REPORT NO: 09U12755-12 DATE: OCTOBER 14, 2009 FCC ID: BCGA1354 IC: 579C-A1354

#### **10**. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

# **FCC RULES**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	/Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0 3.0–30 30–300 300–1500	614 1842/f 61.4	1.63 4.89/f 0.163	*(100) *(900/f²) 1.0 f/300	6 6 6
1500–100,000			1/300	6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Exp	posure	
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30

f = frequency in MHz

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposured or the potential for exposure or can part exercise control over their exposure.

exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

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# **IC RULES**

IC Safety Code 6, Section 2.2.1 (a) A person other than an RF and microwave exposed worker shall not be exposed to electromagnetic radiation in a frequency band listed in Column 1 of Table 5, if the field strength exceeds the value given in Column 2 or 3 of Table 5, when averaged spatially and over time, or if the power density exceeds the value given in Column 4 of Table 5, when averaged spatially and over time.

Table 5
Exposure Limits for Persons Not Classed As RF and Microwave Exposed Workers (Including the General Public)

1 Frequency (MHz)	2 Electric Field Strength; rms (V/m)	3 Magnetic Field Strength; rms (A/m)	4 Power Density (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	5 Averaging Time (min)
0.003–1	280	2.19		6
1–10	280/f	2.19/ <i>f</i>		6
10–30	28	2.19/f		6
30–300	28	0.073	2*	6
300–1 500	1.585 $f^{0.5}$	0.0042f <sup>0.5</sup>	f/150	6
1 500–15 000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15 000–150 000	61.4	0.163	10	616 000 /f <sup>1.2</sup>
150 000–300 000	0.158f <sup>0.5</sup>	4.21 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> f <sup>0.5</sup>	6.67 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> f	616 000 /f <sup>1.2</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz.

**Notes:** 1. Frequency, f, is in MHz.

2. A power density of 10 W/m<sup>2</sup> is equivalent to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

 A magnetic field strength of 1 A/m corresponds to 1.257 microtesla (μT) or 12.57 milligauss (mG). REPORT NO: 09U12755-12 DATE: OCTOBER 14, 2009 FCC ID: BCGA1354 IC: 579C-A1354

#### **EQUATIONS**

Power density is given by:

$$S = EIRP / (4 * Pi * D^2)$$

where

 $S = Power density in W/m^2$ 

EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power in W

D = Separation distance in m

Power density in units of W/m<sup>2</sup> is converted to units of mWc/m<sup>2</sup> by dividing by 10.

Distance is given by:

where

D = Separation distance in m

EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power in W

 $S = Power density in W/m^2$ 

For multiple colocated transmitters operating simultaneously in frequency bands where the limit is identical, the total power density is calculated using the total EIRP obtained by summing the Power \* Gain product (in linear units) of each transmitter.

Total EIRP = 
$$(P1 * G1) + (P2 * G2) + ... + (Pn * Pn)$$

where

Px = Power of transmitter x

Gx = Numeric gain of antenna x

In the table(s) below, Power and Gain are entered in units of dBm and dBi respectively and conversions to linear forms are used for the calculations.

### **LIMITS**

From FCC §1.1310 Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

From IC Safety Code 6, Section 2.2 Table 5 Column 4, S = 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>

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# **RESULTS**

Mode	Band	MPE	Output	Antenna	FCC Power	IC Power
		Distance	Power	Gain	Density	Density
		(cm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/cm^2)	(W/m^2)
WLAN, 11a (2 chains)	5.2 GHz	20.0	14.16	5.79	0.02	0.20
WLAN, 11a (3 chains)	5.2 GHz	20.0	13.07	7.37	0.02	0.22
WLAN, 11n HT20 (2 chains)	5.2 GHz	20.0	15.78	5.69	0.03	0.28
WLAN, 11n HT20 (3 chains)	5.2 GHz	20.0	13.32	5.69	0.02	0.16
WLAN, 11n HT40 (2 chains)	5.2 GHz	20.0	16.97	5.69	0.04	0.37
WLAN, 11n HT40 (3 chains)	5.2 GHz	20.0	13.74	5.69	0.02	0.17

### Notes:

Antenna Gain for 11a is the combined antenna gain for multiple chains. Antenna gain for HT20 and HT40 is the maximum antenna gain of multiple chains. Output power is the combined output power for multiple chains.