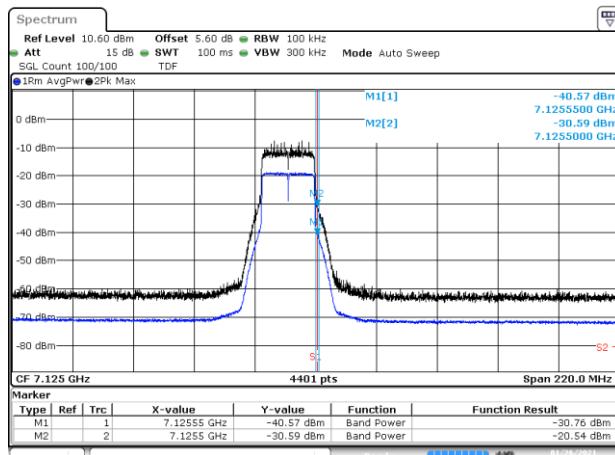
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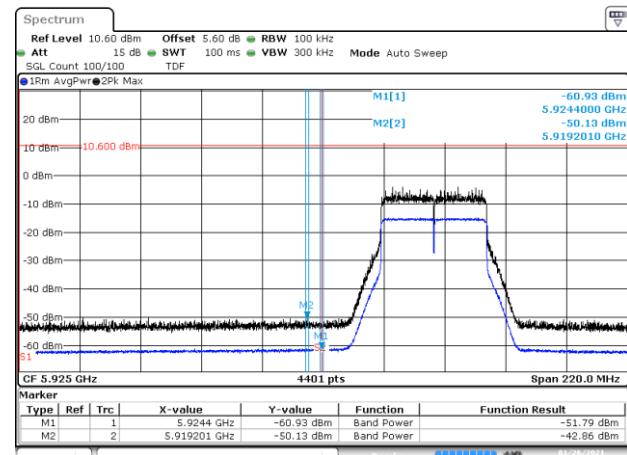
BE-NR-LOW, MIMO-A, 802.11ax20-HE0, Ch1



BE-NR-HIGH, MIMO-A, 802.11ax20-HE0, Ch229

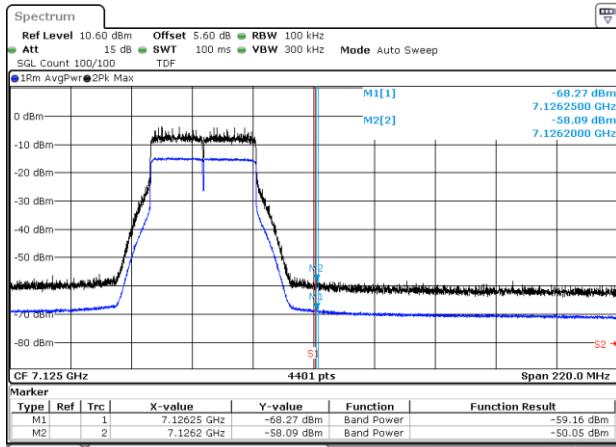


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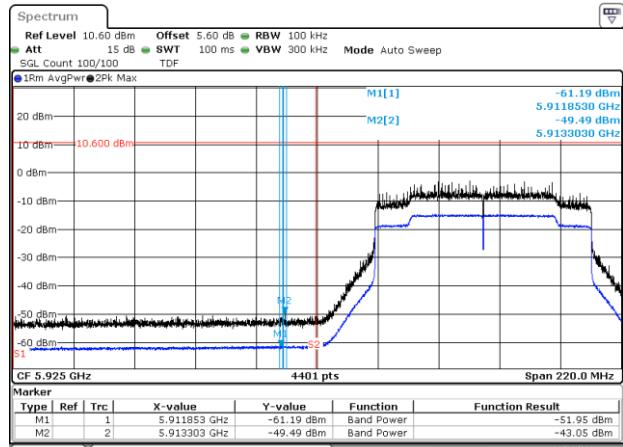


BE-NR-LOW, MIMO-A, 802.11ax40-HE0, Ch3

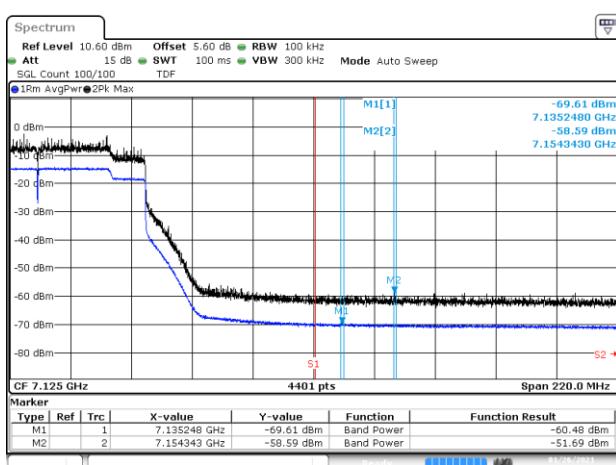
Test Report N° 201218-01.TR38



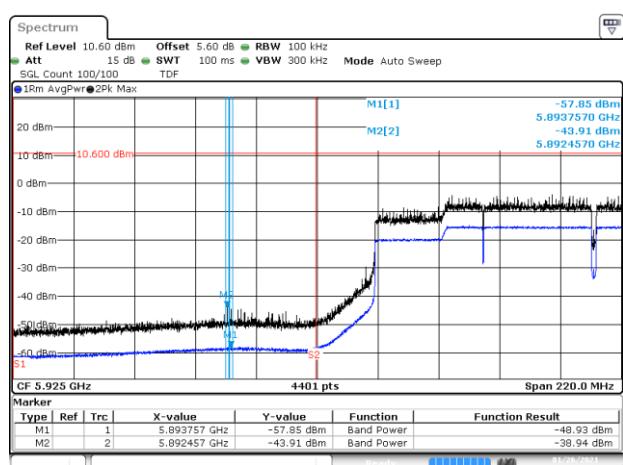
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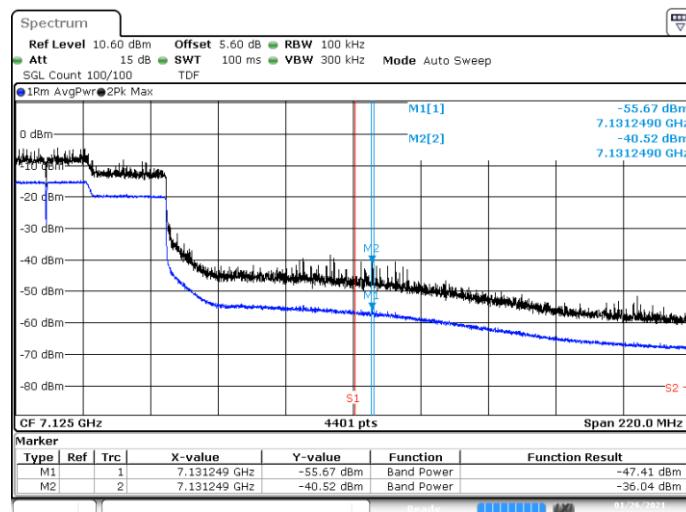
BE-NR-LOW, MIMO-A, 802.11ac80-HE0, Ch7



BE-NR-HIGH, MIMO-A, 802.11ac80-HE0, Ch215



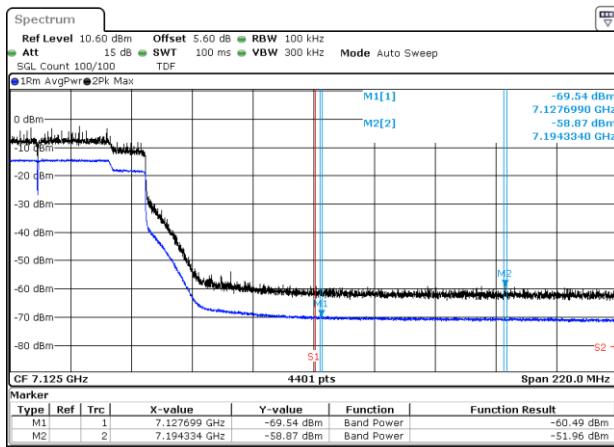
BE-NR-LOW, MIMO-A, 802.11ac160-HE0, Ch15



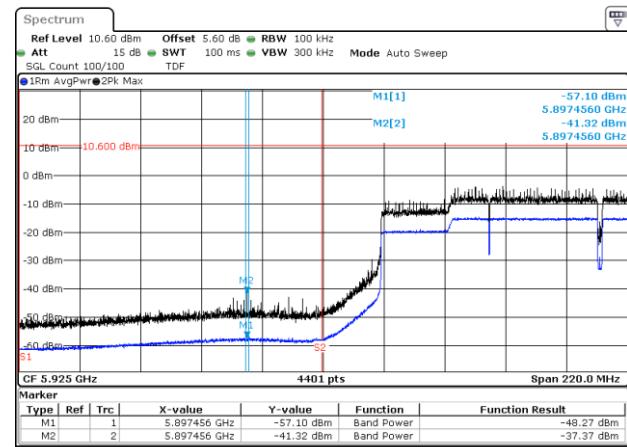
BE-NR-HIGH, MIMO-A, 802.11ac160-HE0, Ch207



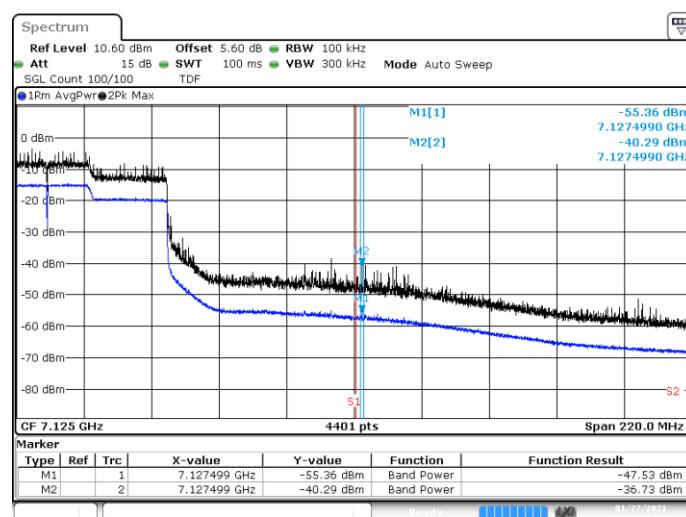
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BE-NR-HIGH, MIMO-B, 802.11ac80-HE0, Ch215



BE-NR-LOW, MIMO-B, 802.11ac160-HE0, Ch15



BE-NR-HIGH, MIMO-B, 802.11ac160-HE0, Ch207